

# Service Manual

## and Technical Guide

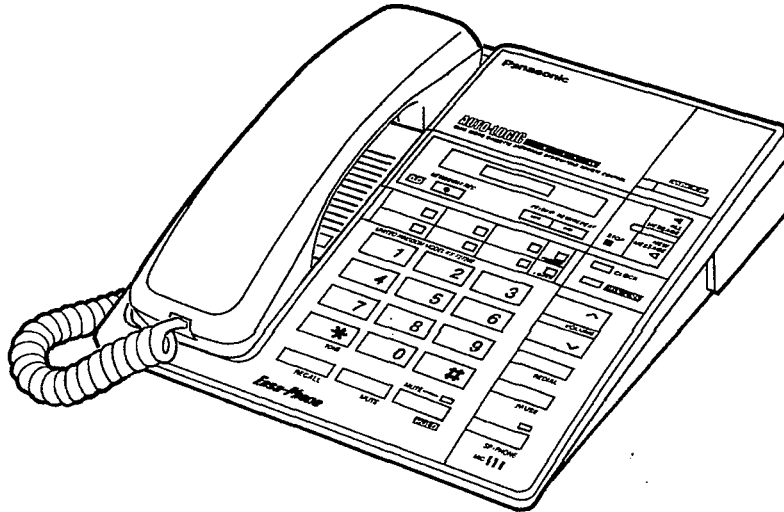
Telephone Equipment

# KX-T2726E

(for United Kingdom)

### Easa-Phone

INTEGRATED TELEPHONE  
ANSWERING SYSTEM



#### ■ SPECIFICATIONS

##### General:

Power Source: AC; AC adaptor (Part No. KX-A11BEXE)  
Power Output: 350 mW (max.)  
Speaker: Unit; 6.5 cm (2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" ) PM dynamic  
Handset; 2.6 cm (1<sup>3</sup>/<sub>16</sub>" ) PM magnetic type  
Microphone: Condenser microphone  
Jacks: BT TEL Jack, DC IN Jack  
Dimensions: 7<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" × 9<sup>7</sup>/<sub>16</sub>" × 2<sup>27</sup>/<sub>32</sub>"  
[197(W) × 240(D) × 72(H)mm]  
Weight: 2.535 lbs (1.15 kg)  
(with handset)

##### Telephone Section:

Memory Capacity: There are 6 Direct Call buttons, each Direct Call button consists of Upper and Lower memory locations. Each location (upper and lower) is capable of storing 16 digits.  
Dial Speed: Tone (DTMF)/Pulse (10 pps)  
Redial: —When using the handset, the unit redials the last dialed number once.  
—When using the SP-PHONE button, the unit redials the last dialed number up to 3 times if the line is busy (Automatic redial).  
Pause: Two automatic dial tone detectors

##### Tape Deck Section:

Greeting Message (OGM): Micro Cassette (MC-10)  
(First greeting)  
Recording time is 30 seconds.  
(Second greeting)  
Recording time is 2 minutes  
45 seconds.  
Incoming message (ICM): Micro Cassette (MC-30)  
Selectable recording times  
(VOX/1 MIN/GREETING ONLY)  
2.4 cm/s  
0.65 % (WRMS)  
Motor: Electrical governor motor

Design and specifications are subject to change without notice.

# Panasonic

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**⚠ WARNING**

This service information is designed for experienced repair technicians only and is not designed for use by the general public. It does not contain warnings or cautions to advise non-technical individuals of potential dangers in attempting to service a product. Products powered by electricity should be serviced or repaired only by experienced professional technicians. Any attempt to service or repair the product or products dealt with in this service information by anyone else could result in serious injury or death.

When you mention the serial number, while down the 11 digits. The serial number may be found on the label affixed to the bottom of the unit.

**FOR SERVICE TECHNICIANS**

**ICs and LSIs are vulnerable to static electricity.**

**When replacing, the following precautions will help prevent recurring malfunctions.**

- 1) Cover the plastic parts boxes with aluminum foil.
- 2) Ground the soldering irons.
- 3) Use a conductive mat on the workable.
- 4) Do not grasp IC or pins with bare fingers.

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# LOCATION OF CONTROLS

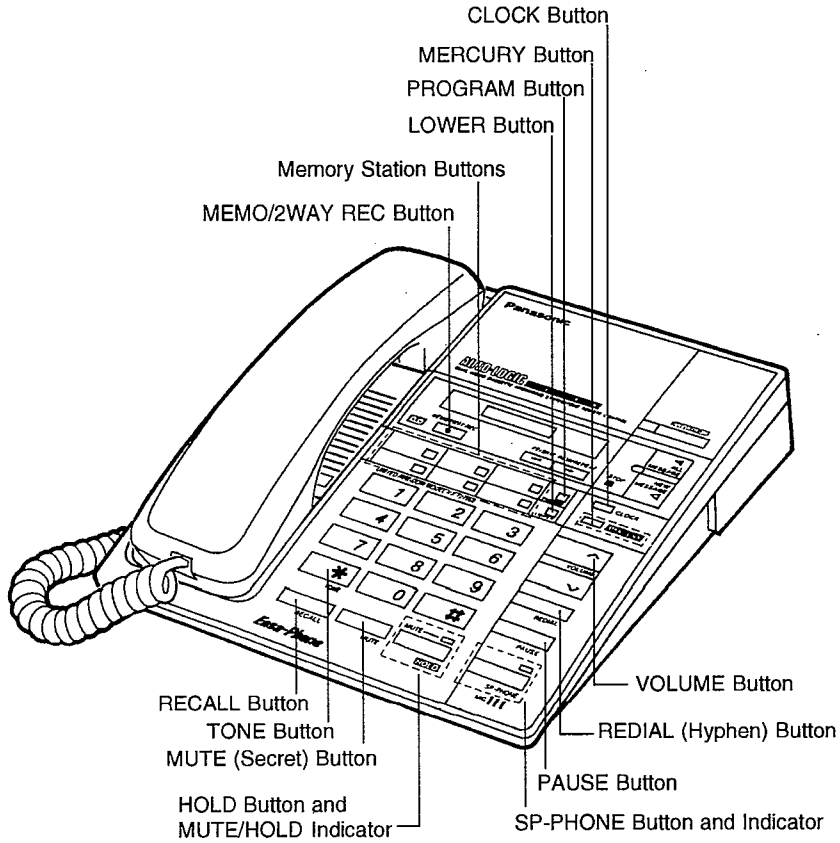


Fig. 1

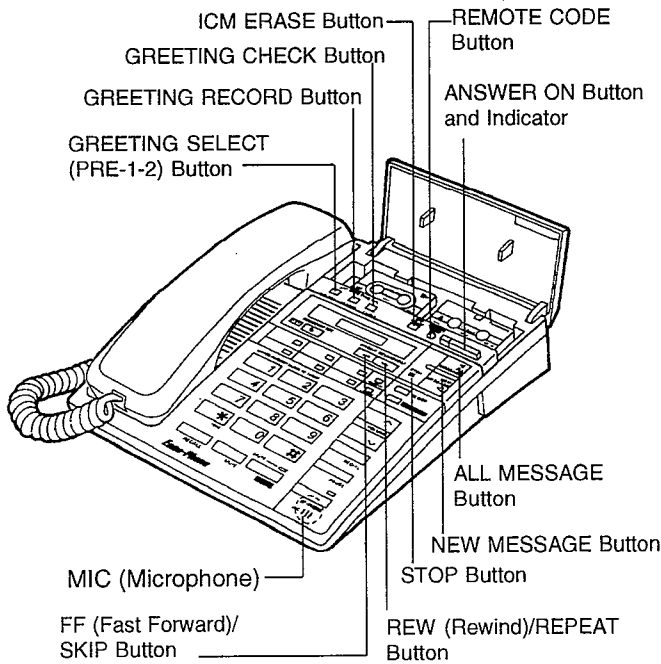


Fig. 2

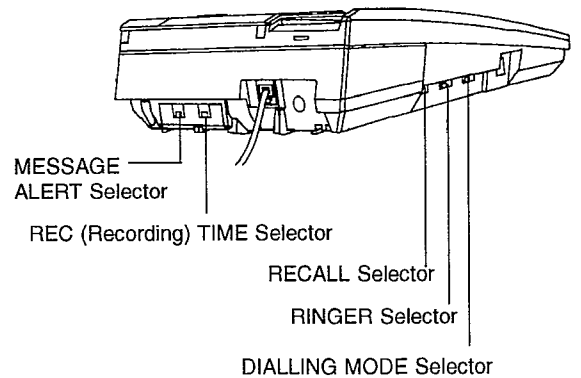
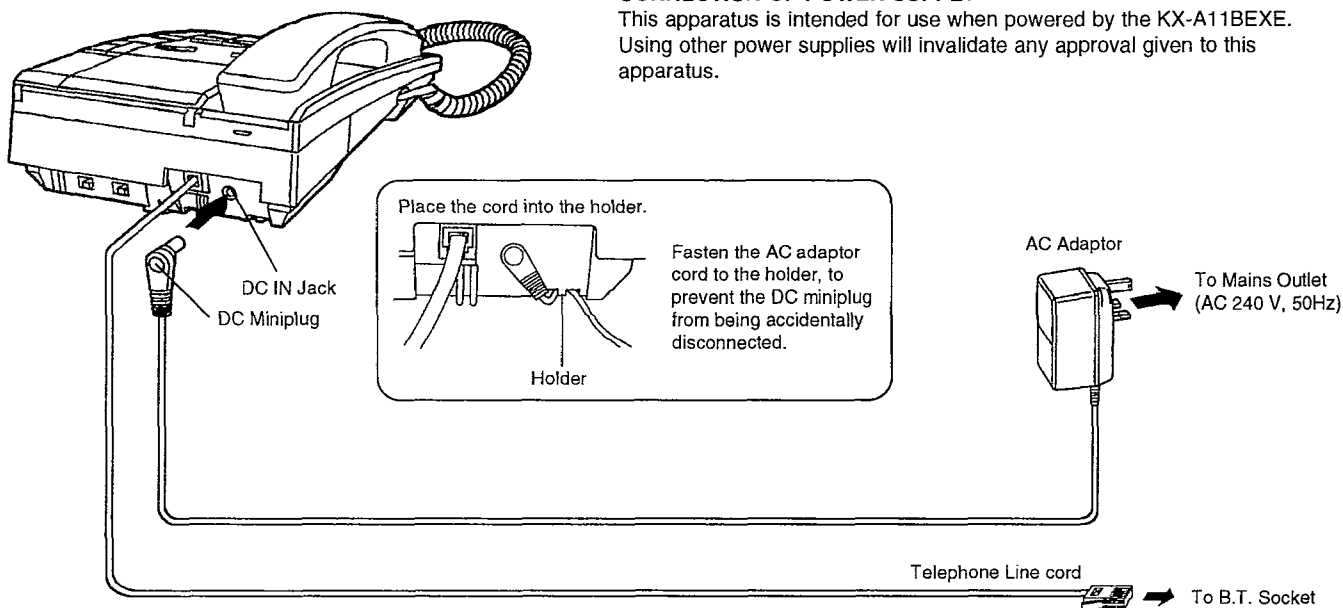


Fig. 3

# CONNECTION

## CONNECTION OF POWER SUPPLY

This apparatus is intended for use when powered by the KX-A11BEXE. Using other power supplies will invalidate any approval given to this apparatus.



**This connection is England version only.**

Refer to the simplified manual (cover) for other areas.

- Notes:**
- USE ONLY Panasonic AC ADAPTOR KX-A11BEXE. The adaptor must remain connected at all times.
  - During a power failure, the apparatus functions only as an ordinary telephone.
  - The DC IN Jack is at SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage).
  - The handset and line connections are at TNV (Telecommunication Network Voltage).

Fig. 4

# DISPLAY



This display shows all possibilities.

- 006 - 40** During a conversation, the call duration is displayed. (Example: 6 minutes 40 seconds)
- TIME SET - P.C. [ ] - CLOCK** The clock adjusting procedure is shown.
- PROGRAM | PHONE NO. - STATION** The storing procedure of the phone number is shown.
- PROGRAM** The unit is in programming mode.
- LOWER** The LOWER station is selected.
- Ho Id** The unit has a call on hold.
- 0000 -** You are adjusting the volume. The number of the "0" shows the volume level.

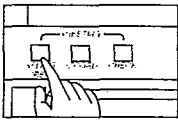
- CALLS 26** 26 messages have been recorded. The display shows up to 30 messages.
- GREETING ONLY** The REC TIME selector is set to the GREETING ONLY position.
- P** The PAUSE button is pressed.
- F** The RECALL button is pressed while storing numbers when the RECALL selector is in the "T BR" position.
- #** "#" is pressed when the dialling mode is TONE.
- \*** "\*" is pressed when the dialling mode is TONE.
- M** The MERCURY button is pressed.
- CALLS F 13** The incoming tape is full ("13" represents the number of messages recorded, for example).

## NEW FEATURES


### Pre-recorded greeting messages

The unit has two pre-recorded greeting messages.

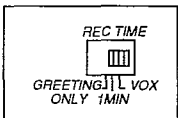
#### To select the pre-recorded greeting message



Press the GREETING SELECT (PRE-1-2) button to select the pre-recorded message.

—Display shows: 

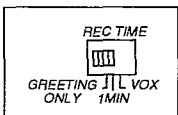
—The pre-recorded greeting message is played back automatically.



When the REC TIME selector is in the VOX or 1MIN position:

**Pre-recorded greeting message 1** is selected.

"Hello, we are not available now. Please leave your name and phone number after the beep. We will return your call."



When the REC TIME selector in the GREETING ONLY position:

**Pre-recorded greeting message 2** is selected.

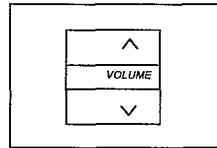
"Hello, we are not available now. Please call again. Thank you for your call."

#### Note:

—If there is no room left on the incoming message tape to record the next caller's message, the "GREETING ONLY" mode is selected and the pre-recorded greeting message 2 will be played automatically for the caller. No incoming messages will be recorded.

### To adjust the speaker's volume

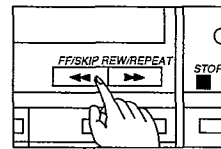
You can adjust the volume level of the speaker using the VOLUME button during a conversation. 9 levels are available (0 through 8).



To increase the volume, press  $\wedge$ .  
To decrease the volume, press  $\vee$ .

—The number of "■" on the display indicates the volume level for about 3 seconds.  
—After hanging up, the selected volume level is maintained.

### To skip the message during playback

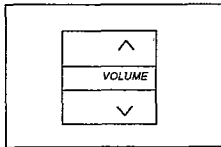


Press the FF/SKIP button.

—The unit forwards the tape to the beginning of the next message and starts playback again.

## Monitoring incoming calls

While an incoming call is being recorded, you can monitor the caller's voice through the speaker and answer it if you want.



Adjust the volume using the VOLUME button.

#### Helpful hint:

—To answer the call while monitoring, lift the handset and talk. The unit stops recording.

### Setting the greeting monitor function

When the greeting message is played back to the caller, you may also hear it through the speaker of the unit. Program as follows:

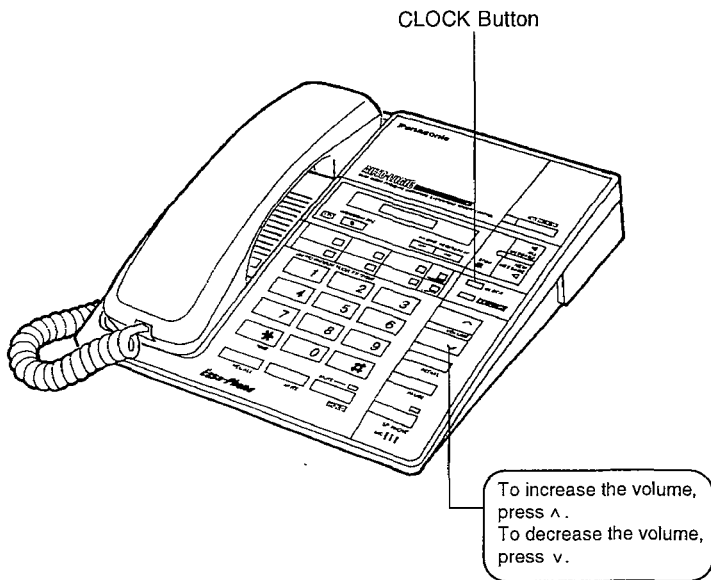
1. Press the PROGRAM button.
2. Press the HOLD button.
3. Press "4", then press "2" to set the monitor function.

If you do not want to hear the greeting message, press "1" instead of "2".

4. To finish programming, press the PROGRAM button.

# OPERATIONS

## Time and day adjustment



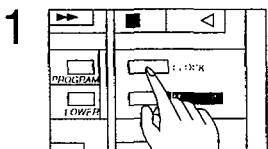
**Notes:**

- During a power failure, the programmed time and day retention time is approximately 3 hours.
- If "AM12-00" flashes, it means that the programmed time and day have been cleared. In this case, adjust the time and day again.
- The accuracy of the clock will be approximately  $\pm 45$  seconds a month at room temperature.

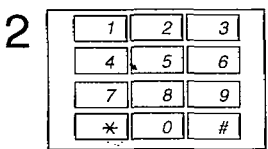
**Voice Time and Day Stamp**

You know when a caller's message was recorded as the synthesized voice will announce the time and day of recording after each message.

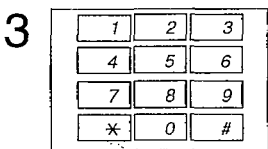
Be sure that the handset is on the cradle and the SP-PHONE indicator light is off.



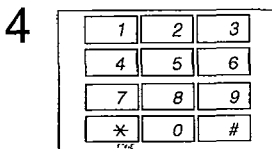
1 Press the CLOCK button.  
 — " TIME SET \* \* \* \* \* -CLOCK " is displayed to show the programming procedure.  
 —The unit announces the current time and day.



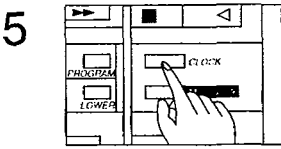
2 Enter the current time (hour and minute) by using 4-digit numbers.  
 Ex.: To set "6:30", enter "0630".



3 Press "\*" to select "AM" or "PM" on the display.



4 Press "#" repeatedly to adjust the day.  
 —The unit announces the day.



5 Press the CLOCK button to finish adjusting.  
 —The unit announces the programmed time and day.  
 —The clock starts working.

# DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

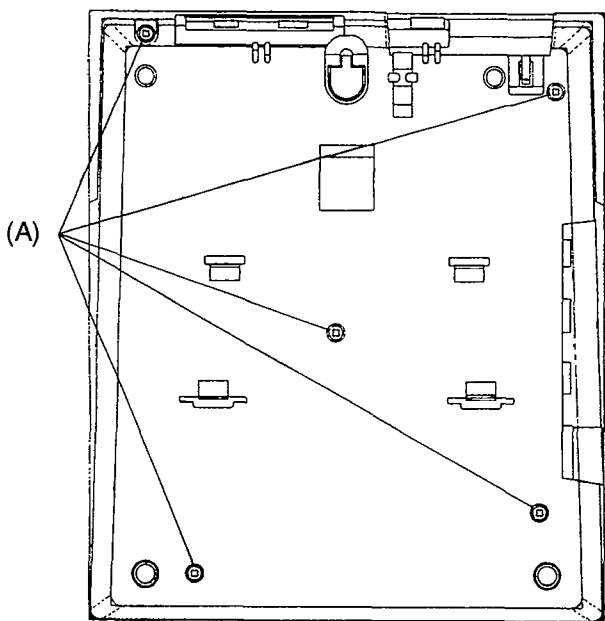


Fig. 5

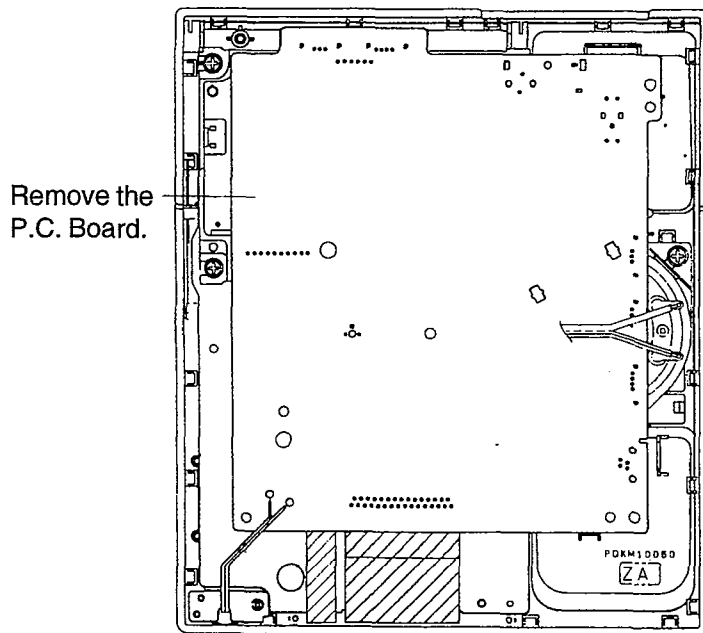


Fig. 6

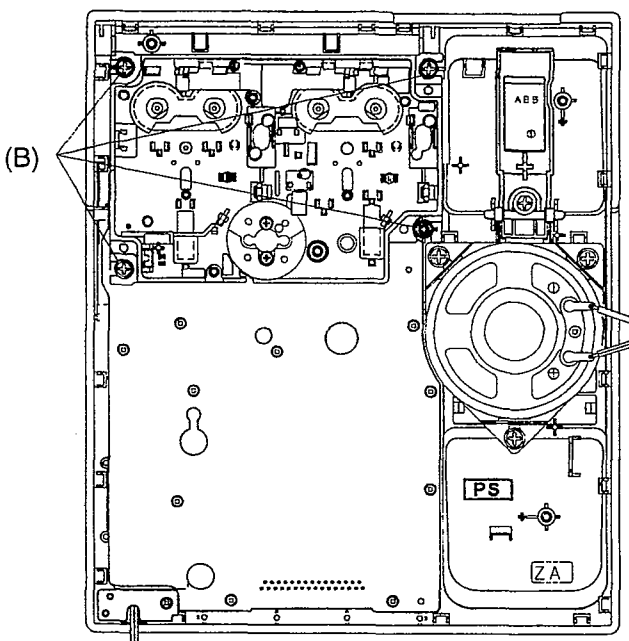


Fig. 7

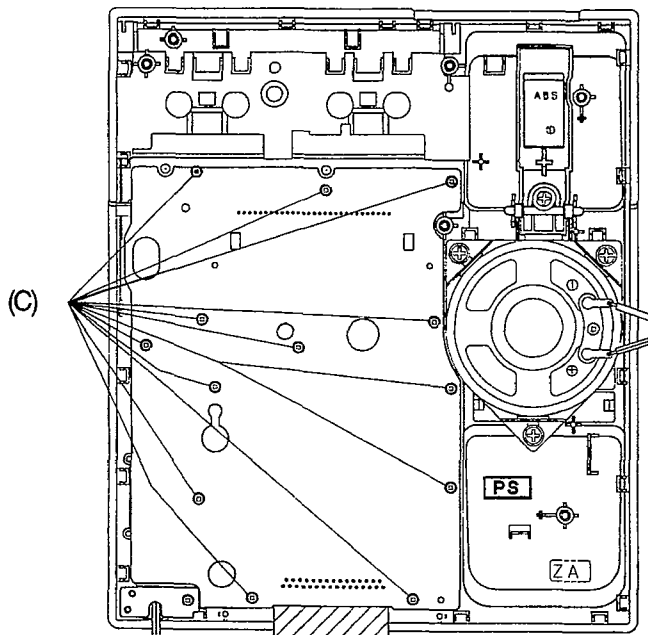
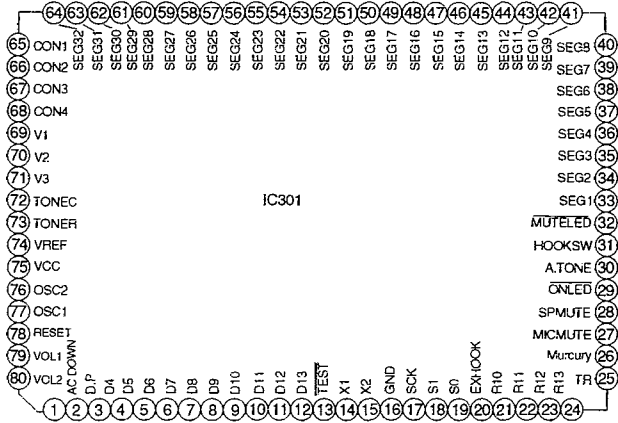


Fig. 8

Ref.No.	Procedure	Shown in Fig.—	To remove —.	Remove —.
1	1	5	Lower Cabinet	Screws (3X16) ..... (A)X5
2	1~2	6	Main P.C. Board	Remove the P.C. Board
3	1~3	7	Cassette Deck	Screws (3X13) ..... (B)X4
4	1~4	8	Operation P.C. Board	Screws (2.6X8) ..... (C)X13

# CPU DATA



(ITS)  
 Part No.: PQVI4618B02F (IC301)  
 Power Supply: 5±0.1V  
 Program ROM: 8K×10 bit  
 Inside Data RAM: 1184×4 bit

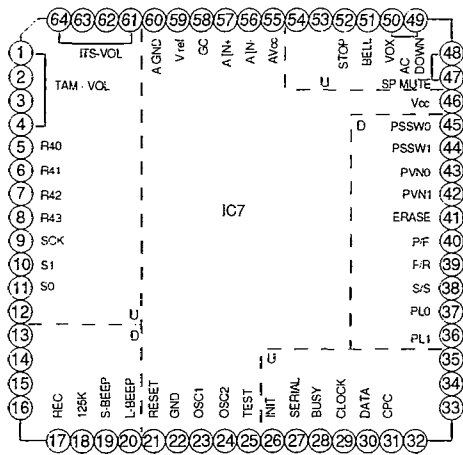
Pin No.	Port Name	Function	High	Low
1	Power Down	AC Down Input	AC power O	AC power X
2	DP	Dial Pulse Output	Make (H-imp.)	Break
3~8	D4~D9	Key Switch Strob Input	Normal	Active
9~11	D10~D12	Key Switch Input	Normal	Active
12	Stop	Stop Input	Stop	Move
17	SCK	Serial Clock Input	/	
18	SI	Serial Data Input		
19	SO	Serial Data Output	/	
20	EX-Hook	Detect the parallel connection		
21~24	R10~R13	Key Input	OFF-Hook	ON-Hook
25	TR	Tip-Ring Control Output	Normal	Active
26	Mercury		ON	OFF
27	MIC Mute	Transmission Mute Output	Output the Mercury	Don't output the Mercury
28	SP Mute	Reception Mute Output	ON	OFF
29	ON LED	SP-Phone LED Output	OFF	ON
30	Audible Tone	Key Tone Output	/	
31	Hook Switch	Hook Switch Input	ON-Hook	OFF-Hook
32	Mute LED	Mute LED Output	OFF	ON
41~64	Segment9~32	LCD Segment Output	/	
65~68	Common1~4	LCD Common Output		
72	Tone C	DTMF Output	/	
73	Tone R	DTMF Output		
79	LCD 1	LCD Contrast Output	(H) (M) (L)	
80	LCD 2	LCD Contrast Output	LCD1	L H H
			LCD2	H L H



## ● Pin Description

Pin No.	Part Name	Name	I/O	Description
75	Power supply	V <sub>cc</sub>	I	Connect to the power supply.
16		GND	I	Connect to GND.
13	Test	$\overline{\text{TEST}}$	I	Not for a user application. Connect to V <sub>cc</sub> .
78	Reset	RESET	I	When this is at high level, MCU is reset.
76	Oscillation	OSC <sub>1</sub>	I	I/O terminals for the internal oscillator. Connect the ceramic filter or the external oscillator circuit.
77		OSC <sub>2</sub>	O	
14		X1	I	Oscillator for clock connecting to the crystal oscillator of 32.768 kHz.
15		X2	O	
79,80,1~8	Port	D0~D9	I/O	I/O port for addressing every 1 bit. Output terminals D0~D9 for large electric current of 16 mA at maximum. Terminals D11~ D13 are used as voltage comparators.
9~12		D10~D13	I	
17~32		R0~R3	I/O	I/O port for addressing every 4 bits. R0 <sub>0</sub> ~R0 <sub>2</sub> , R3 <sub>1</sub> ~R3 <sub>3</sub> are shared with SCK, SI, SO, TIM0, INT0 and INT1.
31	Interrupt	$\overline{\text{INT0}}$	I	External interrupt input terminal.
32		$\overline{\text{INT1}}$	I	
17	Serial	$\overline{\text{SCK}}$	I/O	SCI clock I/O terminal.
18		SI	I	SCI data reception input terminal.
19		SO	O	SCI data transmission output terminal.
30	Timer	TIM0	O	Square output terminal (duty-variable).
69~71	LCD	V1,V2,V3	I	Power supply terminal for liquid crystal driver. The power supply split resistor is built in for normal open circuit. The power supply condition is V <sub>cc</sub> , V1, V2, V3 and GND.
65~68		COM1~COM4	O	Common signal terminal for LCD.
33~64		SEG1~SEG32	O	Segment signal terminal for LCD.
73	DTMF	TONER	O	Output terminal of DTMF signal of ROW.
72		TONEC	O	Output terminal of DTMF signal of COLUMN.
74		VTref	I	Standard level power supply of DTMF output. Apply V <sub>cc</sub> VTref GND.
11	Voltage Comparator	COMP0	I	Analog input terminal for the voltage comparator.
12		COMP1	I	
10		VCref	I	Standard voltage terminal for inputting the threshold voltage of the analog input terminal.

Note: I = Input O = Output



(TAM)  
 Part No.: PQVI4678A32H (IC7)  
 Power Supply: 4.5~5.5V  
 Program ROM: 8K×10 bit  
 Inside Data RAM: 512×4 bit

Pin No.	Port Name	High	Low	Pin No.	Port Name	High	Low
1~4	TAM Volume			32	Strob Option		Active
5	In OGM Play		ON	33	Vox Sens	High	Low
6	All Playback		ON	34	IN Use LED	LED OFF	LED ON
6	In OGM Record		ON	35	Answer LED	LED OFF	LED ON
7	New Playback		ON	36	Plunger-ICM	LED OFF	LED ON
7	In OGM Select		ON	37	Plunger-Greeting	ON	
8	Answer		ON	38	Play Motor	ON	
8	In Erase Stop		ON	39	FF Motor	ON	
9	SCK			40	Rew Motor	ON	
10	SI			41	Erase	ON	
11	SO			42	RVN-ICM		
12	Strob Option		Active	43	RVN-Greeting		
13	Strob Key		Active	44	Position SW-ICM	Newtral	
14	Strob Key		Active	45	Position SW	Newtral	
15	Strob Option		Active		-Greeting		
16	Strob Option		Active	46	Vcc		
17	Record Bias	ON		47	SP- MUTE	ON	OFF
18	Power Supply for ITS			48	SP/HS	SP-Phone	Handset
19	Head/ S Beet			49	AC Down		AC Down
20	Line Beep			50	Vox		Vox
21	Reset	Reset		51	Bell		Bell
22	GND			52	Stop	Stop	
23	Oscillator 1			53	MIC -MUTE	ON	OFF
24	Oscillator 2			54	Not Used		
25	Test			55	A VCC		
26	INIT	TI-IC Active		56	A IN -		
27	Serial			57	A IN +		
28	Busy	TI-IC Busy	Not -Busy	58	GC		
29	Clock			59	VREF		
30	Data			60	A GND		
31	CPC		CPC	61~64	ITS Volume		

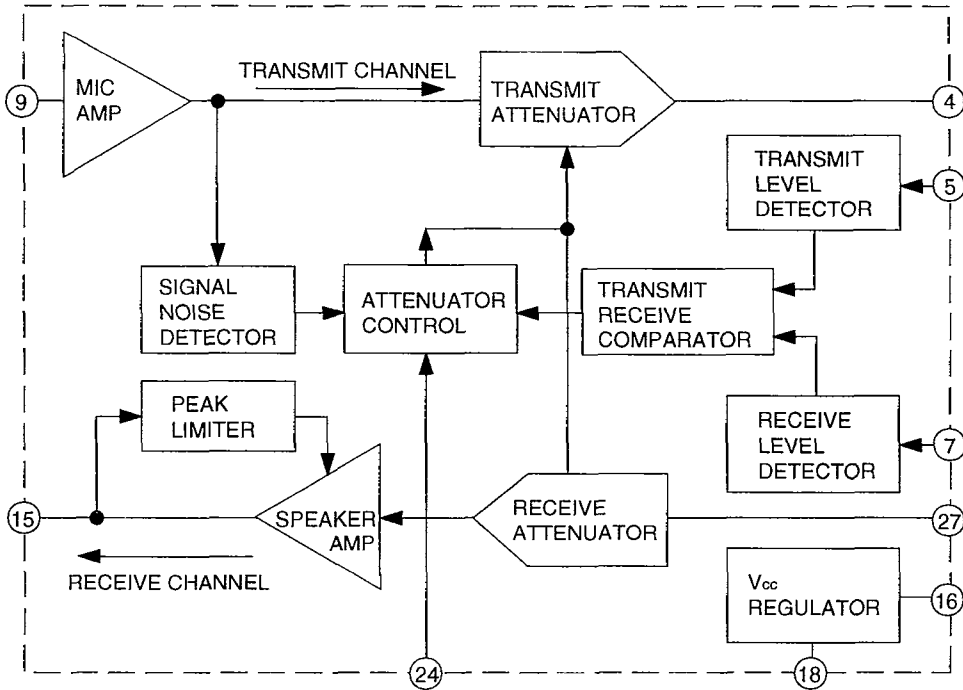
## ● Pin Description

Pin No.	Part Name	Name	I/O	Description
46	Power supply	V <sub>cc</sub>	—	Applies voltage of 5 V±10%.
22		GND	—	Connect to GND.
25	Test	$\overline{\text{TEST}}$	—	Not for a user application. Connect to V <sub>cc</sub> .
21	Reset	RESET	I	For resetting the MCU.
23, 24	Oscillation	OSC <sub>1</sub> , OSC <sub>2</sub>	I	Input terminal to the internal oscillator. For connecting to the liquid crystal or the external oscillator circuit.
26~35	Port	D0~D9	I/O	I/O port for addressing every 1 bit. The large electric current sink terminal with the pull-up MOS.
36~41		D10~D15	I/O	I/O port for addressing every 1 bit. The large electric current source terminal with the pull-down MOS.
1~20 47~54 61~64		R0 <sub>0</sub> ~T7 <sub>3</sub>	I/O	I/O port for addressing every 4 bits. Terminals R0 <sub>0</sub> ~R5 <sub>3</sub> are with the pull-up MOS. R60~R83 are with the pull-down MOS.
42~45		R8 <sub>0</sub> ~R8 <sub>3</sub>	I	Input port for addressing every 4 bits. The standard terminal with the pull-down MOS.
3, 4, 15, 16	Interrupt	$\overline{\text{INT0}}\text{--}\overline{\text{INT3}}$	I	External interrupt input terminal. Terminals INT0~INT3 are shared with R3 <sub>2</sub> , R3 <sub>3</sub> /TIB, R6 <sub>2</sub> /TIC, R6 <sub>3</sub> /TID terminal.
5, 9	Serial communication interface	$\overline{\text{SCKA}}$ , $\overline{\text{SCKB}}$	I/O	Clock I/O terminal for SCIA and SCIB.
6, 10		SIA, SIB	I	Data reception input terminal for SCIA and SCIB.
7, 11		SOA, SOB	O	Data transmission output terminal for SCIA and SCIB.
4, 15, 16	Timer	TIB, TIC, TID	I	External clock input terminal for timer B, C and D. Terminals TIB, TIC and TID are shared with R3 <sub>3</sub> /INT1, R6 <sub>2</sub> /INT2 and R6 <sub>3</sub> /INT3 terminals respectively.
17, 18, 19, 20		TOB, TOC, TOD <sub>1</sub> , TOD <sub>2</sub>	O	External clock output terminal for timer B, C and D. Terminals TOB, TOC and TOD are shared with R7 <sub>0</sub> , R7 <sub>1</sub> , R7 <sub>2</sub> and R7 <sub>3</sub> terminals respectively.
55	DTMF receiver	AV <sub>cc</sub>	—	Power supply terminal for the DTMF receiver analog block. Make connection near the power supply to get the same electric potential of V <sub>cc</sub> . Use the stabilized power supply.
60		AGND	—	Power supply terminal for the DTMF receiver analog block. Make connection near the power supply to get the same electric potential of V <sub>cc</sub> .
59		Vref	—	GND level of the DTMF receiver analog block. Apply the stabilized voltage of AV <sub>cc</sub> /2.
57,56		AIN+, AIN-	I	Input terminal of the DTMF receiver signal. The AIN+ is input into the non inversion input of the DTMF receiver's first OPE AMP. The AIN-is input into the inversion input.
58		GC	O	Gain regulation terminal for the DTMF receiver.
45	Reset voltage variable circuit	Rref	I	Standard voltage input terminal for inputting the threshold voltage of the reset voltage variable circuit. The Rref terminal is shared with the R83 terminal.
44		R <sub>IN</sub>	I	Analog input terminal for the reset voltage variable circuit. The R <sub>IN</sub> terminal is shared with the R82 terminal.

Note: I = Input O = Output

# SPEAKERPHONE IC DATA

Part No.: PQVISC77655S (IC2)



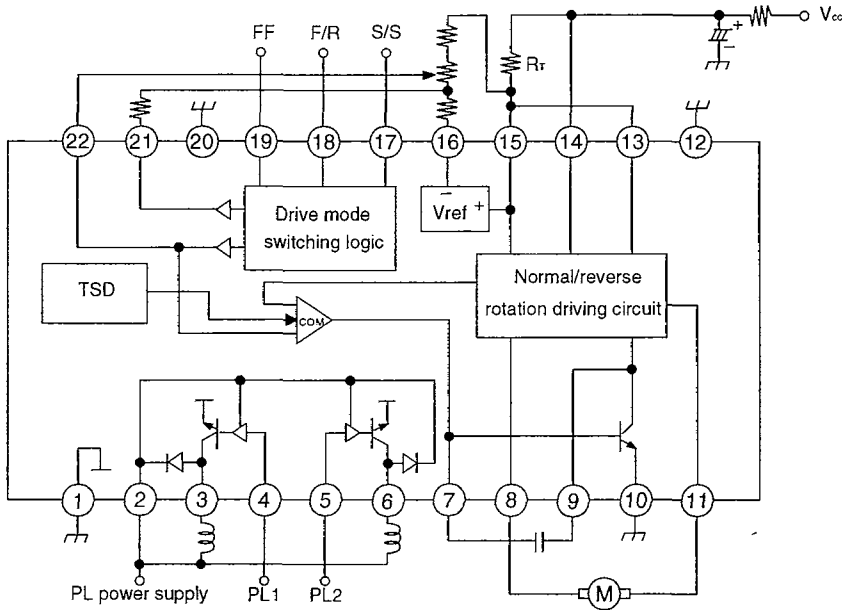
## ●Pin Description

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	RR	A resistor to ground provides a reference current for the transmit and receive attenuators.
2	RTX	A resistor to ground determines the nominal gain of the transmit attenuator. The transmit channel gain is inversely proportional to the RTX resistance.
3	TXI	Input to the transmit attenuator. Input resistance is nominally 5.0 kohms.
4	TXO	Output of the transmit attenuator. The TXO output signal drives the input of the transmit level detector, as well as the external circuit which drives the telephone line.
5	TLI	Input of the transmit level detector. An external resistor ac coupled to the TLI pin sets the detection level. Decreasing this resistor increases the sensitivity to transmit channel signals.
6	TLO	Output of the transmit level detector. The external resistor and capacitor set the time the comparator will hold the system in the transmit mode after speech ceases.
7	RLI	Input of the receive level detector. An external resistor ac coupled to the RLI pin sets the detection level. Decreasing this resistor increases the sensitivity to receive channel signals.
8	RLO	Output of the receive level detector. The external resistor and capacitor set the time the comparator will hold the system in the receive mode after the receive signal ceases.
9	MCI	Microphone amplifier input. Input impedance is nominally 10 kohms and the dc bias voltage is approximately equal to VB.
10	MCO	Microphone amplifier output. The mic amp gain is internally set at 34 dB (50 V/V).
11	CP1	A parallel resistor and capacitor connected between this pin and Vcc holds a voltage corresponding to the background noise level. The transmit detector compares the CP1 voltage with the speech signal from CP2.
12	CP2	A capacitor at this pin peak detects the speech signals for comparison with the background noise level held at CP1.

Pin No.	Name	Description
13	XDI	Input to the transmit detector system. The microphone amplifier output is ac coupled to the XDI pin through an external resistor.
14	SKG	High current ground pin for the speaker amp output stage. The SKG voltage should be within 10 mV of the ground voltage at Pin 22.
15	SKD	Speaker amplifier output. The SKO pin will source and sink up to 100 mA when ac coupled to the speaker. The speaker amp gain is internally set at 34 dB (50 V/V).
16	V+	Input dc supply voltage. V+ can be powered from Tip and Ring if an ac decoupling inductor is used to prevent loading ac line signals. The required V+ voltage is 6.0 to 11V (7.5V nominal) at 7.0 mA.
17	AGC	A capacitor from this pin to VB stabilizes the speaker amp gain control loop, and additionally controls the attack and decay time of this circuit. The gain control loop limits the speaker amp input to prevent clipping at SKO. The internal resistance at the AGC pin is nominally 110 kohms.
18	$\overline{CS}$	Digital chip select input. When at a Logic "0" (<0.7V) the V <sub>cc</sub> regulator is enabled. When at a Logic "1" (>1.6V), the chip is in the standby mode drawing 0.5mA. An open $\overline{CS}$ pin is a Logic "0". Input impedance is nominally 140 kohms. The input voltage should not exceed 11 V.
19	SKI	Input to the speaker amplifier. Input impedance is nominally 20 kohms.
20	V <sub>cc</sub>	A 5.4 V regulated output which powers all circuits except the speaker amplifier output stage. V <sub>cc</sub> can be used to power external circuitry such as a microprocessor (3.0 mA max). A filter capacitor is required. The MC34018 can be powered by a separate regulated supply by connecting V+ and V <sub>cc</sub> to a voltage between 4.5 V and 6.5 V while maintaining $\overline{CS}$ at a Logic "1".
21	VB	An output voltage equal to approximately V <sub>cc</sub> /2 which serves as an analog ground for the speakerphone system. Up to 1.5 mA of external load current may be sourced from VB. Output impedance is 250 ohms. A filter capacitor is required.
22	Gnd	Ground pin for the IC (except the speaker amplifier).
23	XDC	Transmit detector output. A resistor and capacitor at this pin hold the system in the transmit mode during pauses between words or phrases. When the XDC pin voltage decays to ground, the attenuators switch from the transmit mode to the idle mode. The internal resistor at XDC is nominally 2.6 kohms.
24	VLC	Volume control input. Connecting this pin to the slider of a variable resistor provides receive mode volume control. The VLC pin voltage should be less than or equal to VB.
25	ACF	Attenuator control filter. A capacitor connected to this pin reduces noise transients as the attenuator control switches levels of attenuation.
26	RXO	Output of the receive attenuator. Normally this pin is ac coupled to the input of the speaker amplifier.
27	RXI	Input of the receive attenuator. Input resistance is nominally 5.0 kohms.
28	RRX	A resistor to ground determines the nominal gain of the receive attenuator. The receive channel gain is directly proportional to the RRR resistance.

# GOVERNOR IC DATA

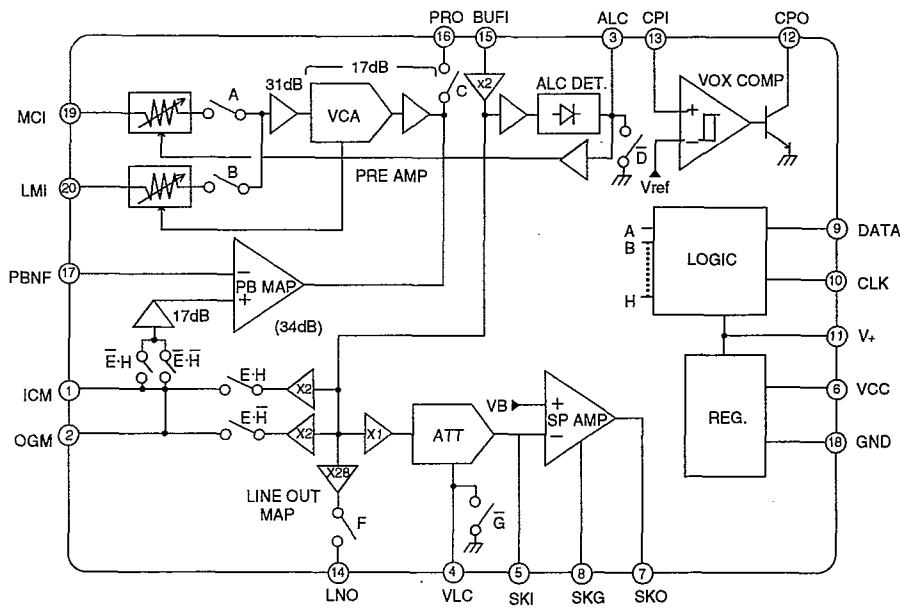
Part No.: AN6658K (IC4)



## ● Pin Description

Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
1	GND	12	NC
2	PL power supply	13	To Pin 15
3	PL1 driving terminal	14	V <sub>cc</sub>
4	PL1 setting terminal	15	For setting of load characteristics
5	PL2 setting terminal	16	Reference voltage output terminal
6	PL2 driving terminal	17	Start/stop control terminal
7	Phase compensation terminal 1	18	Normal/reverse rotation control terminal
8	Motor driving terminal (-)	19	Constant speed/FF control terminal
9	Phase compensation terminal 2	20	NC
10	GND	21	FF setting terminal
11	Motor driving terminal (+)	22	Speed adjustment terminal

## RECORD/PLAY AMP IC DATA



Part No.: PQVISC111812 (IC5)

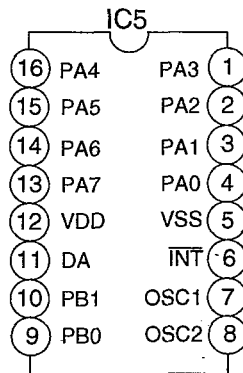
## ● Pin Description

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	ICM	I/O for ICM head. I/O impedance is approximately 20 kohm that keeps high impedance sufficient for head load.
2	OGM	I/O for OGM head. The same configuration as ICM.
3	ALC	For connection to CR for ALC detection smoothing. The time constant of the CR decides the recovery time. The attack time depends on the values of C and internal resistance (approx. 8.5 kohm).
4	VLC	Volume control input. The speaker output controlled by changing the volume resistance between this pin and GND.
5	SKI	Reverse input of the speaker amplifier. The gain and frequency characteristics are set by external CR. Non-reverse input is biased by internal power source (approx. $1/2V_{cc}$ ).
6	V <sub>cc</sub>	Power source of IC except LOGIC part.
7	SKO	Output of speaker amplifier. Sets frequency characteristics by connecting to Pin 5 in parallel. Speaker's impedance is normally 30 ohms.
8	SKG	GND of speaker amplifier output part.
9	DATA	Input of control data for mute mode. For serial synchronous input with clock signal.
10	CLK	Clock input for data input synchronization. Controls shift register by data bit at fall, and latches by reading data at rise.
11	V+	5.4 V stable output to supply bias with microphone.
12	CPO	Output of comparator. Connected to open-collector of NPN transistor.

Pin No.	Name	Description
13	CPI	Input of VOX detector comparator. Compares internal reference voltage with gained voltage, and has a bit hysteresis characteristics.
14	LNO	Output of buffer amplifier for line output. Radio amplifier.
15	BUFI	Inputs of Recording amplifier, line output amplifier, speaker amplifier, and ALC detector. These are input after voltage/radio conversion by CR between this pin and Pin 16.
16	PRO	Output of MIC/LINE amplifier and playback amplifier.
17	PBNF	Reverse input of playback amplifier for controlling frequency characteristics. The CR network between this pin and Pins 16 and 18 set frequency and gain.
18	GND	GND for all ICs except speaker amplifier.
19	MCI	Input of microphone amplifier. The input resistance is normally 33 khoms.
20	LNI	Input of line amplifier. The same configuration as MCI.



## VOICE SYNTHESIZED IC DATA



Part No.: PQVICS11160N (IC6)

## ● Pin Description

Pin No.	Name	Description
11	DA1	D/A output terminal
6	$\overline{\text{INIT}}$	Initialization terminal When INIT is at "L" level, the clock stops and CMS11160AN is set to the low power mode, the program counter is reset to "0", and then the contents of RAM is maintained. The INIT pulse of 1 $\mu\text{s}$ or more is required to reset the processor.
7	OSC1	Clock input terminal Used to connect the crystal or ceramic oscillator between OSC1 and OSC2, or input the clock signal into OSC1. The clock frequency is 7.68 MHz.
8	OSC2	Clock return terminal
1-4, 13-16	PA0~PA7	8-bit bidirectional I/O port terminals In the parallel mode: Data input/READY output terminals In the serial mode: Extension output terminals
9-10	PB0~1	2-bit bidirectional I/O port terminals In the parallel mode: Read & write selector terminals/strobe terminals In the serial mode: Data input/BUSY output terminals
12	V <sub>DD</sub>	5 V line voltage terminal
5	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND terminal

# IC BLOCK DIAGRAM

Part No.: PQVIUPC358C (IC3)

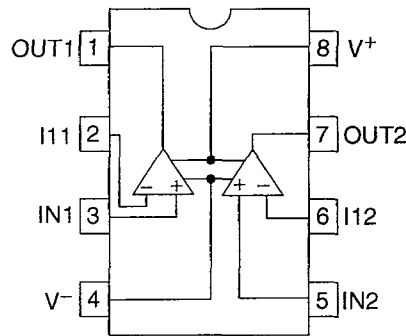
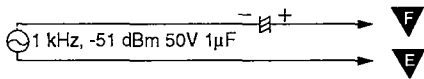
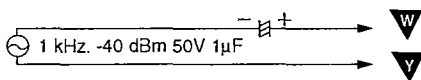
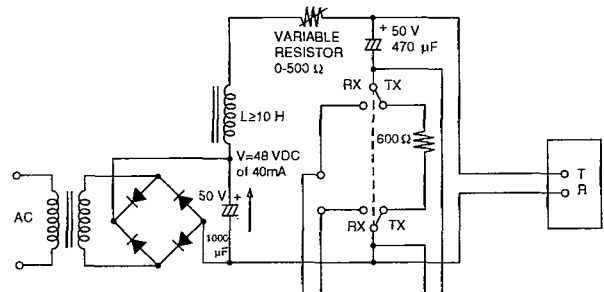
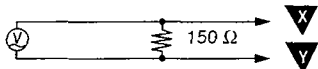


Fig. 10

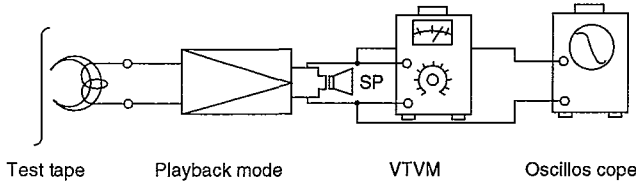
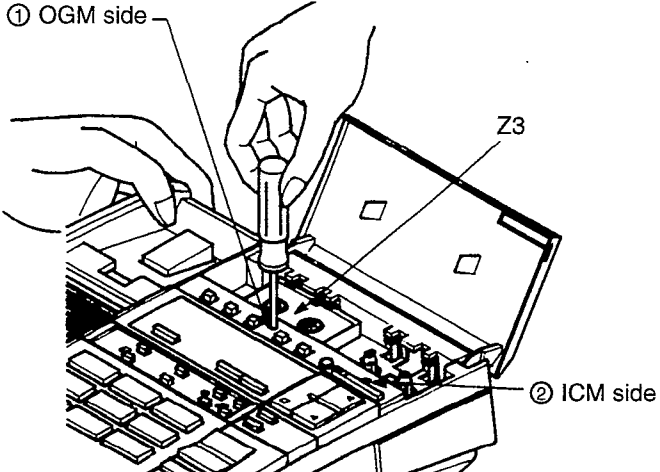
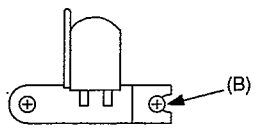
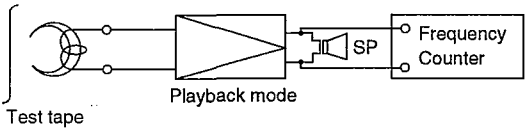
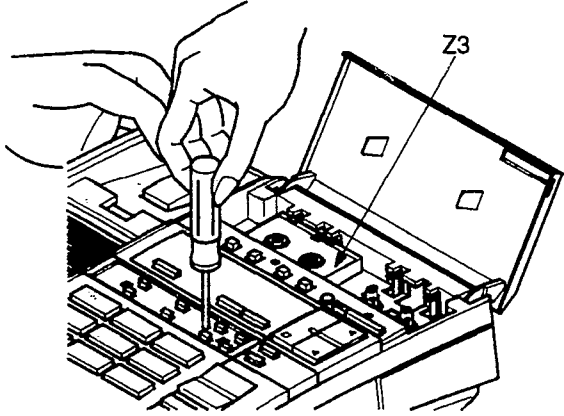
## ADJUSTMENT

Perform the following adjustment after replacing IC2 and VR2-VR4.

<p><b>Test Equipment:</b></p>	<p><b>3. Transmission Level Adjustment (for Speakerphone)</b></p>
<p>Loop Simulator RC Oscillator VTVM</p>	<p>1. Connect the test points <b>A</b> - <b>B</b>. 2. Set the Loop Simulator selector switch to "TX". 3. Connect the RC Oscillator to Test Point <b>E</b> (-) — <b>F</b> (+), and connect an electrolytic capacitor (50 V, 1μF) as shown below. 4. Set RC Oscillator to 1 kHz, 51 dBm.</p>
<p><b>Preparation:</b></p> <p>1. Set unit's controls as follows: A. SP-PHONE SWITCH..."ON" B. VOLUME CONTROL..."MAX" 2. Set the variable resistor of the Loop Simulator to maximum resistance (fully counterclockwise). 3. Connect the unit to the Loop Simulator. 4. Make adjustment in a quiet room.</p>	 <p>5. Connect the VTVM to test point <b>C</b> — <b>D</b>. 6. Adjust VR2 for a reading of -21.5 dBm ± 0.5 dBm on the VTVM. 7. Disconnect the test point <b>A</b> — <b>B</b>.</p>
<p><b>1. Transmission Level Adjustment (for Handset)</b></p>	<p>Please refer to Circuit Board and wiring Connection Diagram which is located test points (▼).</p>
<p>1. Loop Simulator "TX". 2. Connect the Oscillator to Test Point <b>V</b> (-) — <b>W</b> (+), as shown below. 3. Set RC Oscillator to 1 kHz, -40 dBm.</p>  <p>4. Connect the VTVM. 5. Adjust VR3 for a reading of -6.5 dBm ± 0.5 dBm on the VTVM.</p>	<p>Schematic Diagram of Loop Simulator</p> 
<p><b>2. Reception Level Adjustment (for Handset)</b></p>	<p>If a 48V DC power supply is not available a 20 V DC power supply can be substituted. However, the variable resistor (0-500Ω) must be set to 0 ohms.</p>
<p>1. Loop Simulator "RX". 2. Apply the 1 kHz, -20 dBm for the Oscillator. 3. Connect the resistor 150 Ω to the test point <b>X</b> - <b>Y</b>, and connect the VTVM to the both ends.</p>  <p>4. Adjust VR4 for a reading of -25.5dBm ± 0.5 dBm on the VTVM.</p>	<p>Fig. 11</p>

# MEASUREMENT AND ADJUSTMENT METHOD

- Notes: 1. Make sure the heads are clean.  
 2. Make sure the capstan and pressure roller are clean.  
 3. Room temperature for measuring and adjusting:  $20 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $68 \pm 9^{\circ}\text{F}$ )  
 4. Test equipments are not treated as replacement parts.

ITEM	MEASUREMENT & ADJUSTMENT	REMARKES
<p>1. Head azimuth adjustment</p>	<p>1. Play back the test tape (QZZMWA or PQZZLCT2401A) [Ref No. Z3].                  2. Adjust screw (B) shown in Fig. B for maximum output at SP terminal.                  (Test equipment connection is shown below.)</p>  <p>Test tape      Playback mode      SP      VTVM      Oscilloscope</p> <p>① OGM side</p>  <p>Z3</p> <p>② ICM side</p>	<p>*Record/playback head</p>  <p>Fig. B</p>
<p>2. Tape speed adjustment</p>	<p>1. Play back the test tape (QZZMWA or PQZZLCT2401A) [Ref No. Z3]                  2. Adjust VR1 for 2980-3000 Hz on frequency counter reading.</p>  <p>Test tape      Playback mode      SP      Frequency Counter</p>  <p>Z3</p>	

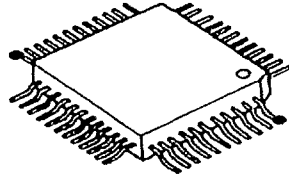
# HOW TO REPLACE FLAT PACKAGE IC

## ■ PREPARATION

- SOLDER ..... Sparkle Solder 115A-1, 115B-1  
OR  
Almit Solder KR-19, KR-19RMA
- Soldering iron ..... Recommended power consumption will between 30w to 40w.  
Temperature of Copper Rod  $662 \pm 50^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $350 \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ )  
  
(An expert may handle 60–80w iron, but beginner might damage foil by overheating)
- Flux ..... HI115      Specific gravity 0.863  
  
(Original flux will be replaced daily.)

## ■ PROCEDURE

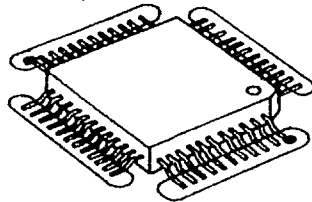
1. Temporary fix FLAT PACKAGE IC by Soldering on marked 2 pins.



● ..... Temporary soldering point.

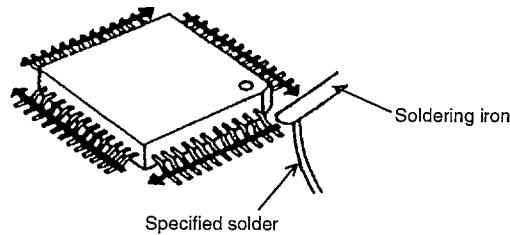
\*Most important matter is accurate setting of IC to the corresponding soldering foil.

2. Apply flux for all pins of FLAT PACKAGE IC.



..... Flux

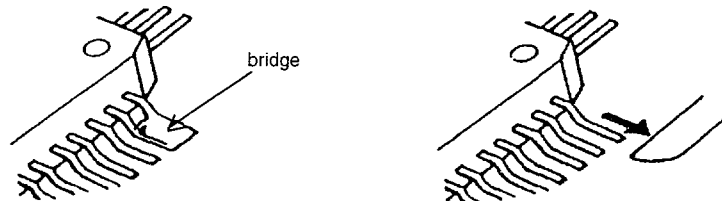
3. Solder employing specified solder to direction arrow, as slide the soldering iron.



## ■ MODIFICATION PROCEDURE OF BRIDGE

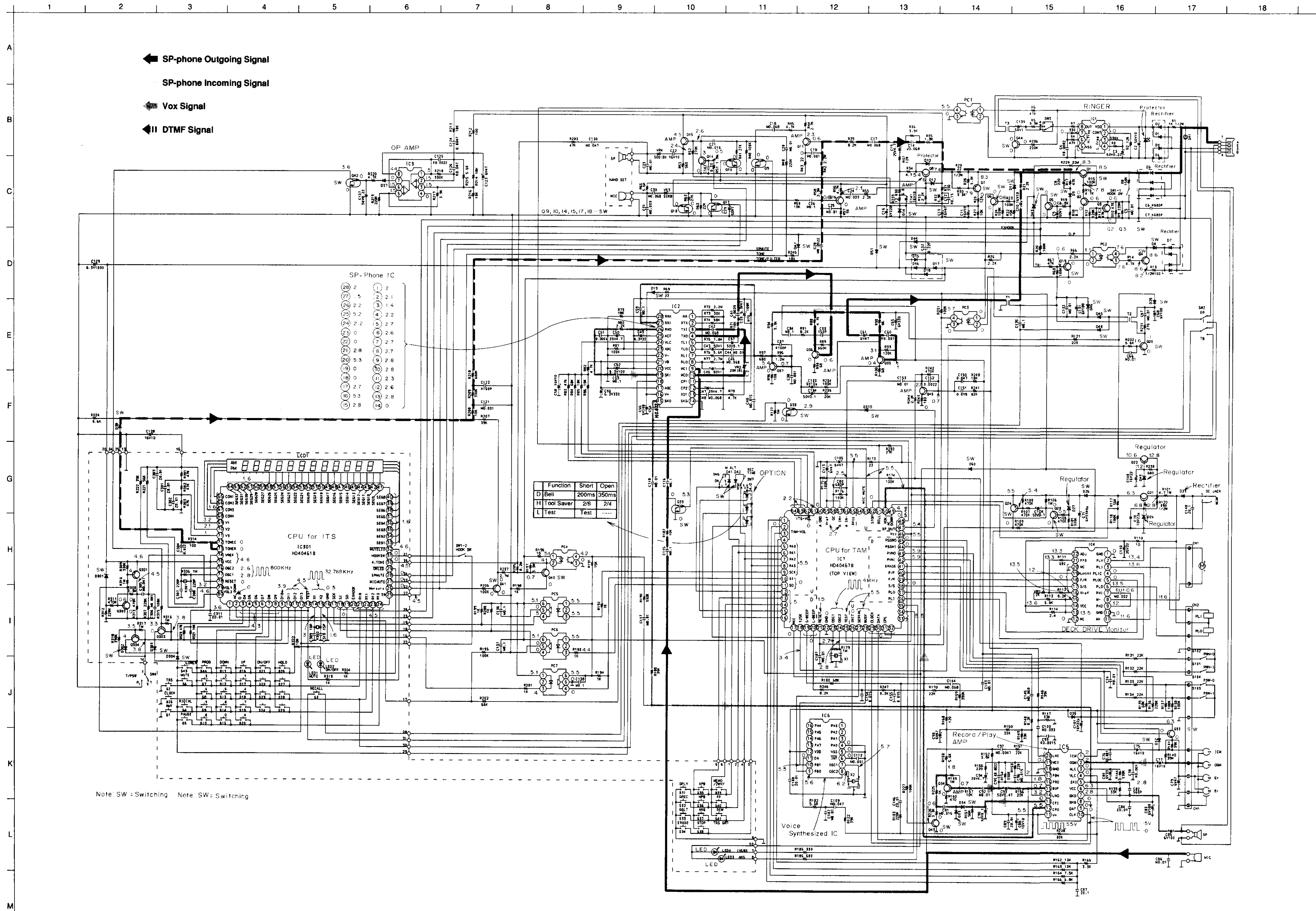
1. Re-solder slightly on bridging portion.

2. Remove remained solder along pins employing soldering iron as shown in below Figure.





# SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



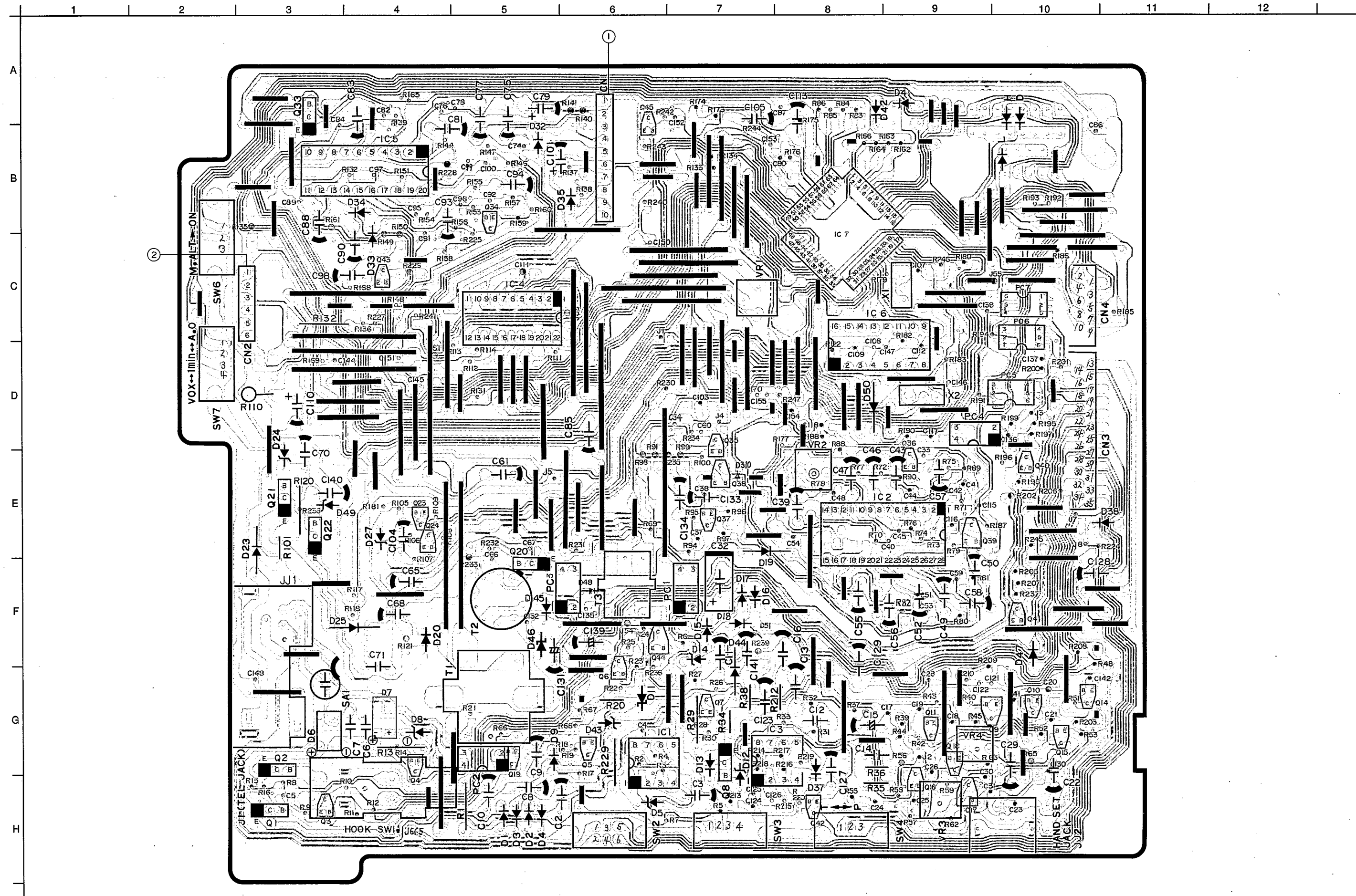
SP-Phone IC

28	2	1
27	5	2.1
26	2	1.4
25	4	2.2
24	3	2.7
23	6	2.6
22	7	2.7
21	8	2.7
20	9	2.8
19	10	2.8
18	11	2.3
17	12	2.6
16	13	2.8
15	14	0

Function	Short	Open
D Bell	200ms	350ms
H Tool Saver	2/6	2/4
L Test	Test	---

Note: SW - Switching    Note: SW= Switching

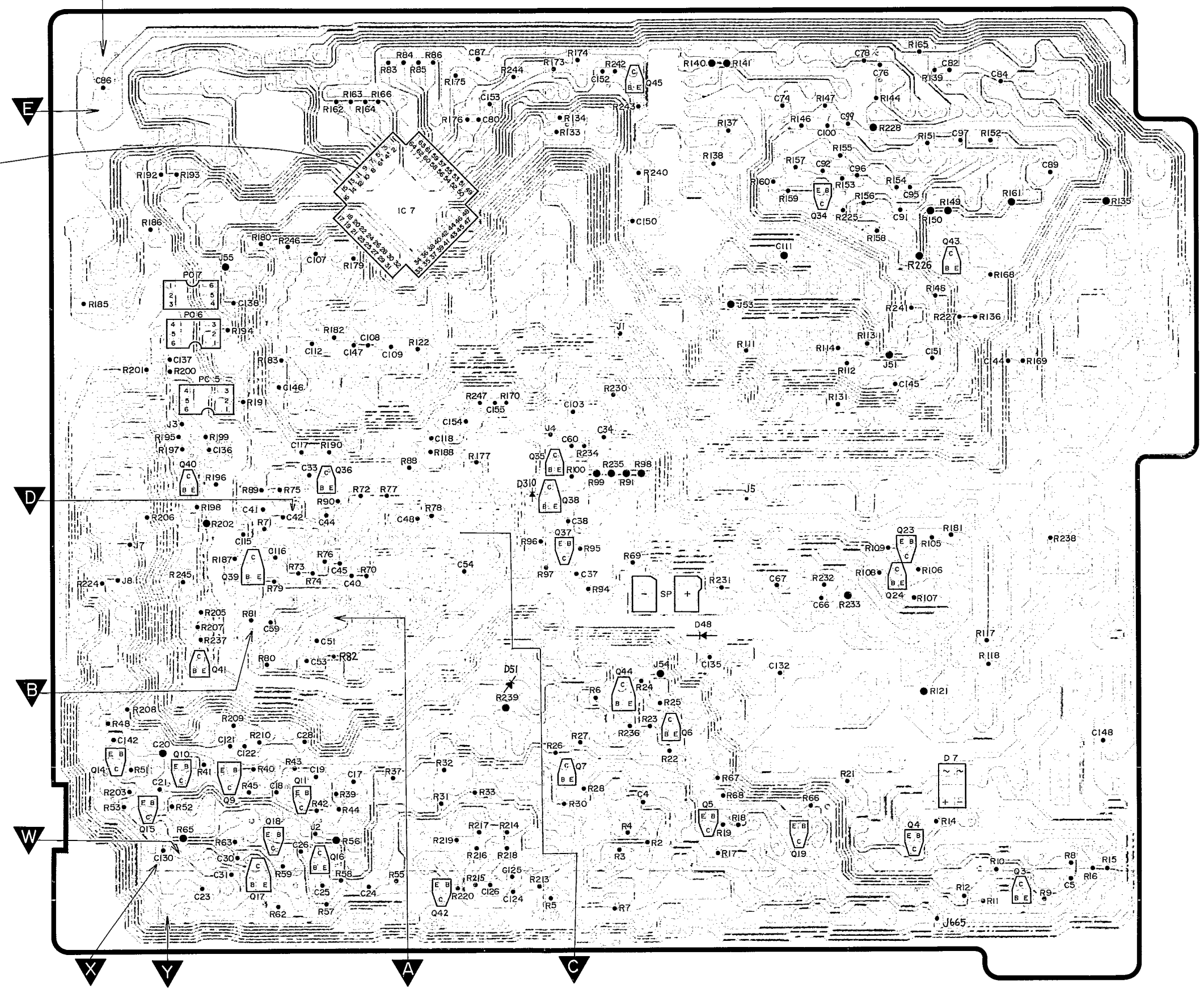
# MAIN PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD (COMPONENT VIEW)



MAIN PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD (BOTTOM VIEW)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

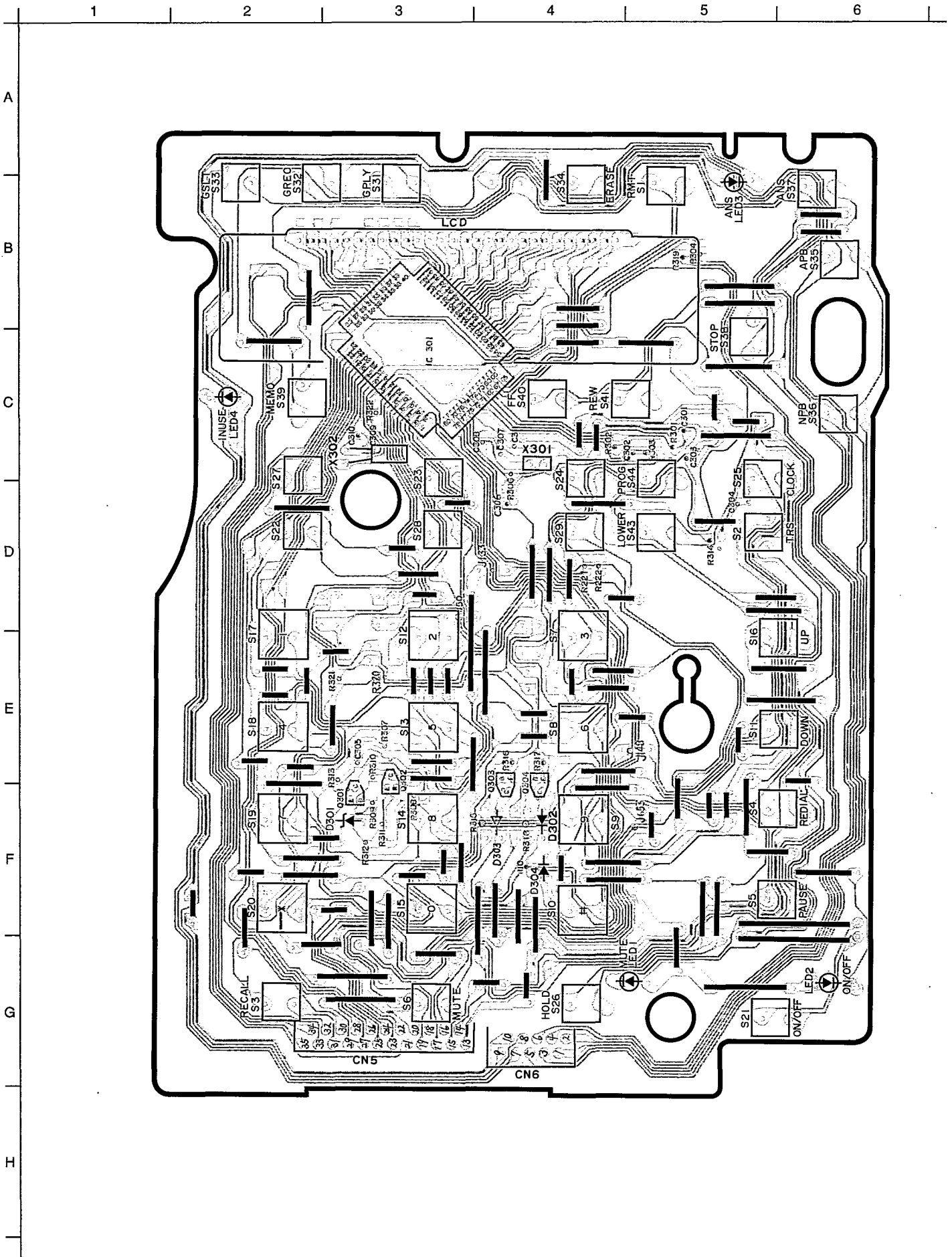
IC7	
Pin No.	Volatge
1-4	0
5-9	5.5
10, 11	0
12-16	5.5
17	0
18	3.4
19, 20	0
21	1.5
22	0
23	2.7
24	2.8
25	5.5
26	0
27, 28	5.5
29-32	0
33, 34	5.5
35-41	0
42, 43	5.9
44, 45	0
46	5.5
47	5.4
48	0
49	4
50, 51	5.5
52	0
53	5.5
55	5.5
56	2.5
57	2.7
58	2.5
59	2.7
60	0
61	2.2
62	0
63, 64	2.2



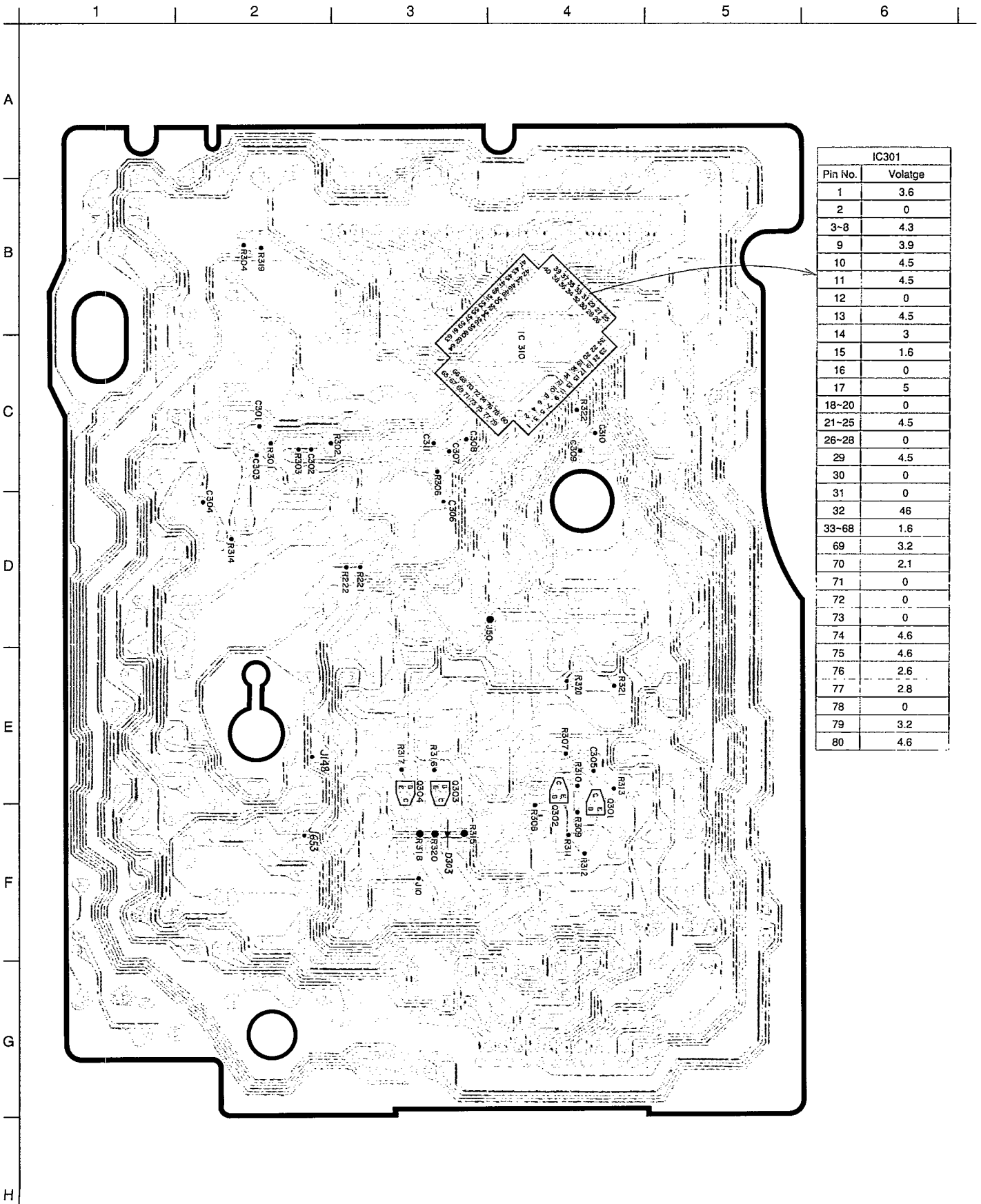
A  
B  
C  
D  
E  
F  
G  
H



# OPERATION PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD (COMPONENT VIEW)

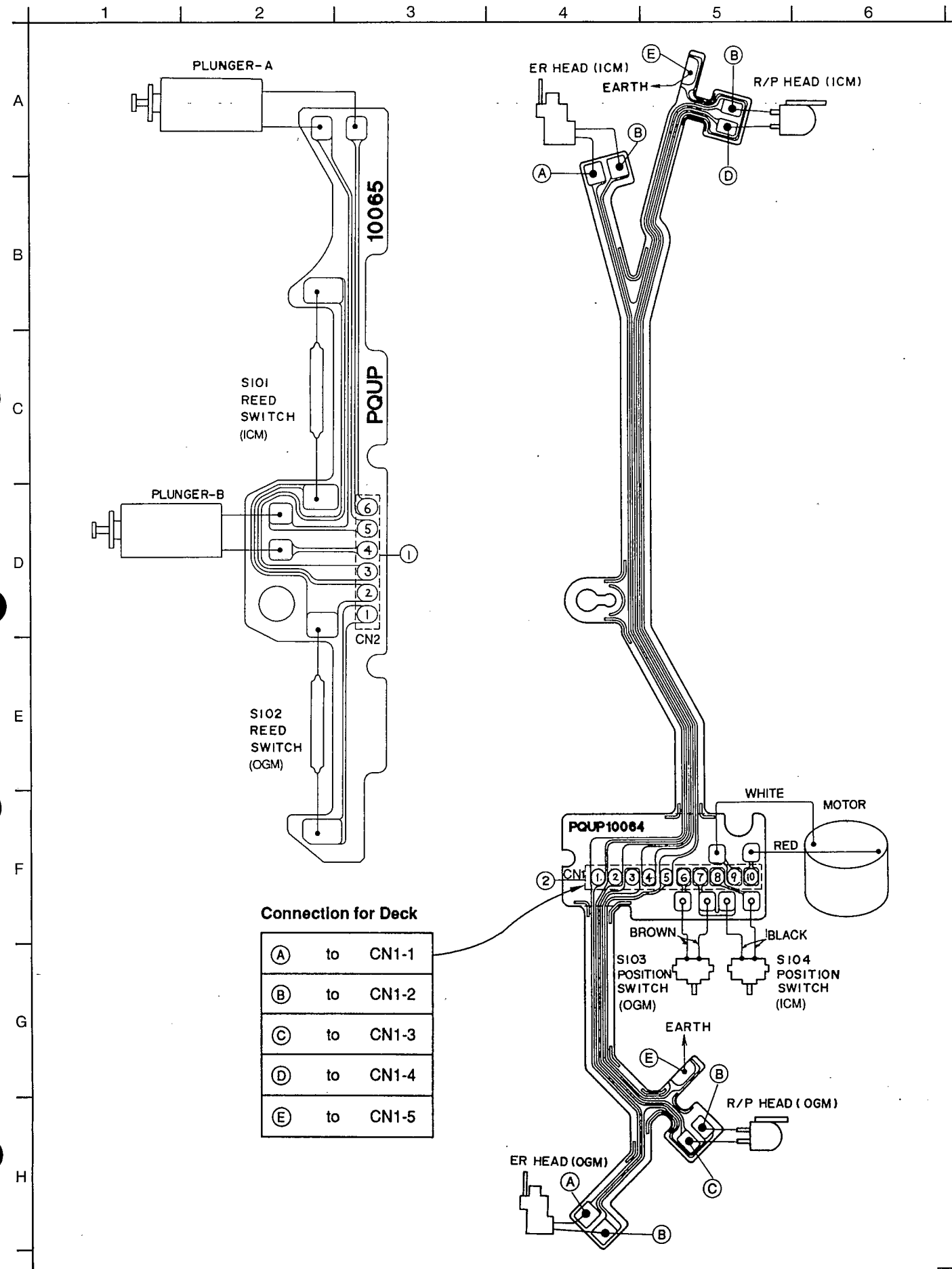


# OPERATION PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD (BOTTOM VIEW)



IC301	
Pin No.	Voltage
1	3.6
2	0
3-8	4.3
9	3.9
10	4.5
11	4.5
12	0
13	4.5
14	3
15	1.6
16	0
17	5
18-20	0
21-25	4.5
26-28	0
29	4.5
30	0
31	0
32	46
33-68	1.6
69	3.2
70	2.1
71	0
72	0
73	0
74	4.6
75	4.6
76	2.6
77	2.8
78	0
79	3.2
80	4.6

### CASSETTE DECK CONNECTION



### TERMINAL GUIDE OF ICS, TRANSISTORS AND DIODES

 PQVI4678A32H	 PQVISC111812	 PQVIUPC358C PQVIBA8206	 LN268RPXTAB	 PQVICS11160N
 PQVT2N6517CA 2SA1625 PQVTKSD261CY	 2SC1740S	 AN6658K	 2SD2136	 PQVTFB1J3P PQVTTD123K UN5213 2SB1218A 2SD1819A
 PQVDMTZ5R1 PQVDS5688G	 MA4110 MA4360 MA4180	 MA4033 MA4039 MA4047 MA8030	 1S2076 PQVDMTZ6R8 MA700A 1SS119	 LN260RPX
 PQVI4618B02F	 PQVISC77655S	 RLS71 PQVDRB751H4	 PQVDSLZ255B1	 MA141WK

### BLOCK DIAGRAM

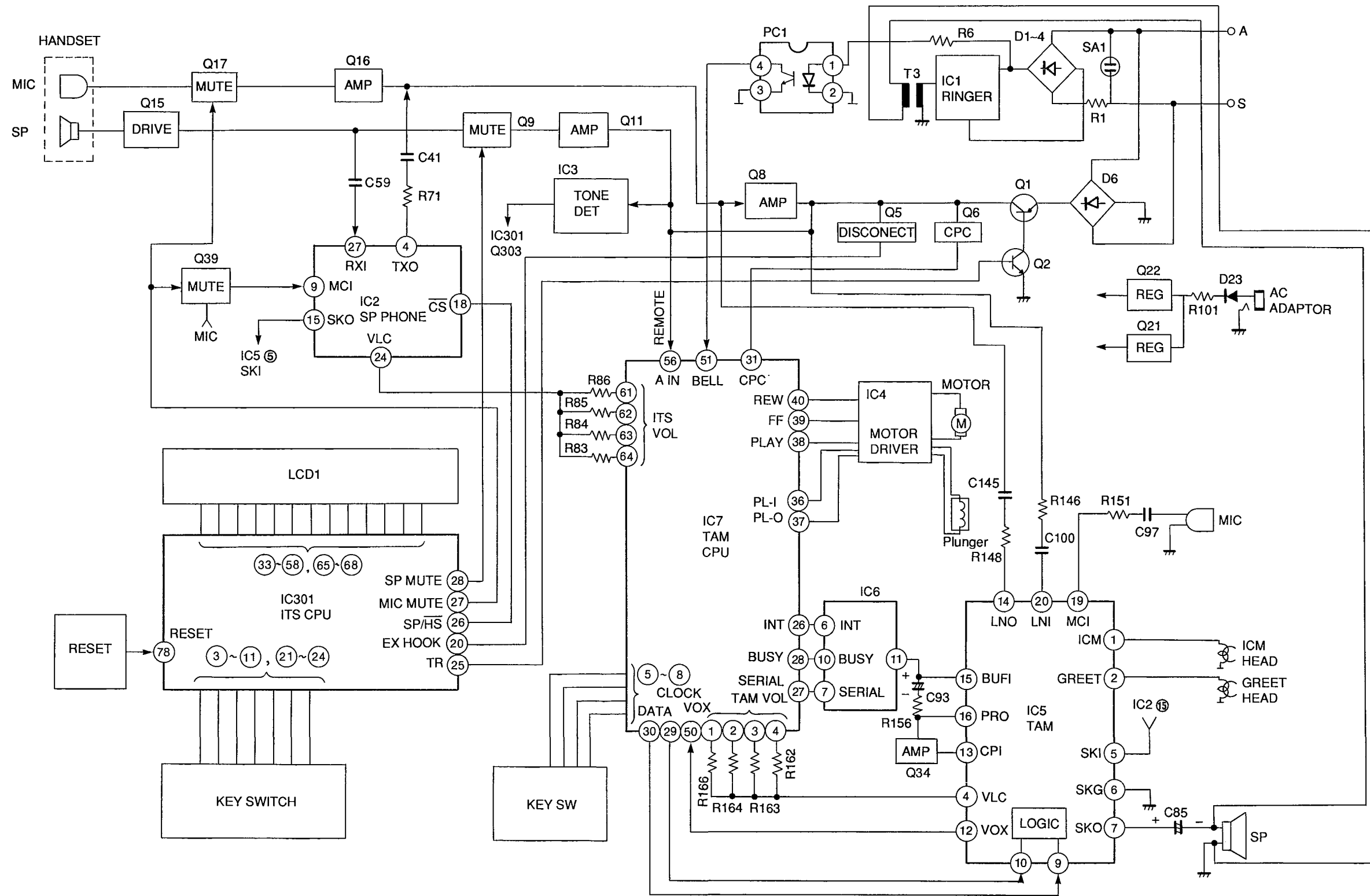


Fig. 12

# CIRCUIT OPERATIONS

**Note:**

The circuit diagram may be modified at any time with the development of new technology.

## TELEPHONE LINE INTERFACE

When the hook switch SW1 is ON (off-hook), the circuit is closed, and current is supplied to the base of Q2 via the diode bridge D6 and R9.

Q1 and Q2 are the dial pulse generating circuits, and are driven by the CPU (IC301), when the pin 34 of CPU is a Low level → Q12 → Q2 is OFF and Q1 is OFF. (break)

If port pin 2 is OFF (high impedance) → Q4 → Q2 and Q1 ON. (make)

R2 ..... Bell sensitivity adjustment

R3, C3 ..... Repeat frequency setting fL

R4, C4 ..... Bell frequency setting fH1, fH2

fH, fH2, fL are derived from the following formulas:

$$fH1 = \frac{1}{1.227 \times R6 \times C4} = 828\text{HZ}$$

$$fL = \frac{1}{1.273 \times R5 \times C3} = 10.8\text{HZ}$$

R5=120kΩ

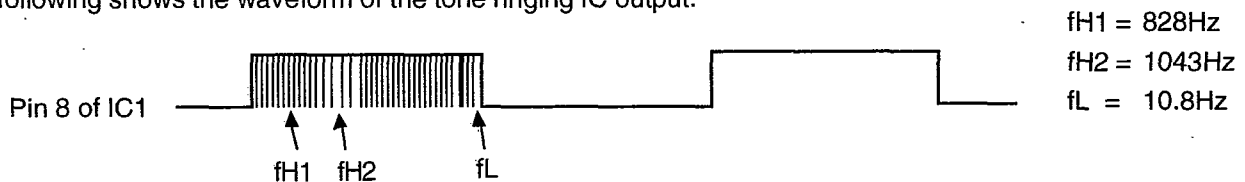
C4=0.0082μF

R3=330kΩ

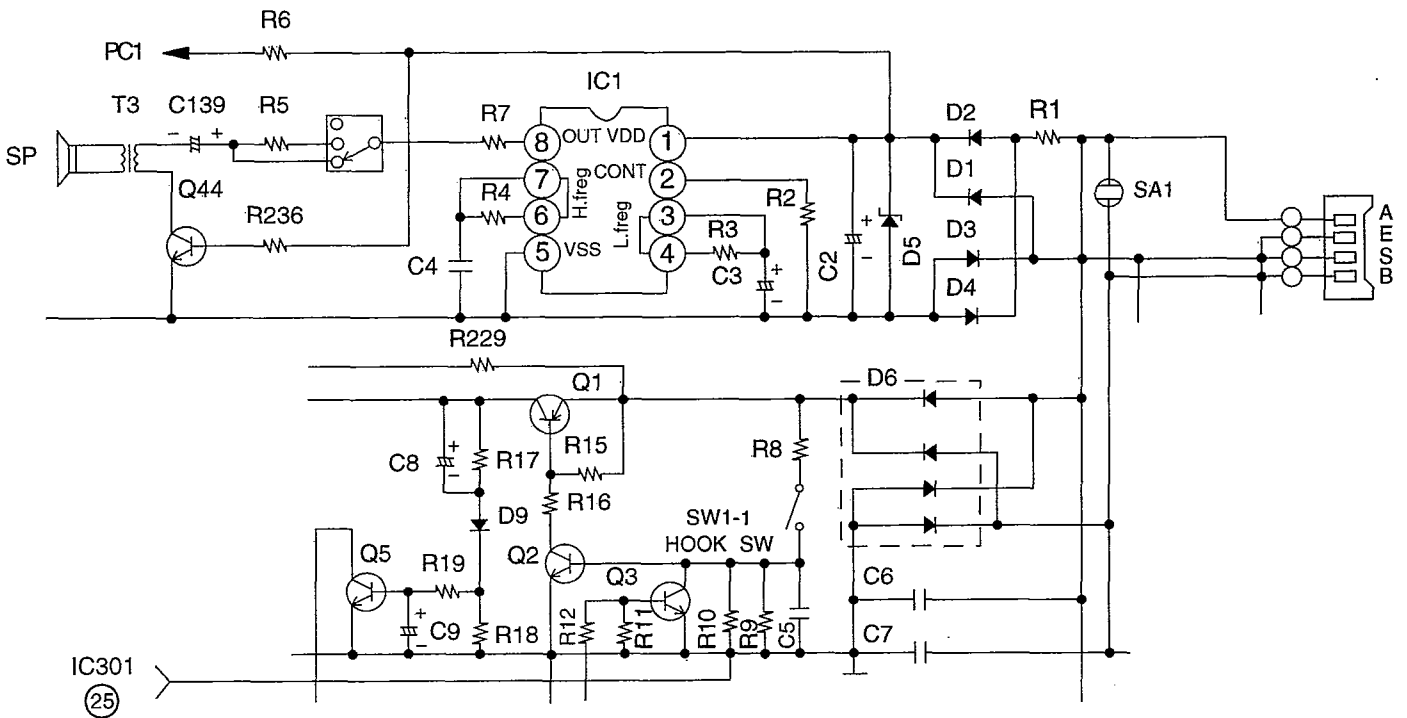
C3=0.22μF

$$fH2 = 1.26 \times fH1 = 1043\text{Hz}$$

The following shows the waveform of the tone ringing IC output:



Circuit Diagram



■ TONE DIAL CIRCUIT

**Function:**

The tone dialing circuit consists of a DTMF (Dual Tone Multi Frequency) signals generator (outputted from Pins 72 and 73 of the microprocessor) for tone dialing, and also a circuit for outputting the signal to the line. The DTMF circuit identifies inputs from the 12 keys (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9, \* and #) by means of a total of seven frequencies, that is four low frequencies (Low group) and three high frequencies (High group).

**Circuit Description:**

When a dial key is pressed, a DTMF signal is outputted from pins 72 and 73 of IC301 as an analog synthetic wave. The signal flow to the line is as follows: Pins 72 and 73 of IC301 → R314 → D38 → R208 → R209 → R210 → C28 → Base of Q16 → Collector of Q16 → C24 → R55 → Base of Q8 → Collector of Q8 → R29 → Collector of Q1 → Emitter of Q1 → D6 → Telephone Line.

The DTMF signal is sent to the line via the following path.

Q8 is an amplifier which is used to output the signal to line.

Shown below is the signal flow used to output the DTMF signal from the handset as a monitor tone when a dial key is pressed.

Pins 72 and 73 of IC301 → R314 → R42 → C20 → Base of Q16 → Emitter of Q15 → C22 → Handset Speaker.

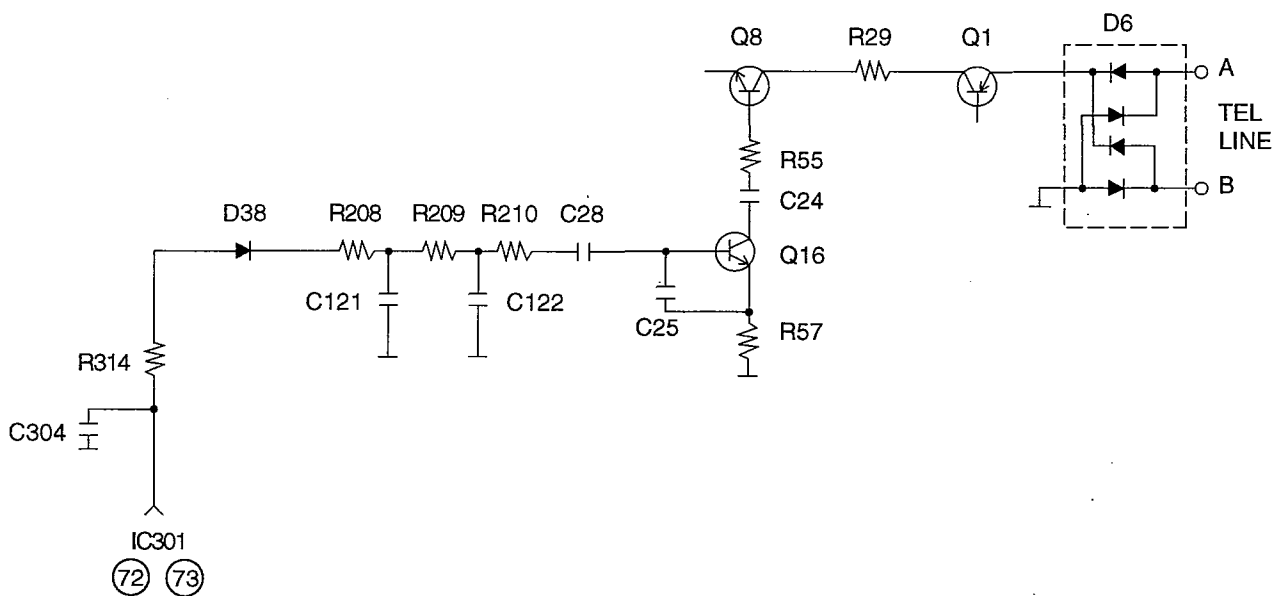
The signal combination and frequency corresponding to each dial key is shown below.

**Tone Frequency**

Low Group	High Group	H1	H2	H3
	L1	1	2	3
L2	4	5	6	
L3	7	8	9	
L4	*	0	#	

Low Group	Frequencies	High Group	Frequencies
L1	697Hz± 1.5%	H1	1209Hz± 1.5%
L2	770Hz± 1.5%	H2	1336Hz± 1.5%
L3	852Hz± 1.5%	H3	1477Hz± 1.5%
L4	941Hz± 1.5%		

Circuit Diagram



■ PULSE DIAL CIRCUIT

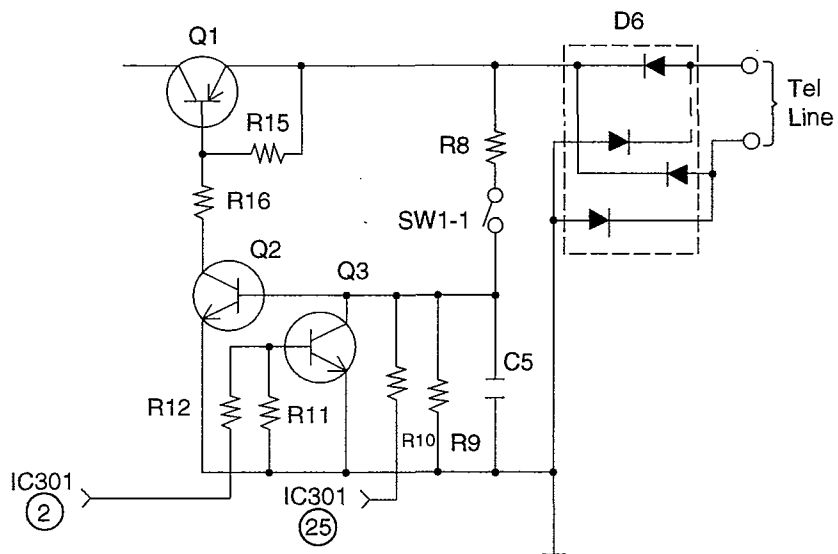
**Circuit Operation:**

When the hook switch SW1 is ON (off-hook), the circuit is closed, and current is supplied to the base of Q2 via the diode bridge D6 and Q2 are ON → Q1 is ON (OFF-HOOK condition).

Q1 and Q2 are the dial pulse generating circuits, and are driven by the CPU, when the Pin 2 of IC301 (CPU) is High → Q3 is ON → Q2 is OFF and Q1 is OFF. (Break)

If port Pin 2 of IC301 is OPEN → R12 → Q3 is OFF → Q2 is ON → Q1 is ON. (Make)

Circuit Diagram



## ■ SPEAKERPHONE CIRCUIT

### Function:

This circuit controls the automatic switching of the transmitted and received signals, to and from the telephone line, when the unit is used in the hands-free mode.

### Circuit Operation:

The speakerphone can only provide a one-way communication path.

In other words, it can either transmit an outgoing signal or receive an incoming signal at a given time, but cannot do both simultaneously. Therefore, a switching circuit is necessary to control the flow of the outgoing and incoming signals.

This switching circuit is contained in IC2 and consists of a Voice Detector, Tx Attenuator, Rx Attenuators, Comparator and Attenuator Control. The circuit analyzes whether the Tx (transmit) or the Rx (receive) signal is louder, and then it processes the signals such that the louder signal is given precedence.

The Voice Detector provides a DC input to the Attenuator Control corresponding to the Tx signal.

The Comparator receives a Tx and a Rx signal, and supplies a DC input to the Attenuator Control corresponding to the Rx signal. The Attenuator Control provides a control signal to the Tx and the Rx Attenuator to switch the appropriate signals on and off. The Attenuator Control also detects the level of the volume control to automatically adjust for changing ambient conditions.

### 1) Transmission Signal Path

The input signal from the microphone is sent through the circuit via the following path:

- Mic → Pin 9 of IC2 → Pin 10 of IC2 → Pin 3 of IC2 → Pin 4 of IC2 → Q36 → Q35 → Interface (T1) → Telephone Line.

### 2) Reception signal Path

Signals received from the telephone line are outputted at the speaker via the following path:

- Telephone Line → Interface (T1) → receive amp (Q37) → Pin 27 of IC2 → Pin 26 of IC2 → Pin 19 of IC2 → Pin 15 of IC2 → Speaker.

### 3) Control Signal Path:

Control signals for transmission and reception are inputted to IC2 via the following path:

(Transmission Control Signal Path)

- Mic → Pin 9 of IC2 → Pin 10 of IC2 → Pin 3 of IC2 → Pin 4 of IC2 → Pin 5 of IC2

(Reception Control Signal Path)

- Telephone Line → Interface (T1) → receive amp (Q37) → Pin 7 of IC2

### 4) Transmission/reception Switching

The comparison result between Tx and Rx outputs as a DC level of Pin 25 of IC2

Tx level is high ..... Pin 25 = Pin 20 --- 6mV

Rx level is high ..... Pin 25 = Pin 20 --- 150mV

Comparator output is connected to the attenuator control inside of IC2

### 5) Voice Detector

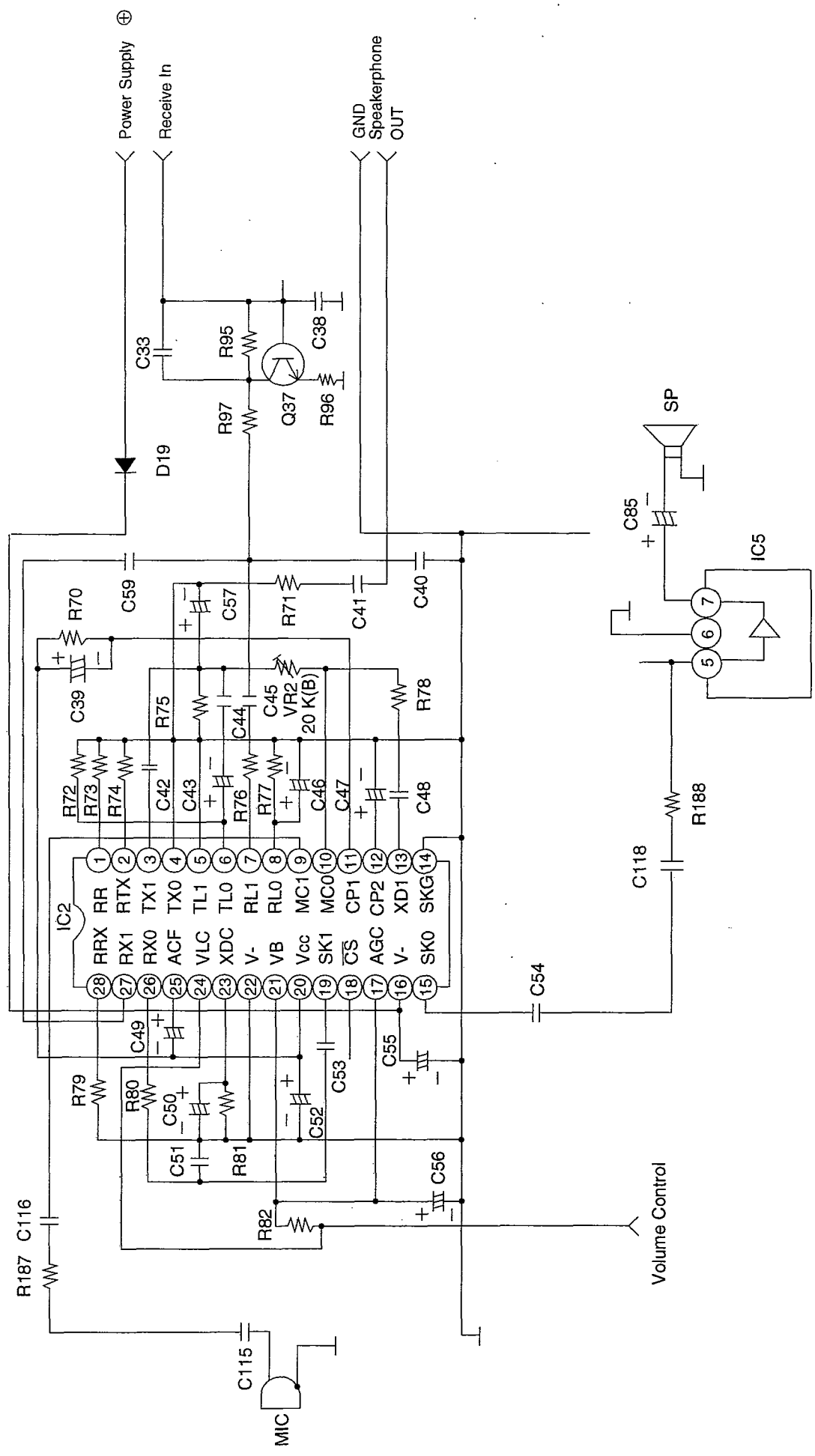
The output of the mic amp (Pin 10 of IC2) is supplied to Pin 13 of IC2 as a control signal for the voice detector.

### 6) Attenuator Control

The attenuator control detects the setting of the volume control through Pin 24 of IC2 to automatically adjust for changing ambient conditions.



Circuit Diagram



## ■ ITS RESET AND STAND BY CONTROL CIRCUIT

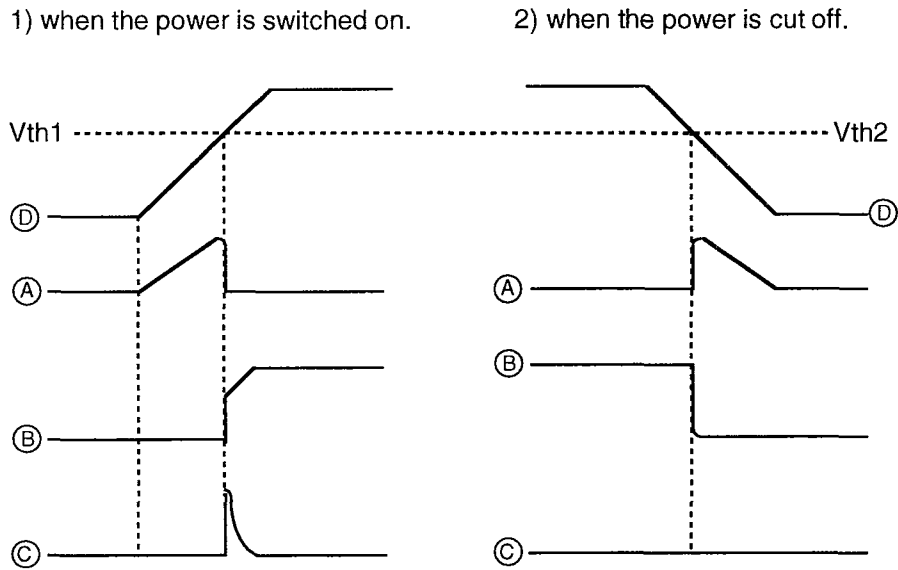
### Function:

In order to hold contents of the memory of IC301, the unit is designed so that it goes into the Stop mode when the power is cut off (memory backup mode: CPU clock stops in order to reduce power consumption).

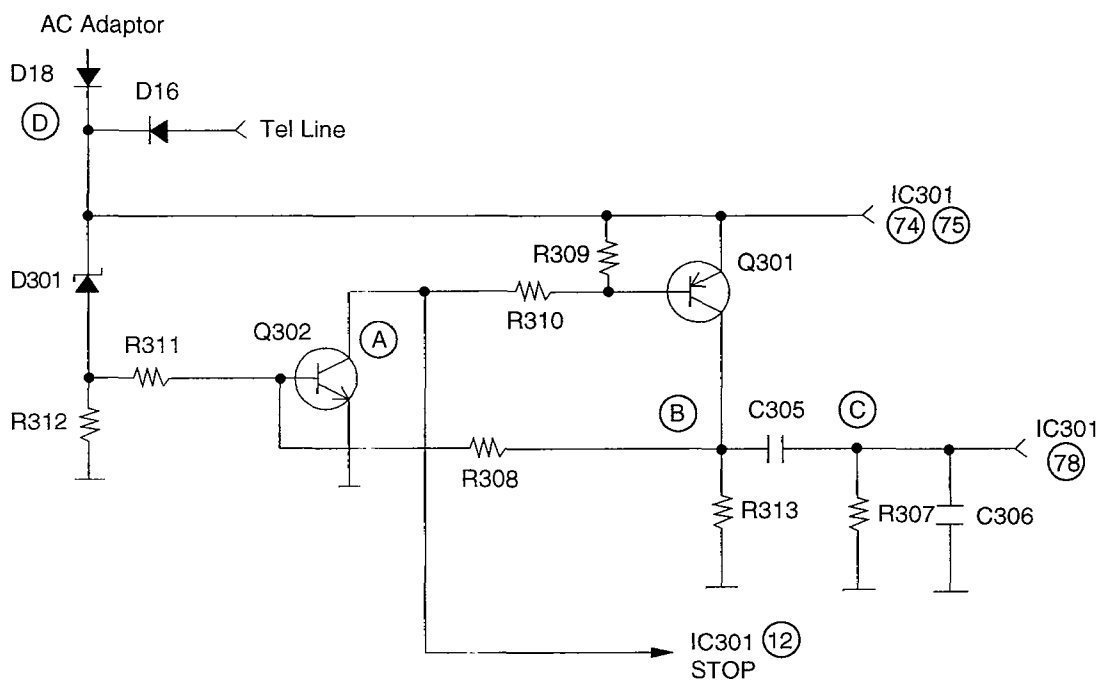
### Circuit Operation:

Timing charts (A) to (D) are shown.

- 1) When the power is switched ON, the voltage will gradually rise until it reaches  $V_{th1}$ , whereupon Pin 78 of IC301 input port charges from a "High" → "Low", and a reset is applied. Simultaneously, a "Low" is inputted to Pin 12 of IC301 the stop input port, causing the stop mode to be cleared.
- 2) When the power is cut off, the voltage falls until reaches  $V_{th2}$ , whereupon a "High" is inputted to Pin 12 of IC301, and IC301 enters the stop mode to reduce power consumption, so that only memory hold current is supplied.



Circuit Diagram



## ■ TONE DETECTION CIRCUIT

### Function:

This circuit is used to sense the status of the line (busy tone or dial tone) during Auto PAUSE or Auto Redial.

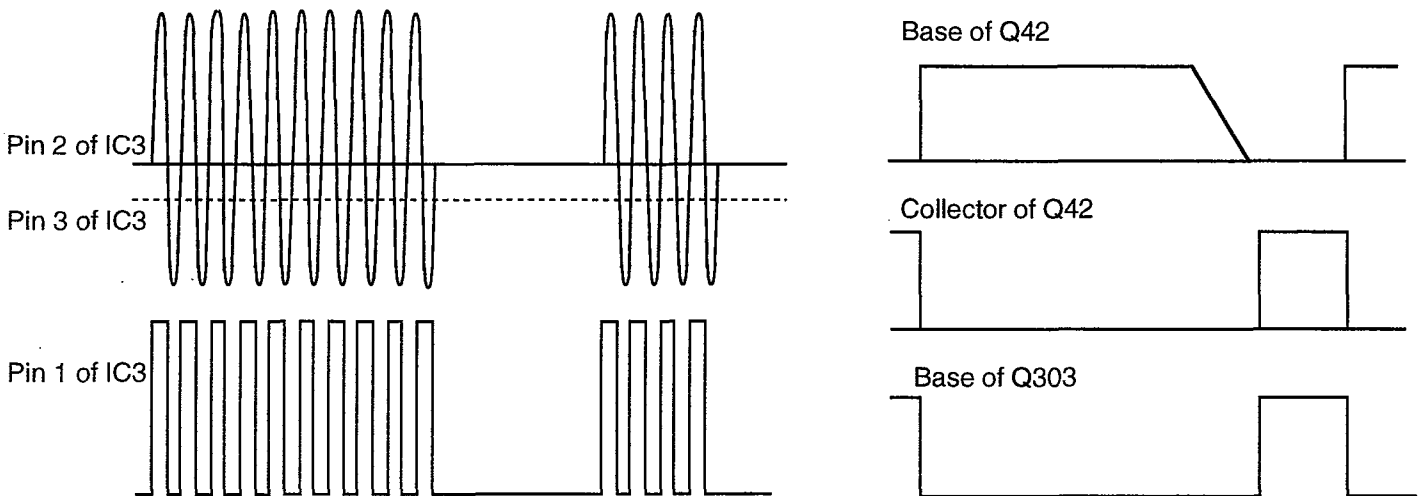
### Circuit Description:

The signal from the line passes through the path D6 → Q1 → R29 → R213 → C124 → C125, and then the signal is inputted to Pin 6 of IC3. Here the dial tone or busy tone alone is extracted and outputted from Pin 7 of IC3. It is then input to pin 2 of IC3 and compared with the level at Pin 3 of IC3. When a busy tone or dial tone is inputted, Pin 1 of IC3 becomes HIGH logic level.

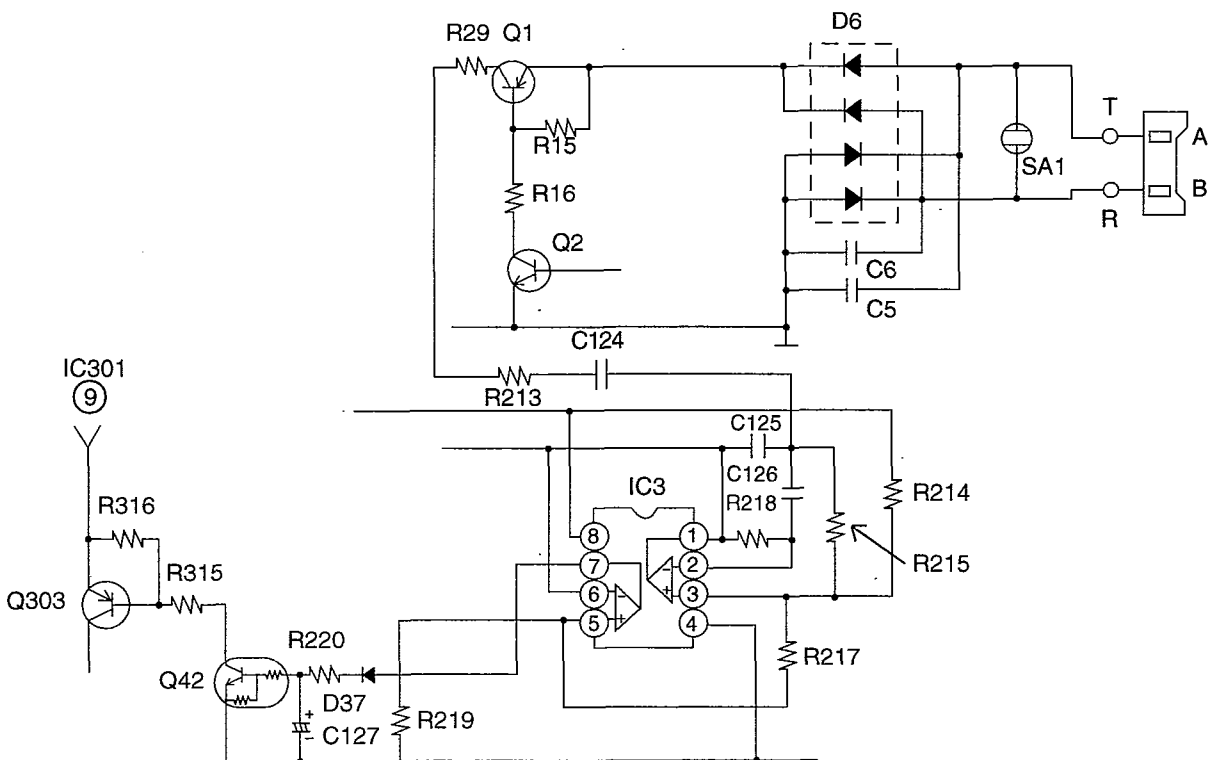
This level passes through D37, and is smoothed by C127 → Q42 goes ON → collector of Q42 becomes LOW logic level → base of Q303 becomes LOW logic level.

When there is not busy tone or dial tone, Pin 1 of IC3 becomes LOW logic level → D37 → Q42 goes OFF → collector of Q42 becomes HIGH logic level → base of Q303 becomes HIGH logic level.

Timing Chart



Circuit Diagram



## ■ CLEARING THE HOLD STATUS AND AUTO DISCONNECT CIRCUIT

### Function:

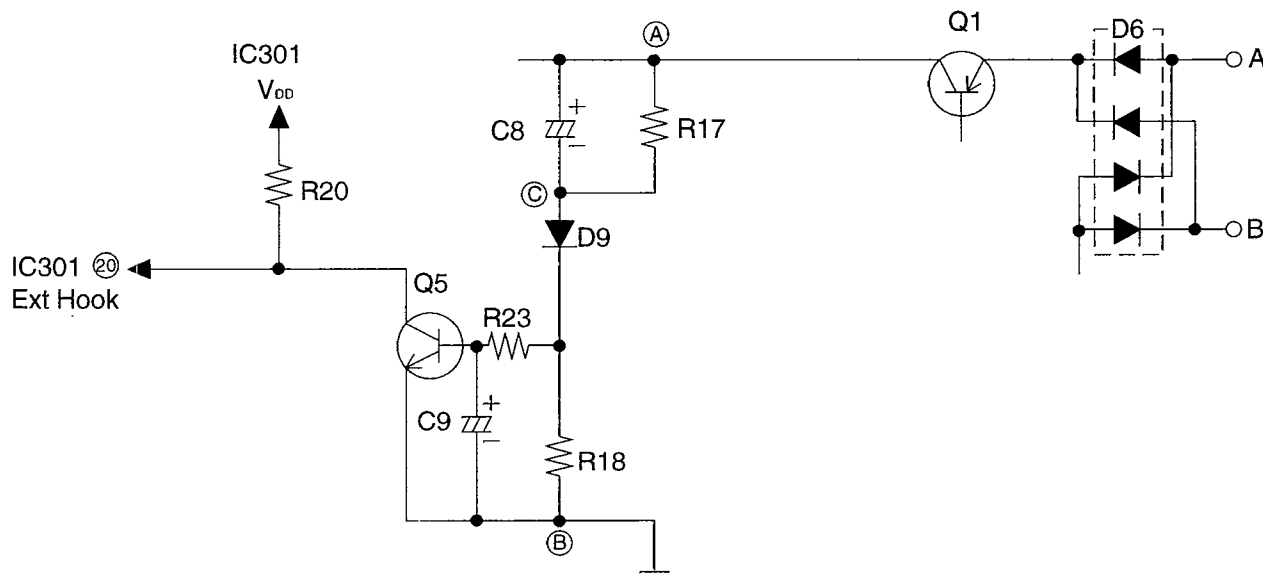
When line recording is taking place in the Hold status or a TAM ANSWER status, this unit will detect the OFF-Hook status of another telephone connected in parallel with the line and then clear the Hold status, and stops, recording.

### Circuit Description:

When the unit seizes a line a voltage will be applied between points (A) and (B). At this time a voltage will be applied to the base of Q5, causing Q5 to turn ON. As a result, the collector of Q5 will go Low, and a Low status will be inputted to Pin 20 of IC301, thus detecting the fact that the unit has seized the line. Then, when the parallel-connected telephone goes into an OFF-Hook status, the voltage between (A) and (B) will fall. However, the charge on C10 causes the previous voltage between

(A) and (C) to be retained, hence the voltage between (C) and (B) falls. Consequently, the base potential of Q5 falls, causing Q5 to turn OFF and Pin 20 of IC301 to go high, thus detecting the fact that the parallel-connected telephone is in an OFF-Hook status.

Circuit Diagram



## LCD CIRCUIT

### 1) LCD waveform and drive voltage:

The IC301 segment terminal is connected to the front electrode, while the common terminal is connected to the rear electrode, thus driving the LCD panel. When both the segment and the common signals are at the selected voltage, the differential waveform of the two signals becomes the square wave required for the LCD panel. Since the signal is a square wave, the LCD will go out if either one, or both signals become a non-selected voltage. In order to supply the optimum LCD drive voltage for the segment signal and the common signal based on the  $\frac{1}{3}$  bias law,

$$V_{LC1} = V_{DD} - \frac{1}{3} V_{LCD}$$

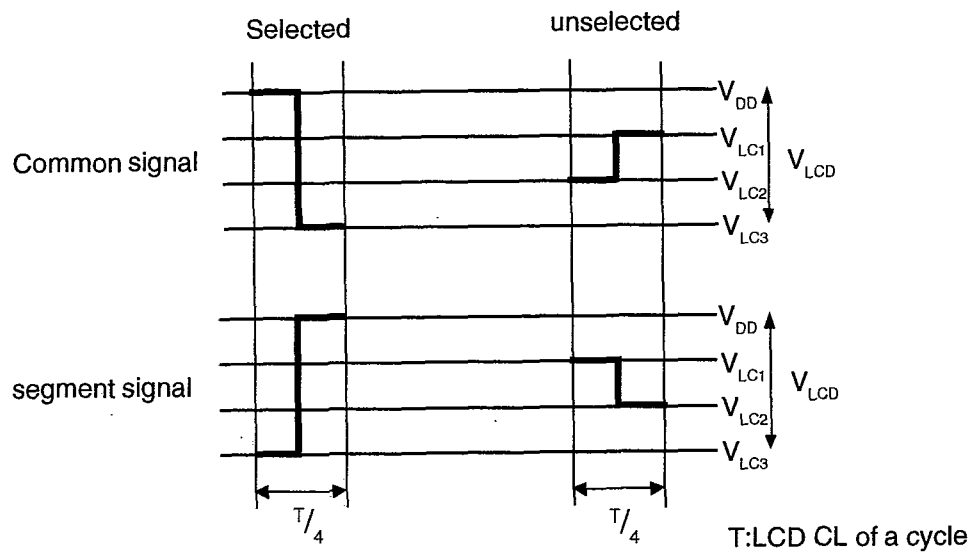
$$V_{LC2} = V_{DD} - \frac{2}{3} V_{LCD}$$

$$V_{LC3} = V_{DD} - V_{LCD}$$

$$\text{but } 2.7 \leq V_{LCD} \leq V_{DD}$$

Using these voltages and timing signals, the LCD drive voltage control circuit sets the selected voltage and non-selected voltage as well as their phases, in the following way: It can be seen that the voltage ratio of the select and non-select voltage is 3:1, and the phase is inverted. The common signal and segment signal phases are also constantly inverted.

(common signal and segment signal voltages and phases)



Accordingly, the potential difference between the common signal and the segment signal which drive the LCD panel is as indicated in the following chart, and only when both are at selected voltage is the lighting voltage  $+V_{LCD}/-V_{LCD}$  produced. In any other combination, the "light out" voltage  $+1/3 V_{LCD}/-1/3 V_{LCD}$  is produced.

		segment signal Sn	
		selected	unselected
common signal COMm		$V_{LC3}/V_{DD}$	$V_{LC1}/V_{LC2}$
		selected $V_{DD}/V_{LC3}$	unselected $V_{LC2}/V_{LC1}$
selected	$V_{DD}/V_{LC3}$	$+V_{LCD}/-V_{LCD}$	$+1/3 V_{LCD}/-1/3 V_{LCD}$
unselected	$V_{LC2}/V_{LC1}$	$+1/3 V_{LCD}/-1/3 V_{LCD}$	$+1/3 V_{LCD}/-1/3 V_{LCD}$

In accordance with the display pattern shown in Fig. C, it is necessary for the selected and non-selected voltages shown in the following chart to be output at the Seg12, Seg13 terminals.

		segment	
		Seg 12	Seg 13
common		selected	selected
COM0		selected	selected
COM1		unselected	selected
COM2		selected	selected
COM3		selected	selected

The LCD drive waveform produced between Seg12 and the COM0, COM1 signals is shown in Fig. D. It can thus be seen that when Seg12 becomes the selected voltage as the result of the COM0 select timing. The square waveform  $+V_{LCD}/-V_{LCD}$ , which is the LCD lighting level, is generated.

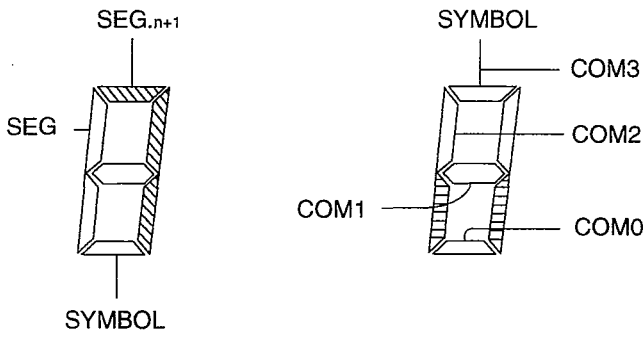


Fig.C

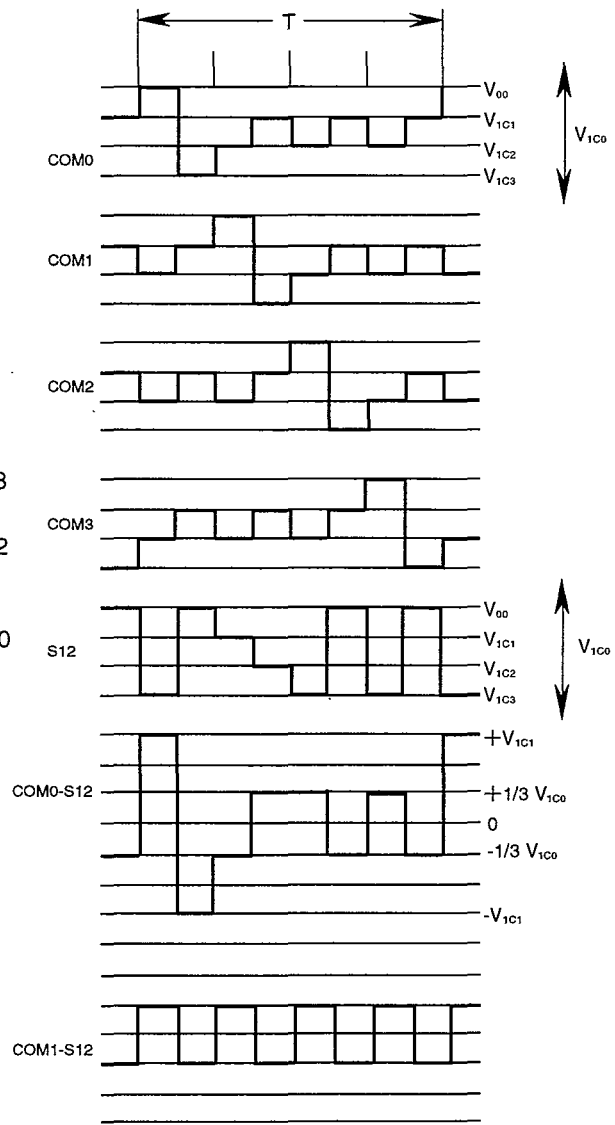
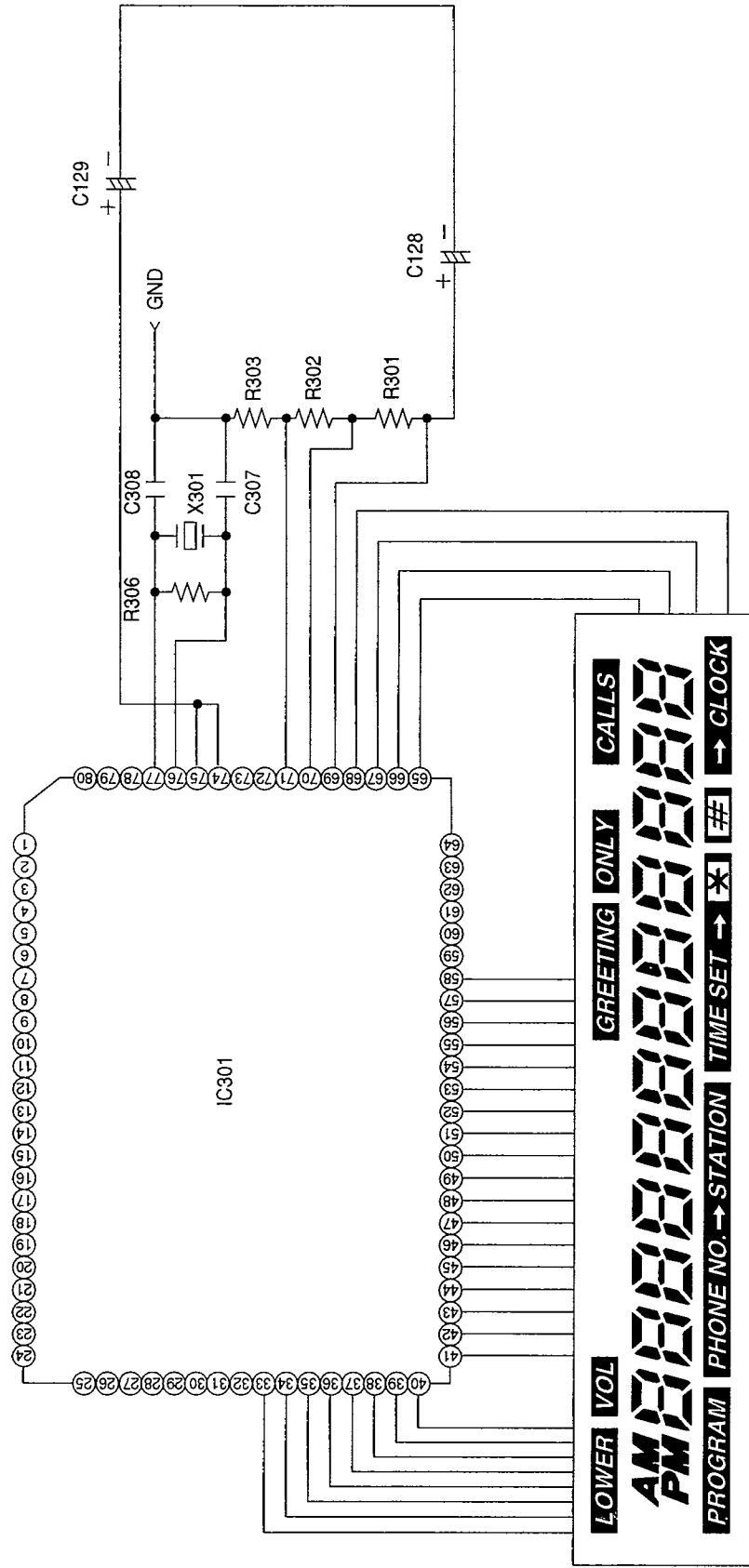


Fig. D

**2) Contrast**

The contrast of the VLCD is adjusted as the ground of the LCD drive voltage circuit is switched by R221, R222 and outputted of pin 69~71 of IC301.

Circuit Diagram





## INITIALIZING CIRCUIT

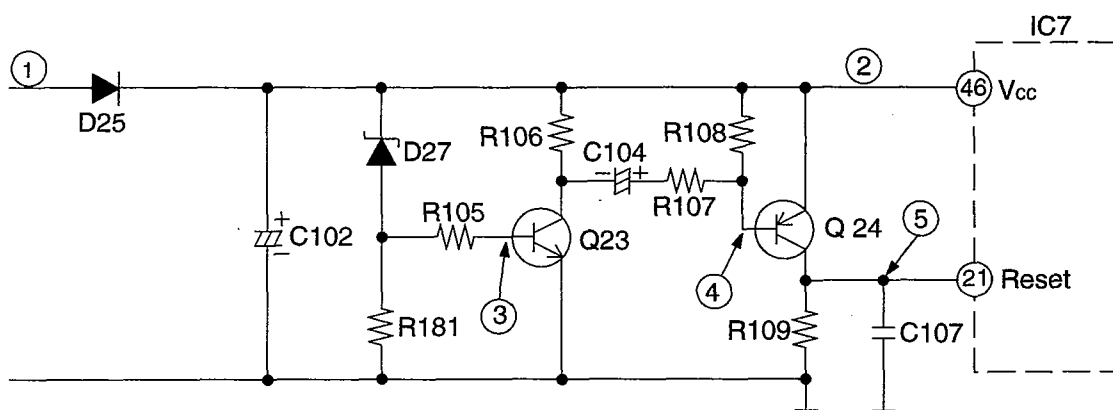
### Function:

This circuit is used for to initialize the microcomputer when it incorporates an AC adaptor.

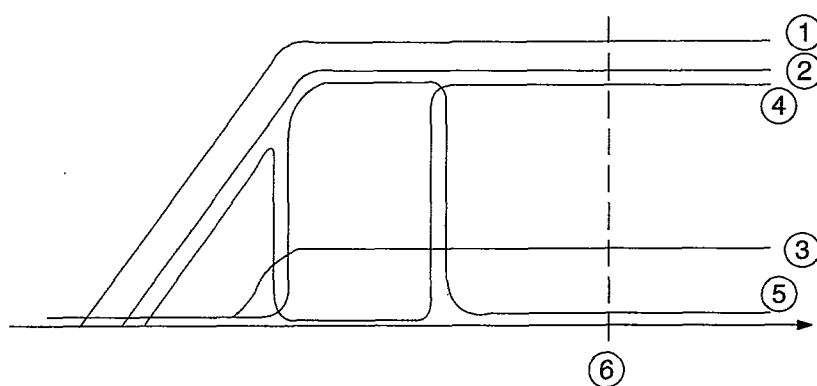
### Circuit Operation:

When the AC Adaptor is inserted into the unit, then the voltage is shifted by D25 and power is supplied to the CPU. The set can operate beyond point A in the circuit voltage diagram.

Circuit Diagram



Circuit Voltage



## ■ TAPE TRANSPORT CONTROL

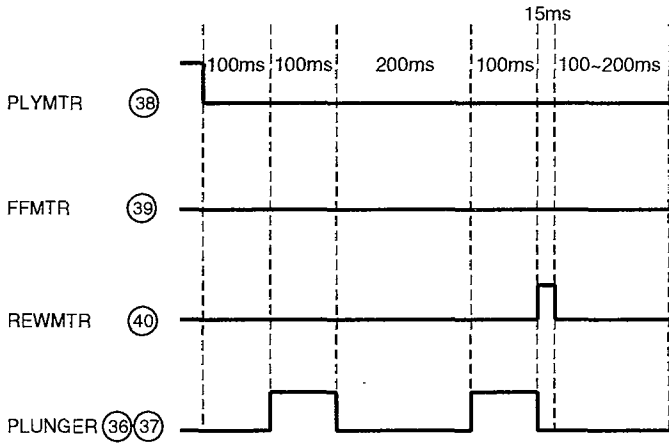
### Circuit Operation:

The timing for the plunger and motor switch are used to operate the deck is as shown in the timing chart.

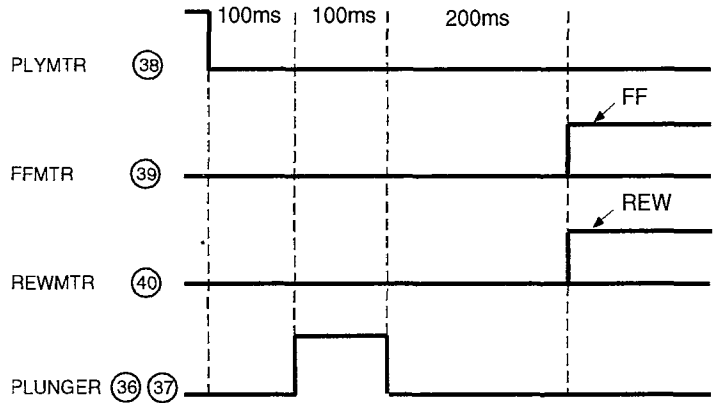
#### Greeting Message

### Timing Chart

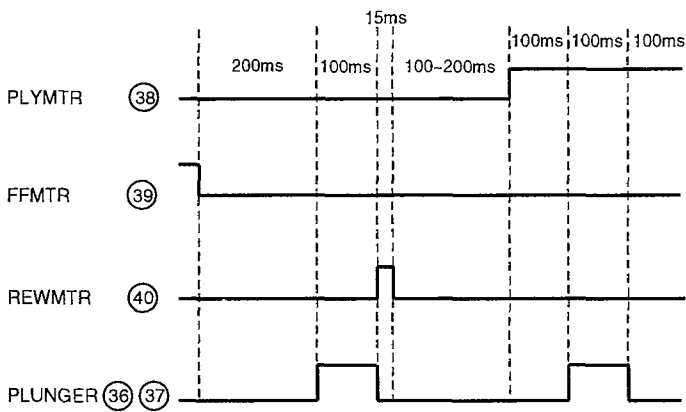
#### PLAY/REC→STOP



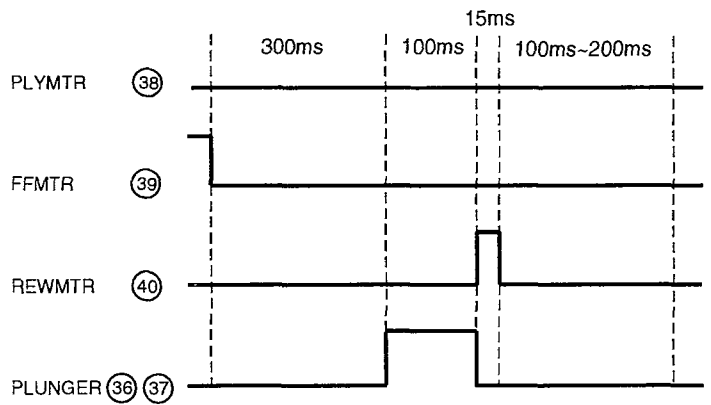
#### PLAY/REC→FF/REW



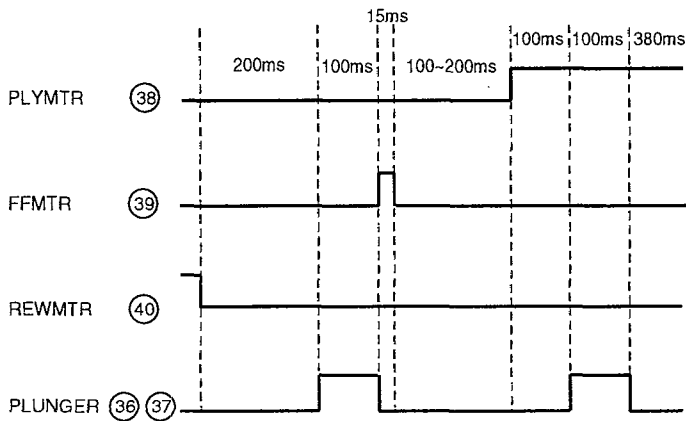
#### FF→PLAY/REC



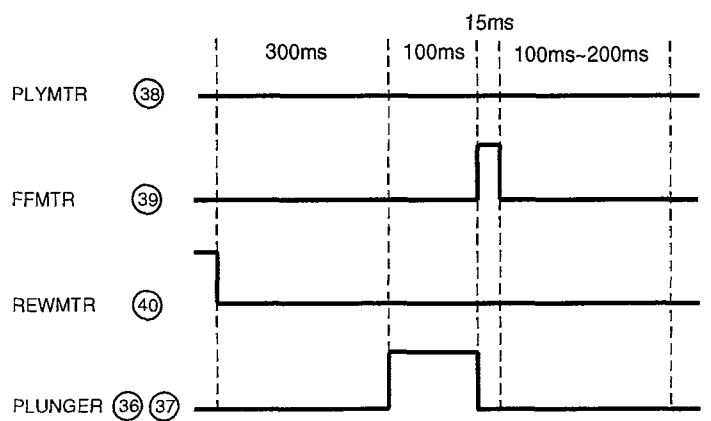
#### FF→STOP



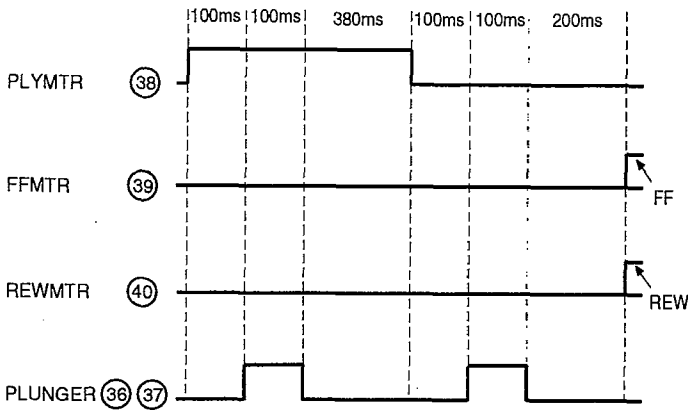
#### REW→PLAY/REC



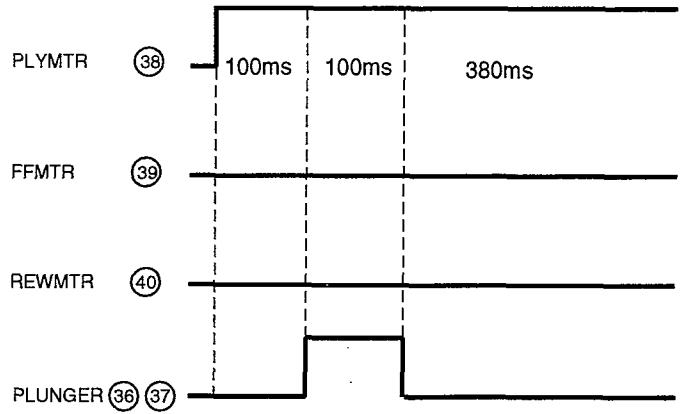
#### REW→STOP



STOP→FF/REW

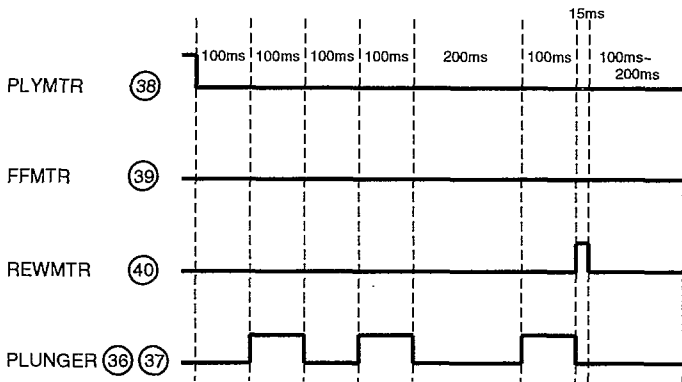


STOP→PLAY/REC

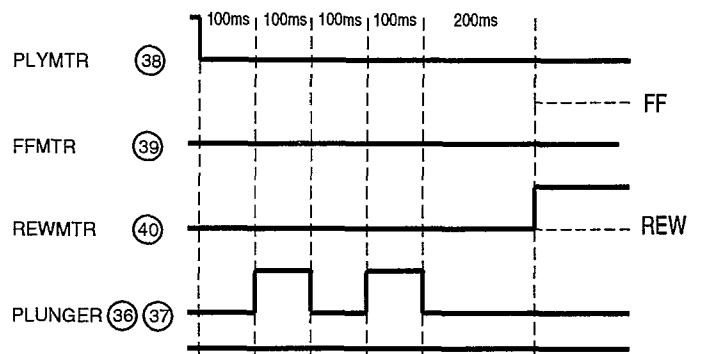


Incoming Message

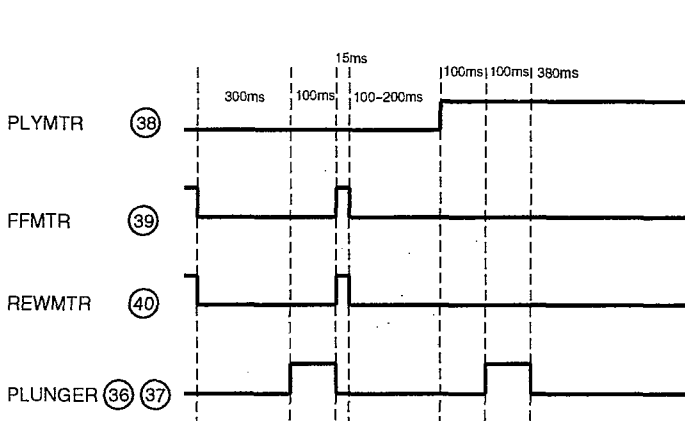
PLAY/REC→STOP



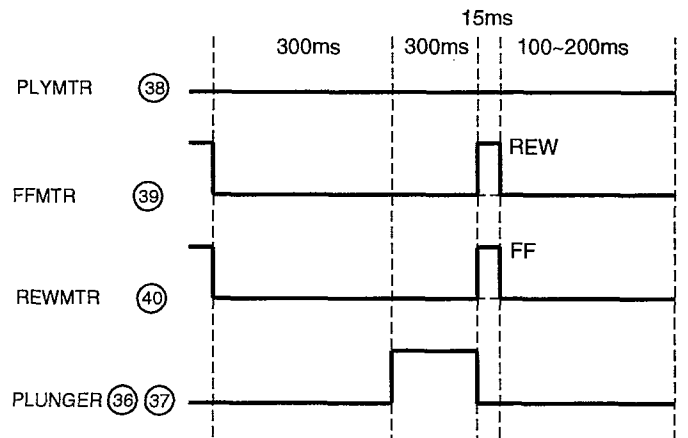
PLAY/REC→FF/REW



FF/REW→PLAY/REC

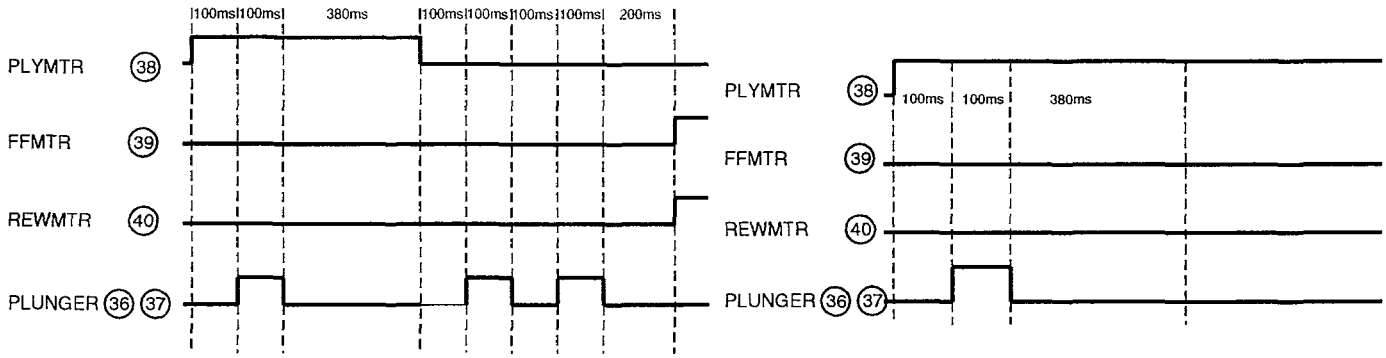


FF/REW→STOP



STOP → FF/REW

STOP → PLAY/REC

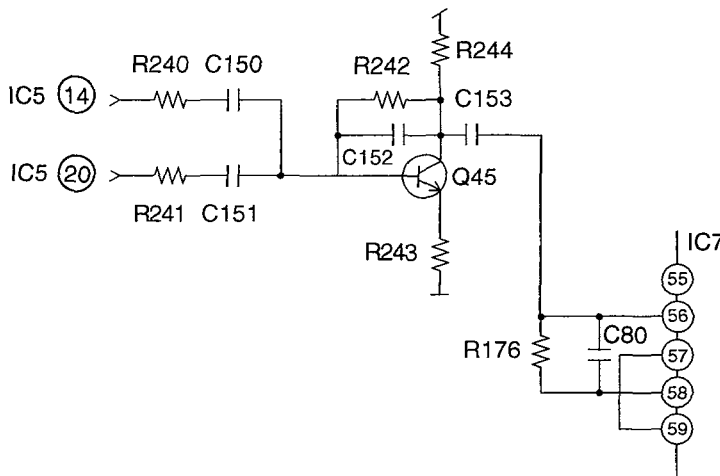


### REMOTE SIGNAL DETECTOR CIRCUIT

#### Circuit Operation:

A remote control signal is used with the dual-tone multiple-frequency (DTMF) signal. The remote signal output from the telephone line via T1. And it is inputted to Pin 56 of IC7 passed through C147 and R93. The DTMF signal is inputted to Pin 56 of IC7.

#### Circuit Diagram



- (A) DTMF+OGM
- (B) OGM
- (A) + (B) = DTMF+OGM+OGM
- (C) = DTMF

### PLAYBACK CIRCUIT (OGM, ICM MESSAGE)

#### Circuit Operation:

The playback signal for OGM and ICM MESSAGE is selected by IC5.

- ICM  
ICM R/P → C 75 → Pin 1 of IC5 → Pin 16 of IC5 → C93 → R156 → Pin 15 of IC5 → Pin 7 of IC5 → C85 → SPEAKER.
- OGM  
OGM R/P → C 77 → Pin 2 of IC5

Circuit Diagram ..... See Page 52

### OGM END DETECTOR CIRCUIT

#### Circuit Operation:

When the Stop Button is pressed upon completion of the OGM recording, no sound signals are recorded on the tape. A no-sound detection system is used during playback. If a no-sound condition exists for 5 seconds, CPU detects the OGM end by the output of Vox Circuit (Fig. E).

Circuit Diagram

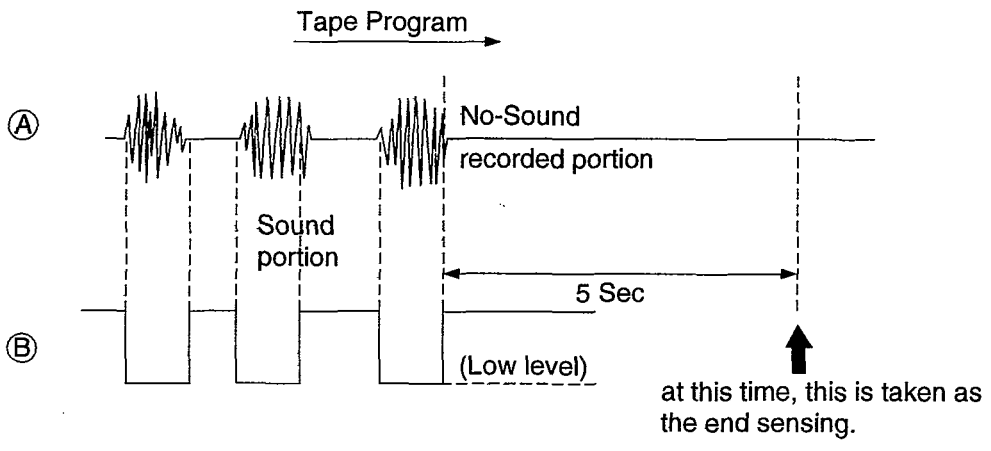
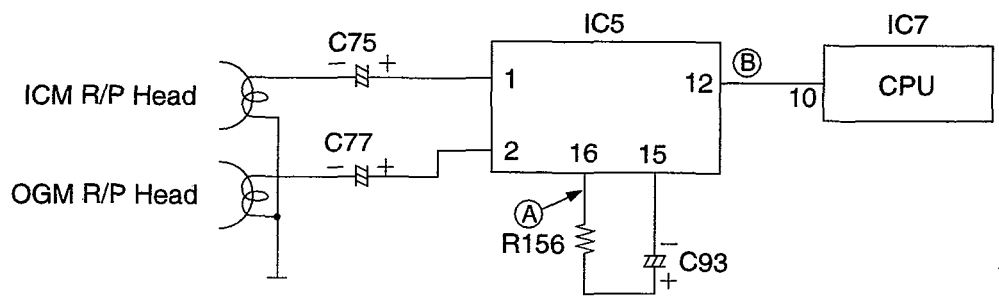


FIG.E



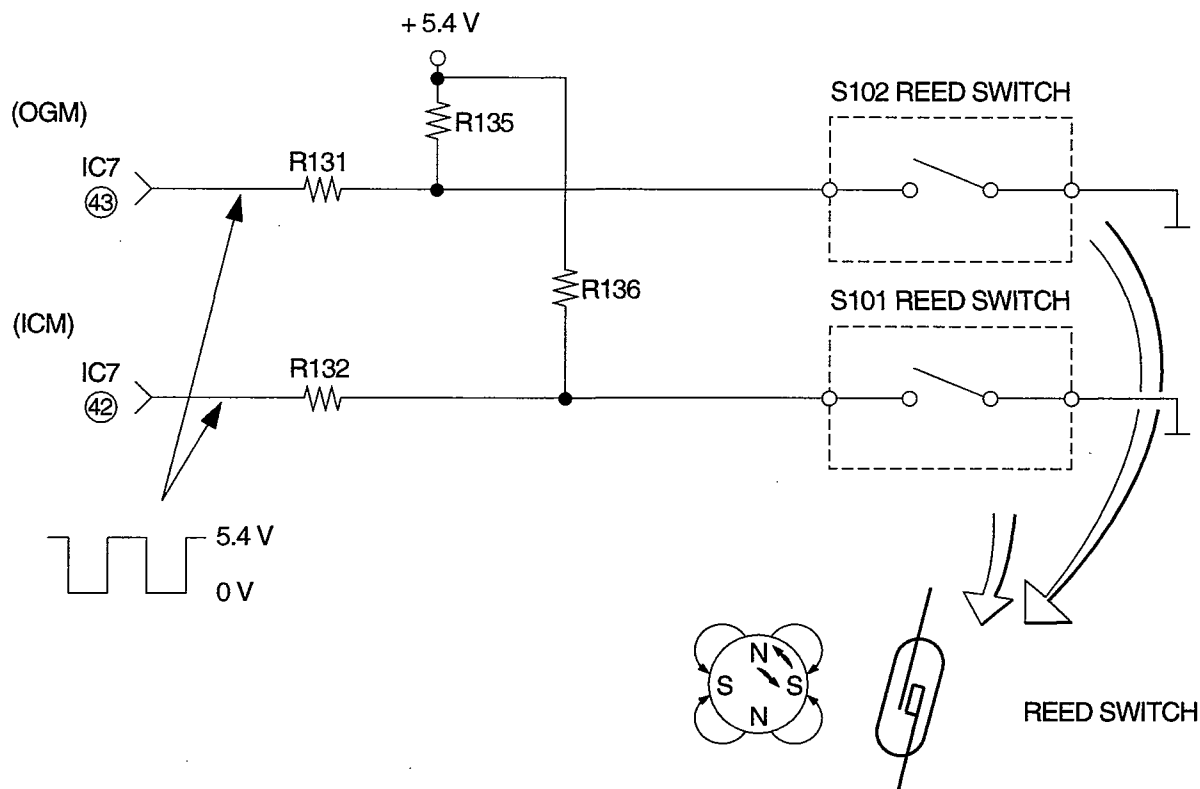
## ICM AND OGM TAPE ROTATION DETECTOR CIRCUIT

### Circuit Operation:

When there are changes in the direction of the magnetic field caused by the rotation of the four-pole ferrite magnet, they are detected by the Reed Switch. This output is added to the microcomputer input.

- (S101) → R132 → Pin 42 of IC7 (ICM)
- (S102) → R131 → Pin 43 of IC7 (OGM)

### Circuit Diagram

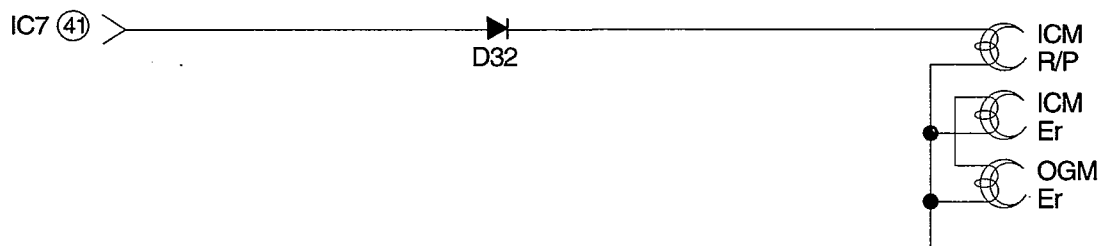


## QUICK ERASE CIRCUIT

### Circuit Operation:

If the erase switch is turned on, DC current will flow as follows:  
Pin 41 of IC7 (High Level) → D32 → ICM R/P Head

### Circuit Diagram



## MONITOR CIRCUIT AND SPEAKER MUTE CIRCUIT

### Circuit Operation:

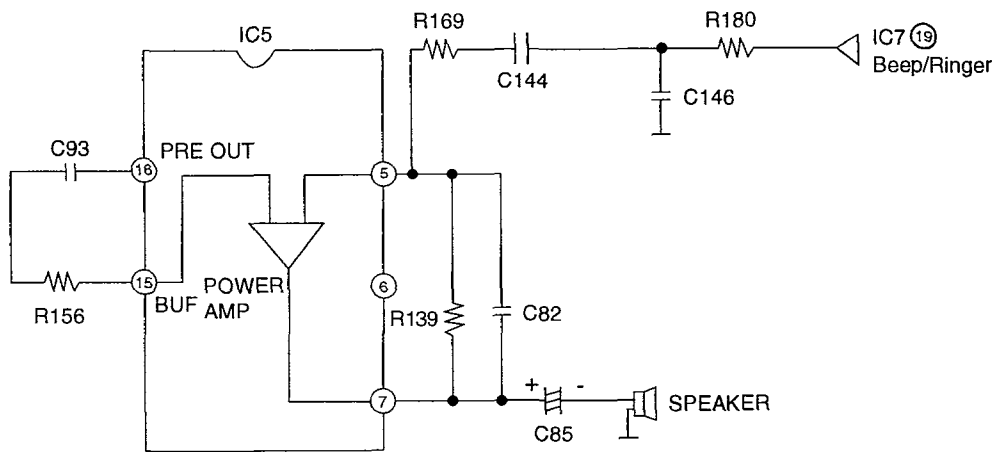
The monitor signal flow is as follows:

The Line signal and Head signal are amplified by IC5 in each mode. Then these signals appear at Pin 7 of IC5.

Pin 16 of IC5 → C93 → R156 → Pin 15 of IC5 → Pin 7 of IC5 → C85 → Speaker.

The speaker beep tone path: Pin 19 of IC7 → R180 → D36 → R169 → Pin 5 of IC5 → Pin 7 of IC5 → C85 → Speaker.

### Circuit Diagram



## SPEECH SYNTHESIS SIGNAL CIRCUIT

### • Audio speaker monitor source:

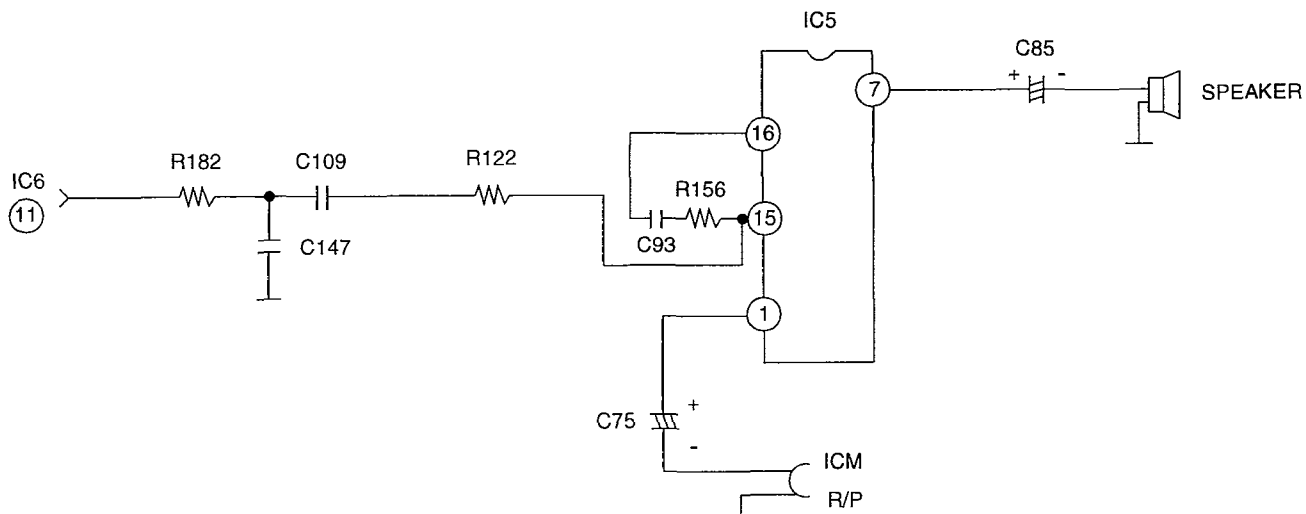
In the circuit diagram, the audio signal from Pin 11 of IC6 takes the following path to the monitoring speaker.

Pin 11 of IC6 → R182 → C109 → R122 → Pin15 of IC5 → Pin 7 of IC5 → C85 → Speaker.

### • Audio record signal source:

Pin 11 of IC6 → R182 → C109 → R122 → Pin15 of IC5 → Pin1 of IC5 → C75 → ICM Head.

### Circuit Diagram



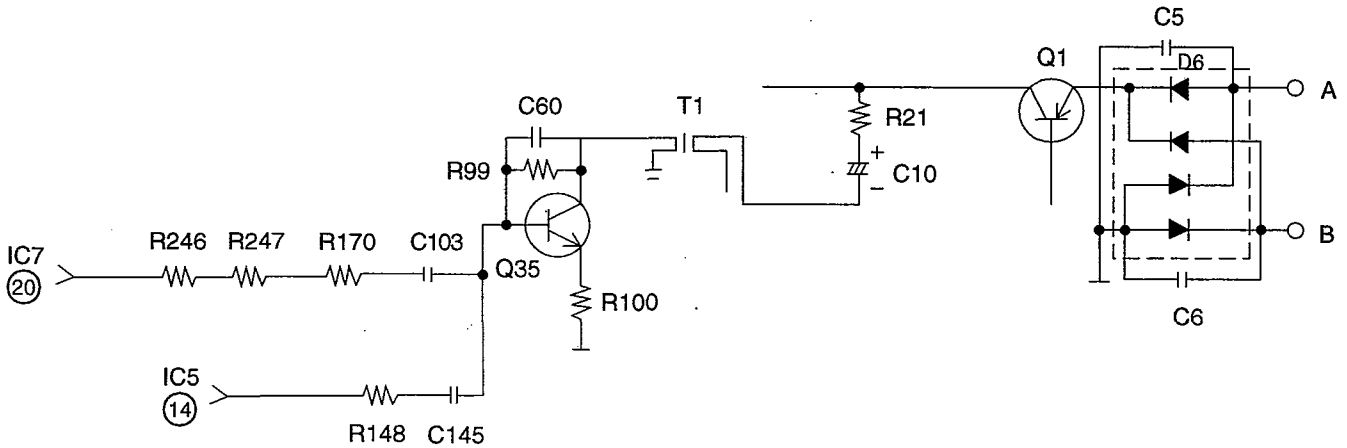


## LINE OUTPUT CIRCUIT

Each signals are sent to the telephone line as follows.

- (Beep Tone) → Pin 20 of IC7 → R246 → R247 → R170 → C103 → Q35 → T1 → C10 → R21 → Q1 → D6 → Telephone Line.
- (Tape Playback Signal) Pin 14 of IC5 → R148 → C145 → Q35

Circuit Diagram



## RING DETECTOR CIRCUIT

### Function:

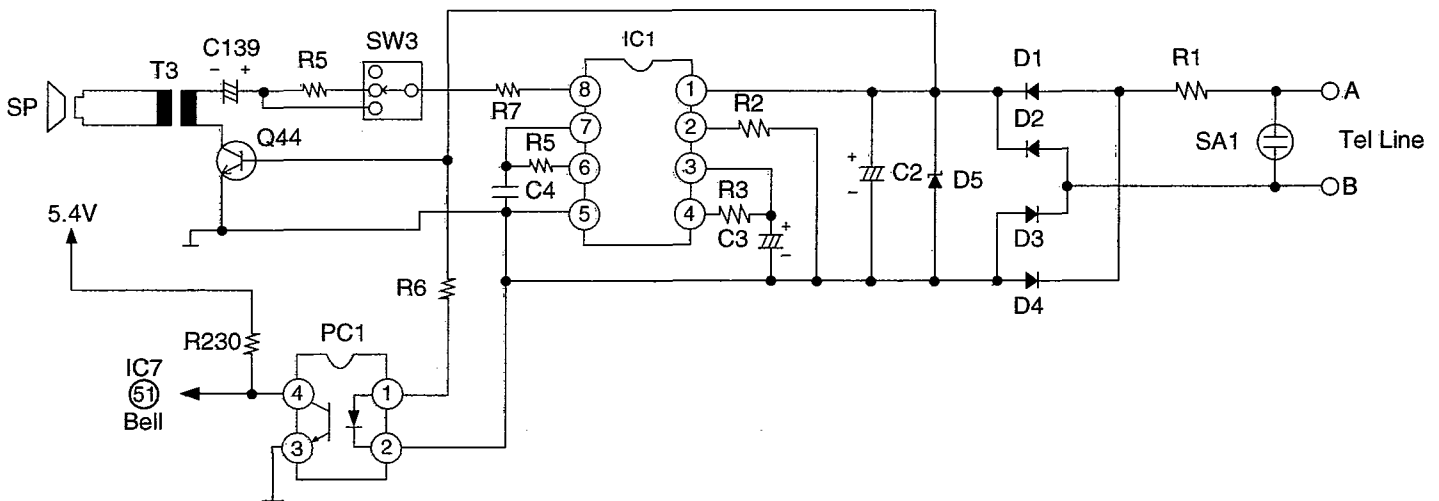
This circuit activates the CPU to respond to the ring signal from the telephone line during the ANSWER mode of operation.

### Circuit Operation:

When a Ring Signal is inputted from the telephone line (See telephone line interface.), this ring signal flows through → PC1 Pin 1 → PC1 Pin 2, hence photocoupler → PC1 Pin 4-3 will turn ON.

As a result, Pin 51 of IC7 goes Low, indicating that Ring Signal was inputted.

Circuit Diagram



## ■ CPC (CALLING PARTY CONTROL) DETECTOR CIRCUIT

### Function:

The CPC DETECTOR complements the units shut off, in the ANSWER mode, after the caller hangs up. At this time, The CPC DETECTOR takes over. The CPC DETECTOR senses the temporary disconnection of the telephone line which occurs after the caller hangs up.

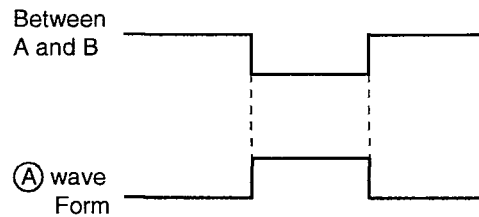
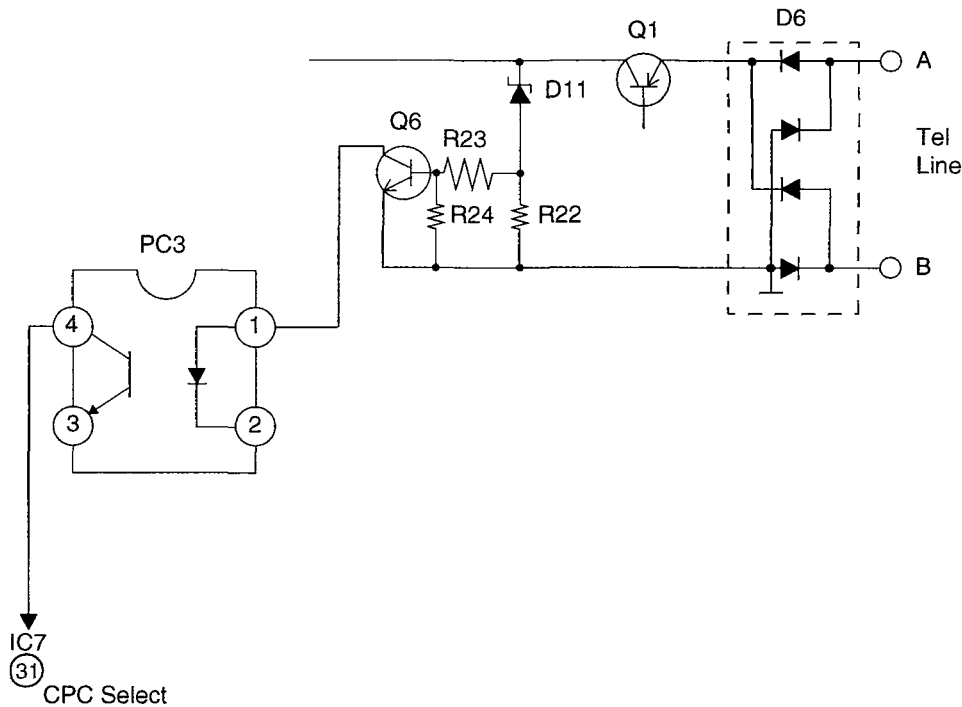
### Circuit Operation:

When the unit seizes a line, current will flow through Diode bridge (D6) Q1. As a result, voltage will be applied across D11, causing current to flow to the base of Q6 via R23, causing Q3 will trun ON.

Consequently, current will flow Pin 1 of PC3→Pin 2 as a result Pin 4 of PC3 will go low.

As a result, Pin 31 of IC7 will go High. If then the line is momentarily cut, line current will cease to flow, and voltage will no longer be applied across D11 thus and Q6 will turn OFF. Pin 31 of IC7 will go High, hence this condition will be detected.

Circuit Diagram



## VOX CIRCUIT

### Function:

The VOX circuit is designed to detect cyclic signals in which the signal is ON for 100 msec. to 1 sec, continuous sounds and no sound at all.

After detection, the CPU issues an instruction that makes VOX operation possible.

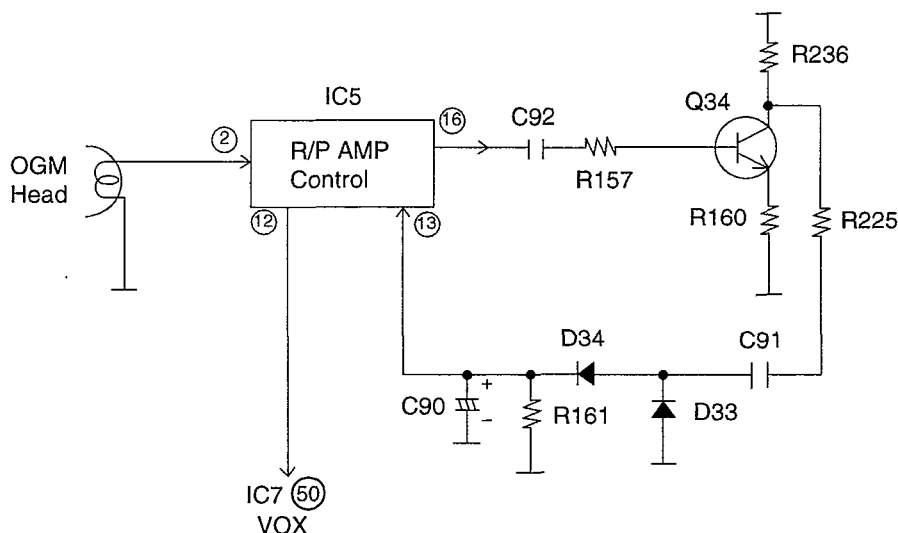
This means that when a telephone call has ended, the phone is reset and is ready to receive the next call.

### Circuit Operation:

A signal output from terminal Pin 16 of IC5 passed through C92, R157 and inputted to Pin 13 of IC5 → Pin 12 of IC5 → Pin 50 of IC7.

When sound is present, the output at Pin 12 of IC5 becomes a low level, while no-sound its output becomes a high level.

Circuit Diagram



## POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

### Function:

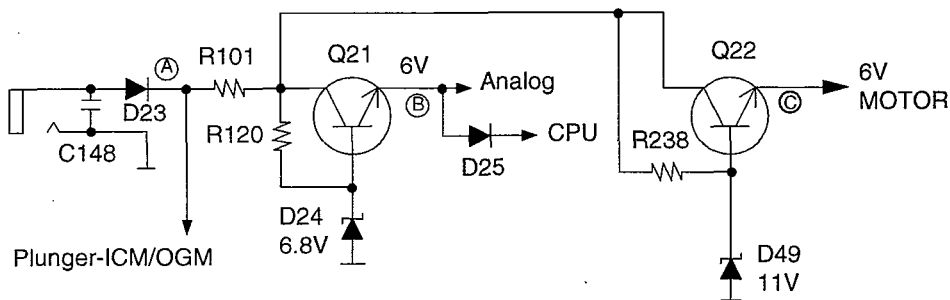
Power from the AC adapter passes through the 1-stage regulating block consisting of Q21, Q22 and provides system voltages of 6V.

### Circuit Operation:

Power from the AC adapter is supplied directly to IC4 (A). Q21 is the first stage regulated power supply. The voltage at point B is regulated to 6 V by the 6.8 V zener voltage of D24. The 6 V voltage is shifted by D25 to 5.4 V which is used to power the CPU, etc.

Q22 is the first stage regulator power supply. The voltage at point C is regulator to 10V by the 11V zener voltage of D24. The 6V It's power circuit etc.

Circuit Diagram



## ■ MOTOR DRIVE CIRCUIT

### Playback (or Recording)

When Pin 40 of IC7 becomes Low and Pin 39 of IC 7 becomes Low and Pin 38 of IC 7 becomes High. The governor (IC4) is activated and the motor voltage is regulated, hence the motors rotate at a constant speed.

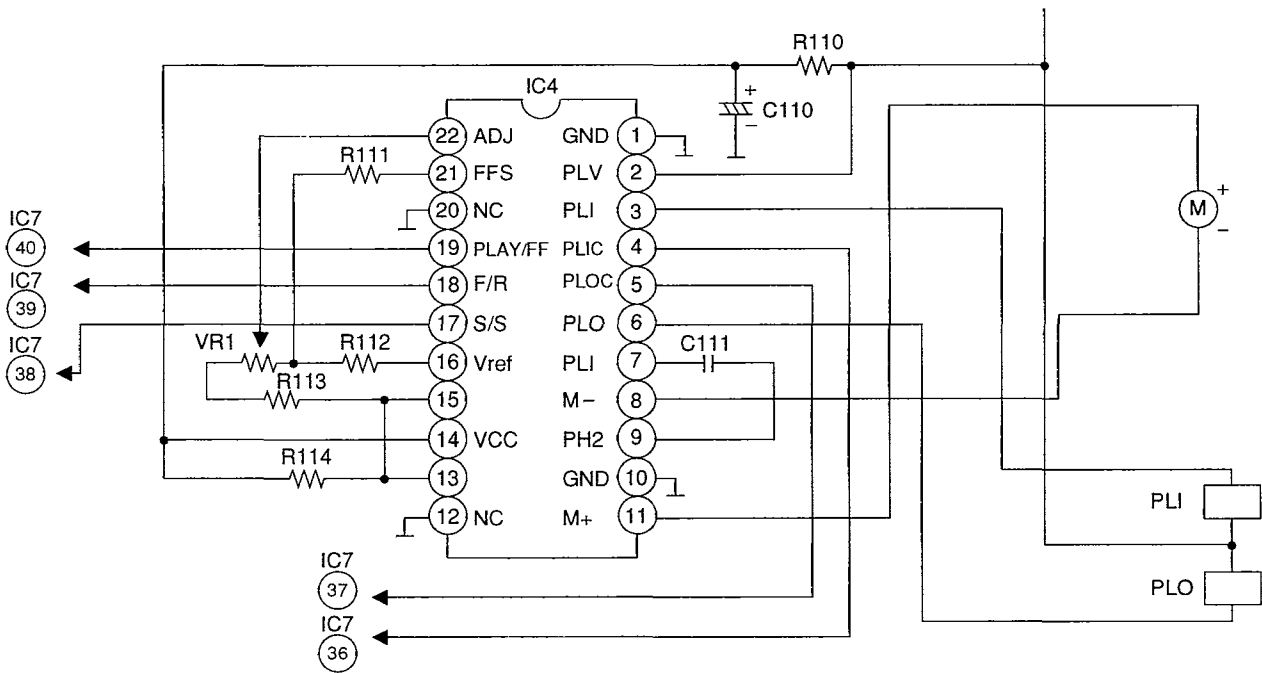
### Fast Forward

Pin 40 of IC7 becomes High and Pin 39 of IC7 becomes Low and Pin 38 of IC7 becomes High→the governor (IC4) is activated → the motor rotates at high speed.

### Rewind

Pin 40 of IC 7 becomes High and Pin 39 of IC 7 becomes High and Pin 38 of IC 7 becomes High→the governor (IC4) is activated → the motor rotates at high speed in the reverse direction.

Circuit Diagram



# TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

1 FLOW CHART for DECK

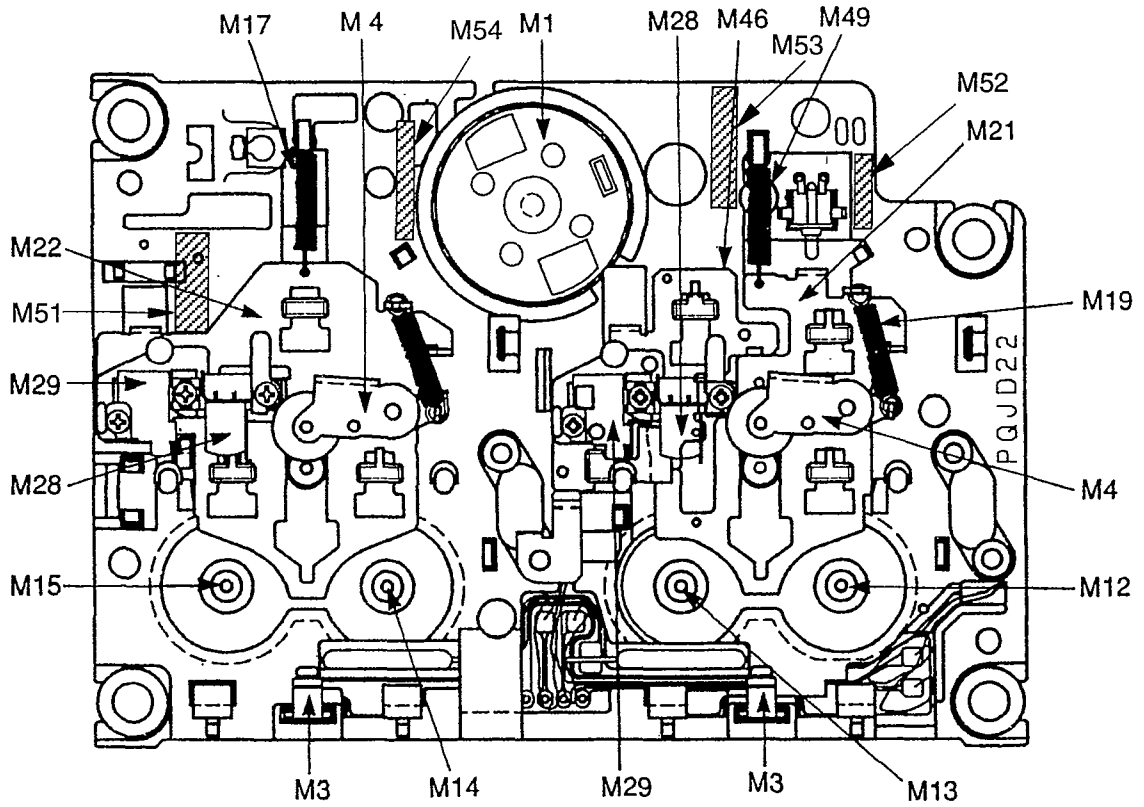


Fig. 13

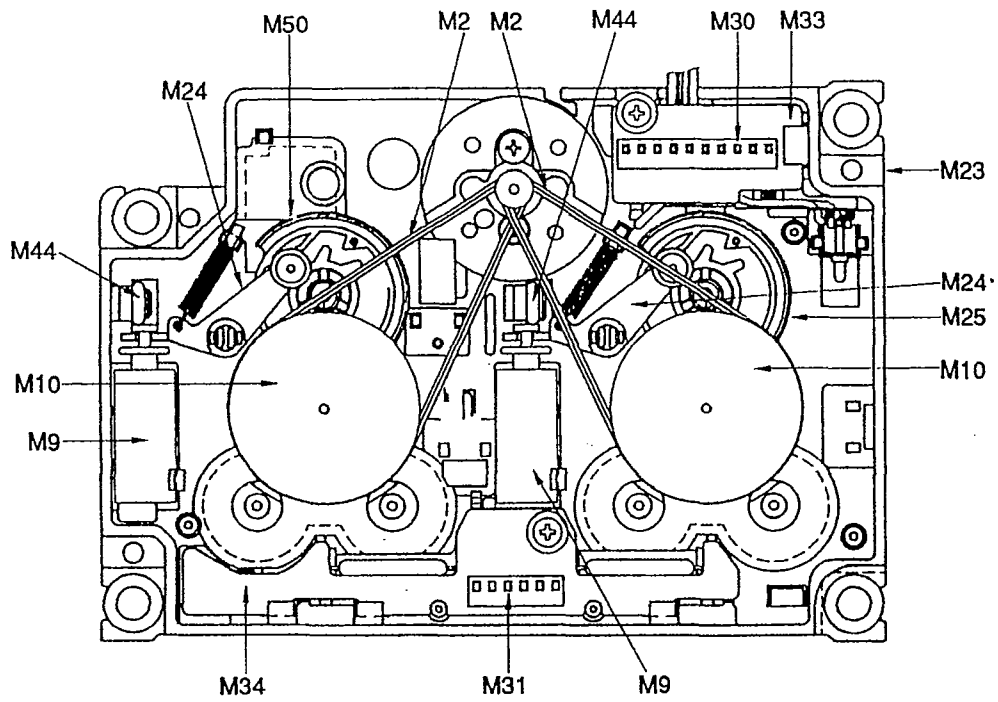
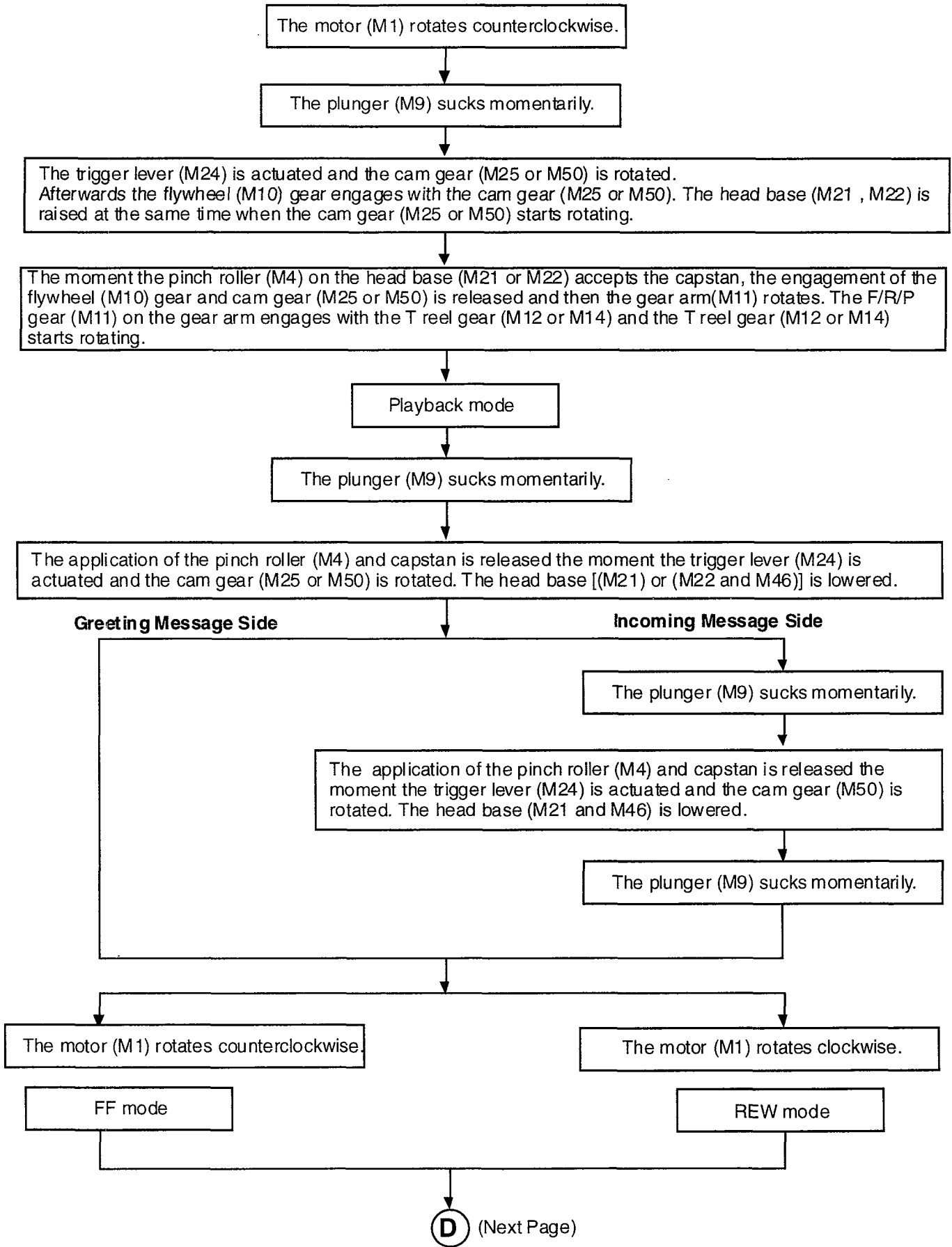


Fig. 14



D (Page 62)

The plunger (M9) sucks momentarily.

The head base [ M21) or (M22 and M46)] is lowered the moment the trigger lever (M24) is actuated and the cam gear (M25 or M50) is rotated.

[In case of PLAY or FF mode]  
The gear arm (M11) rotates and the head base [(M21) or (M22 and M46)] returns to the neutral position as the motor (M1) rotates clockwise momentarily.

[In case of REW mode]  
The gear arm (M11) rotates and the head base [(M21) or (M22 and M46)] returns to the neutral position as the motor (M1) rotates counterclockwise momentarily.

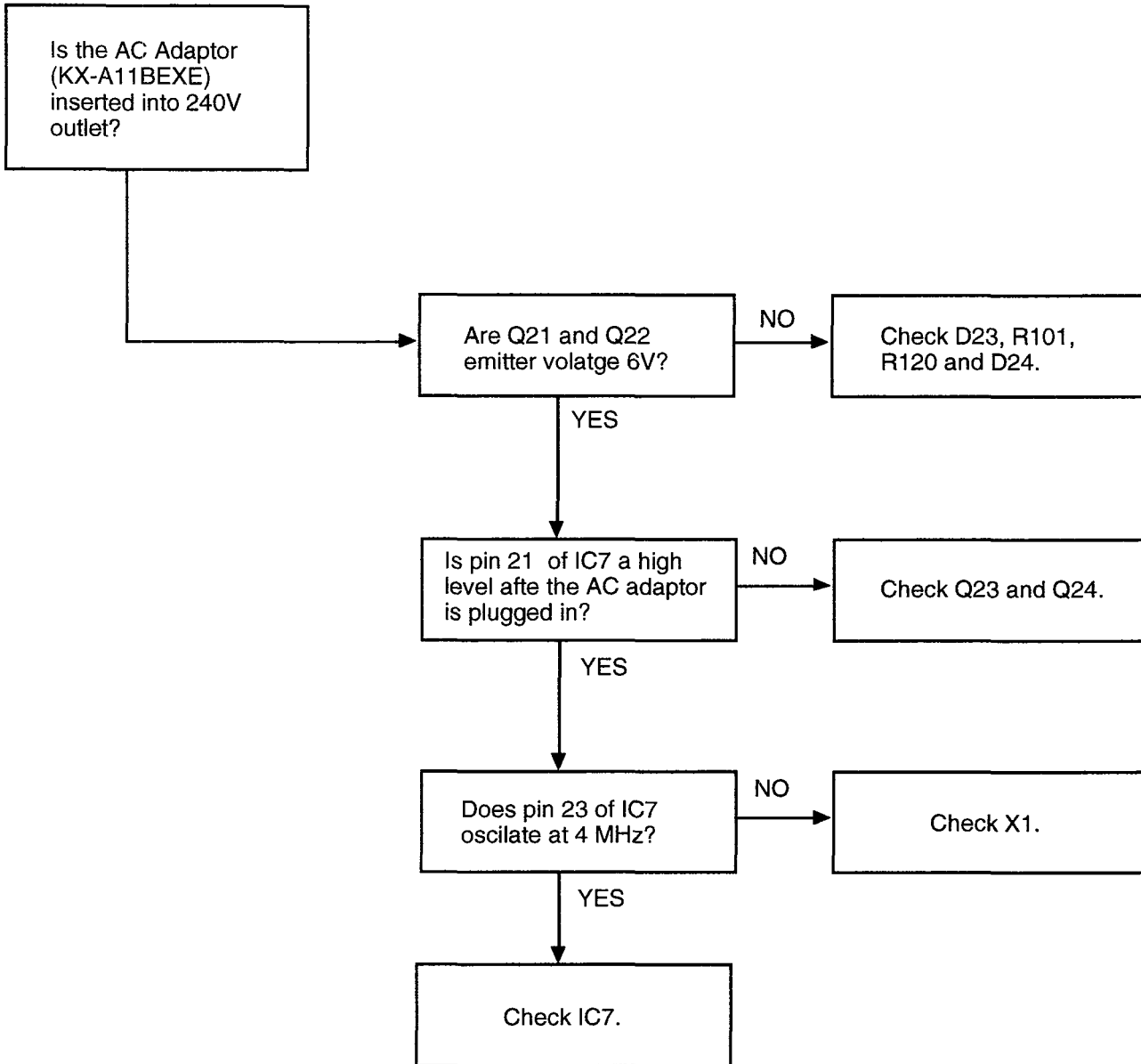
STOP mode

2. SERVICE HINTS

SYMPTOM	CURE
Does not ring.	Repalce IC1 and Ringer Switch.
Answering Machine rings, when no one calls.	Check Pin 3 and 4 of PC1 for short.
OGM recording distorted.	Check for cold solder joints on IC4.
No PWR/AFTER PWR fixed no plunger a activation.	Check Q30 and Q31.
Intermittent rewind.	Check S41.
Goes into hold after taling ICM.	Check Pin 50 of IC7.
Keypad inop.	Check solder connections on CN301 and IC301.
Can dial out but incoming calls get busy signal.	Check Q1, Q2, D6 and SA1.
Holds line constantly.	Check Q1 and Q2.
Would not record all OGM.	Check IC4.

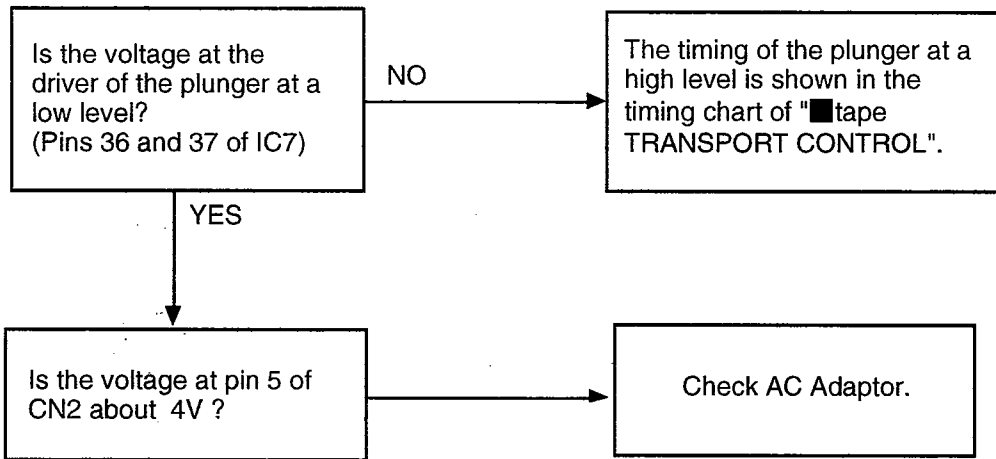
3. TAM SECTION

1) FUNCTIONS DO NOT OPERATE.





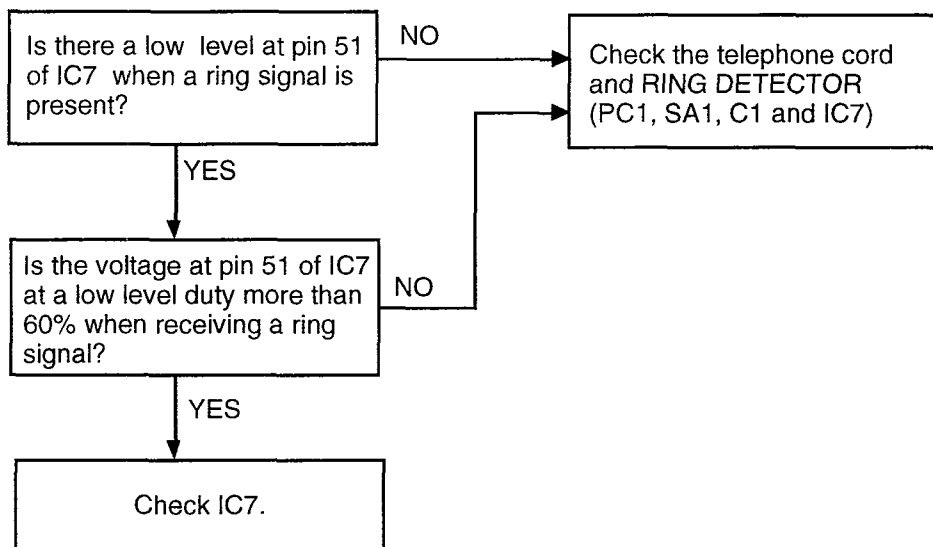
## 2) THE PULL OF PLUNGER IS POOR NONE AT ALL.



3) OGM END MARK DETECTION.  
Check the Vox Circuit.

4) FAST ERASE DOES NOT WORK  
Check D32 and IC7.

5) DOES NOT ANSWER TELEPHONE CALL



- 6) •ICM CONTINUES TO RECORD AFTER THE CALLER HANGS UP.  
 •END OF MESSAGE IS CLIPPED WHEN CALLER HANGS UP.

When caller hangs up, the KX-T2726E can detect the following 4 signal type.

- A. CPC pulse.
- B. Dial tone or other continuous tones.
- C. Silence.
- D. Cycle signals.

A. Check CPC DETECTOR CIRCUIT (R13, R14, R15, R16, R178, Q1, Q3 and Pin 31 of IC7)

B., C., D.

Check VOX DETECTOR CIRCUIT (Pin 12 of IC5, Pin 50 of IC7, C35, R157, Q34, C91, R161, D33 D34.)

7) REMOTE CONTROLLER DOES NOT WORK OR RESPONSE IS POOR.

The following are considered for the causes of no remote reception:

- A. The security code may not be the same as set on the unit.
- B. High distortion in LINE OUTPUT CIRCUIT causing interference between the transmitting signal and the remote signal.
- C. Excessive loss in telephone line.

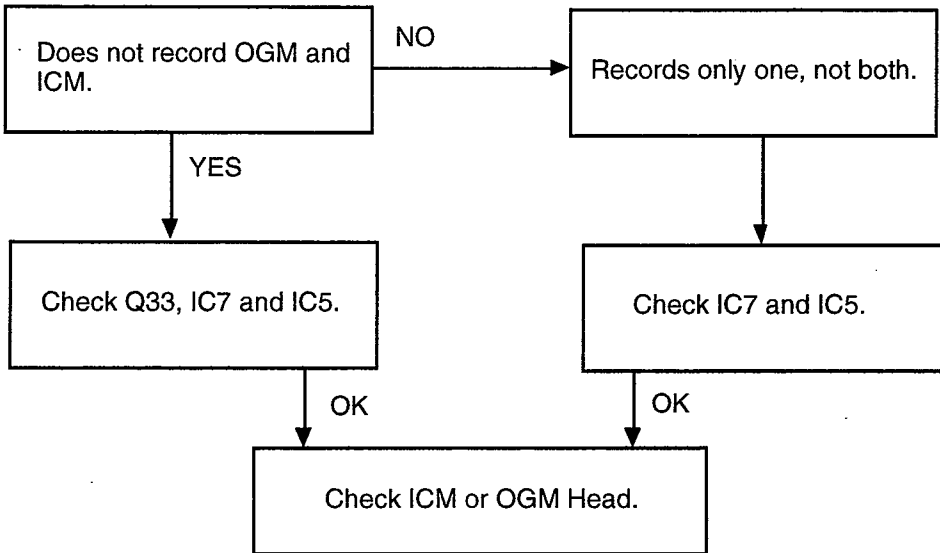
A. Check the security code of the unit.

B. Check LINE OUTPUT CIRCUIT (Q6, C143 and R170)

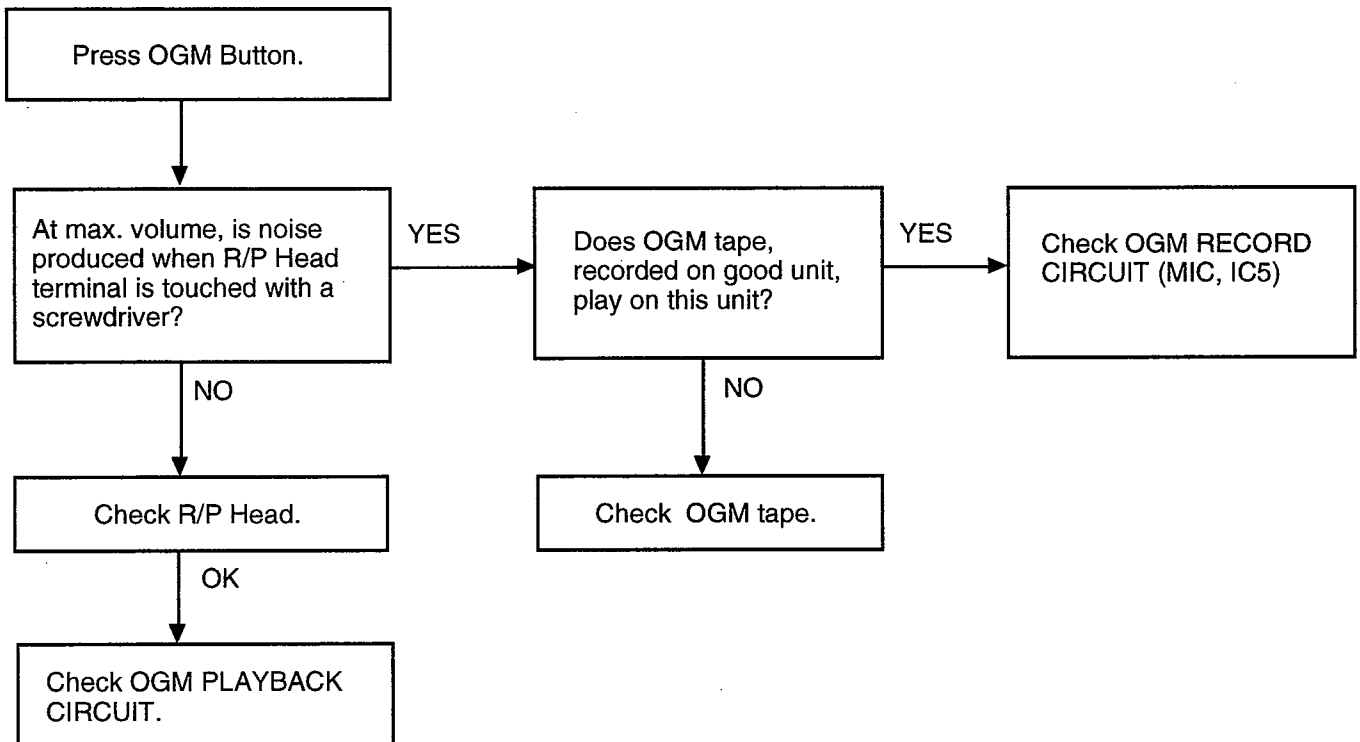
C. Test on a telephone line known to be working properly.

If all of the above check N.G., check the remote signal detect circuit (IC7)

8) DOES NOT RECORD

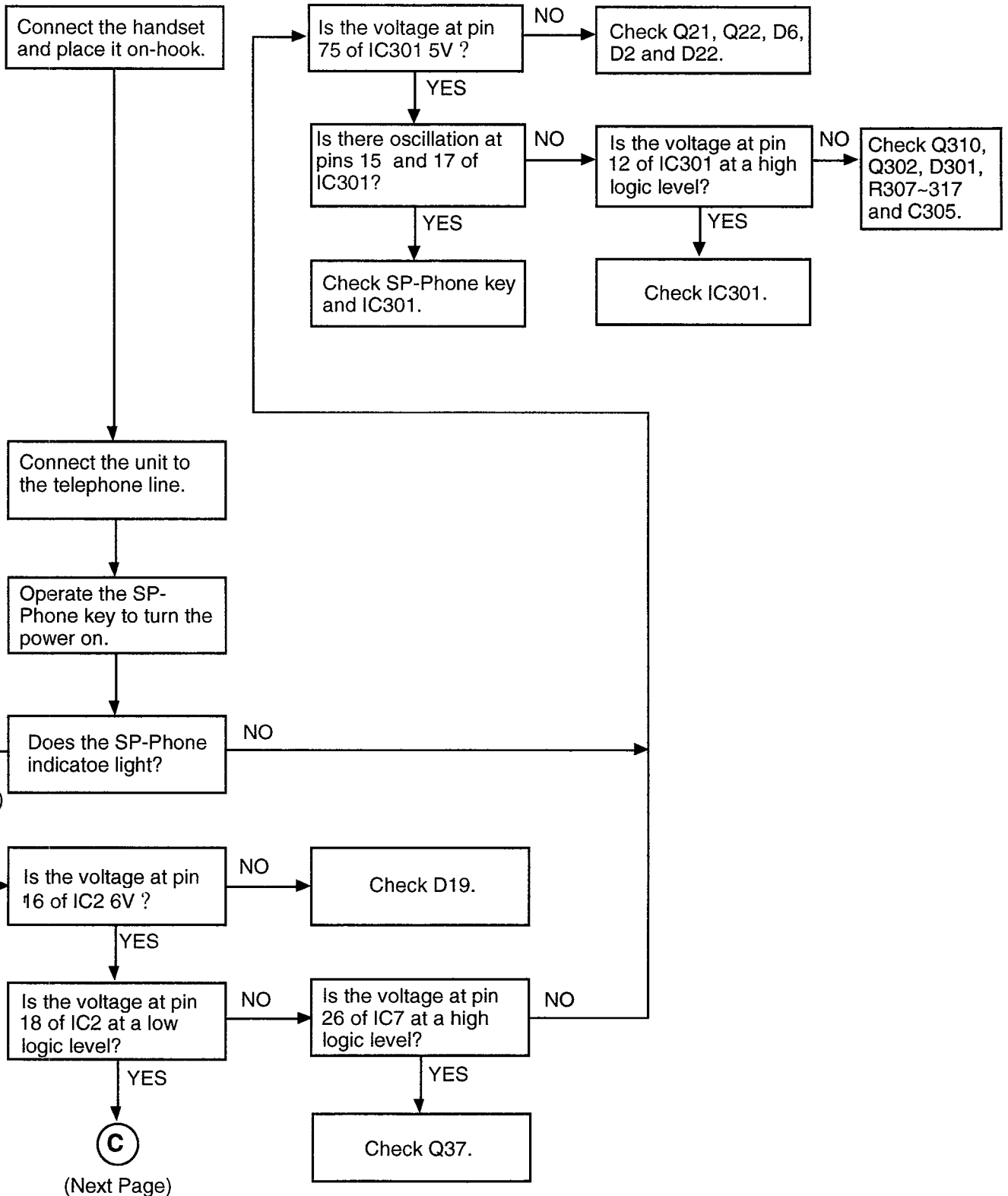


9) NO OR LOW OGM PLAYBACK



4. ITS SECTION

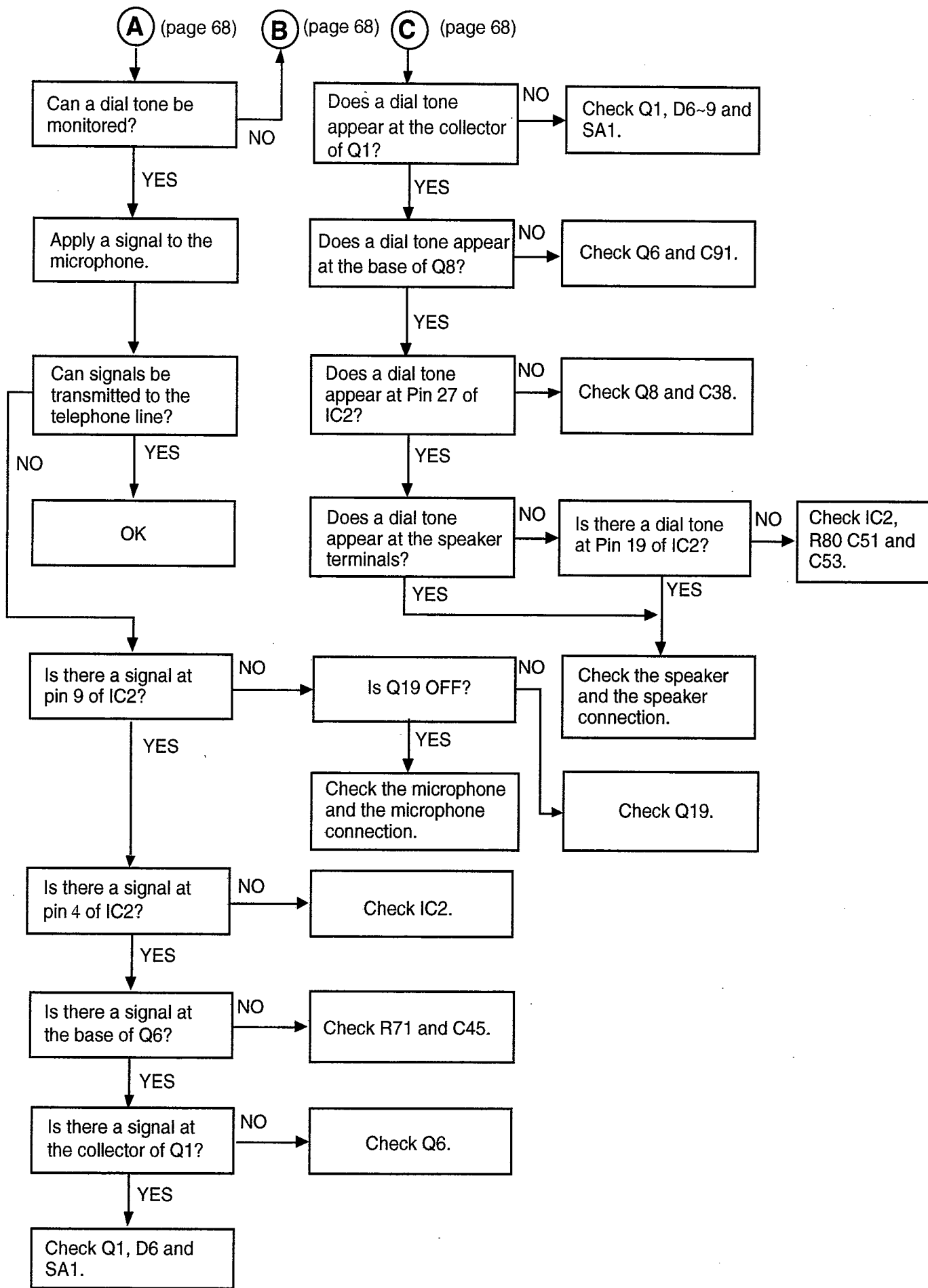
1) UNIT DOES NOT TURN ON



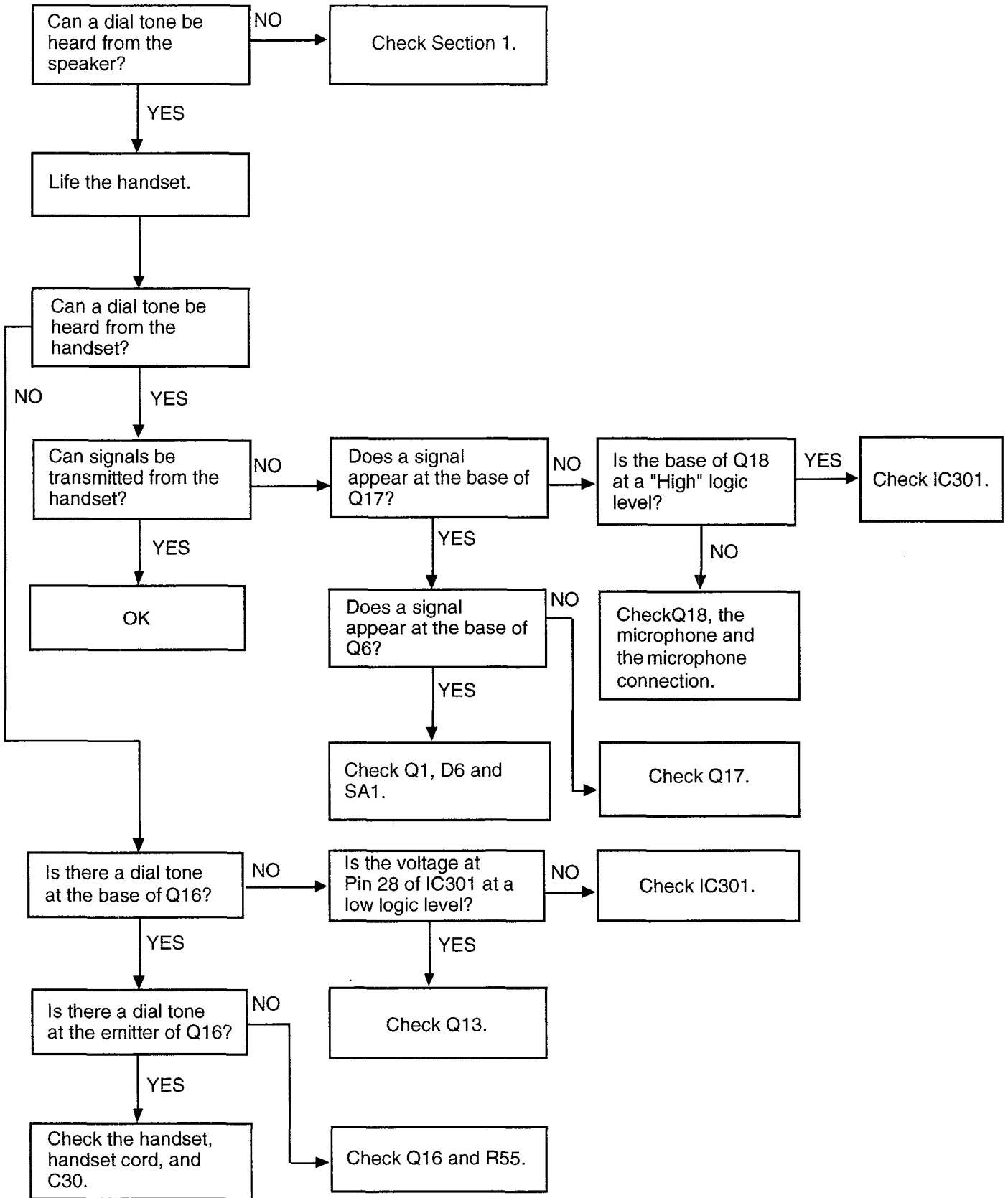
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(page 69)

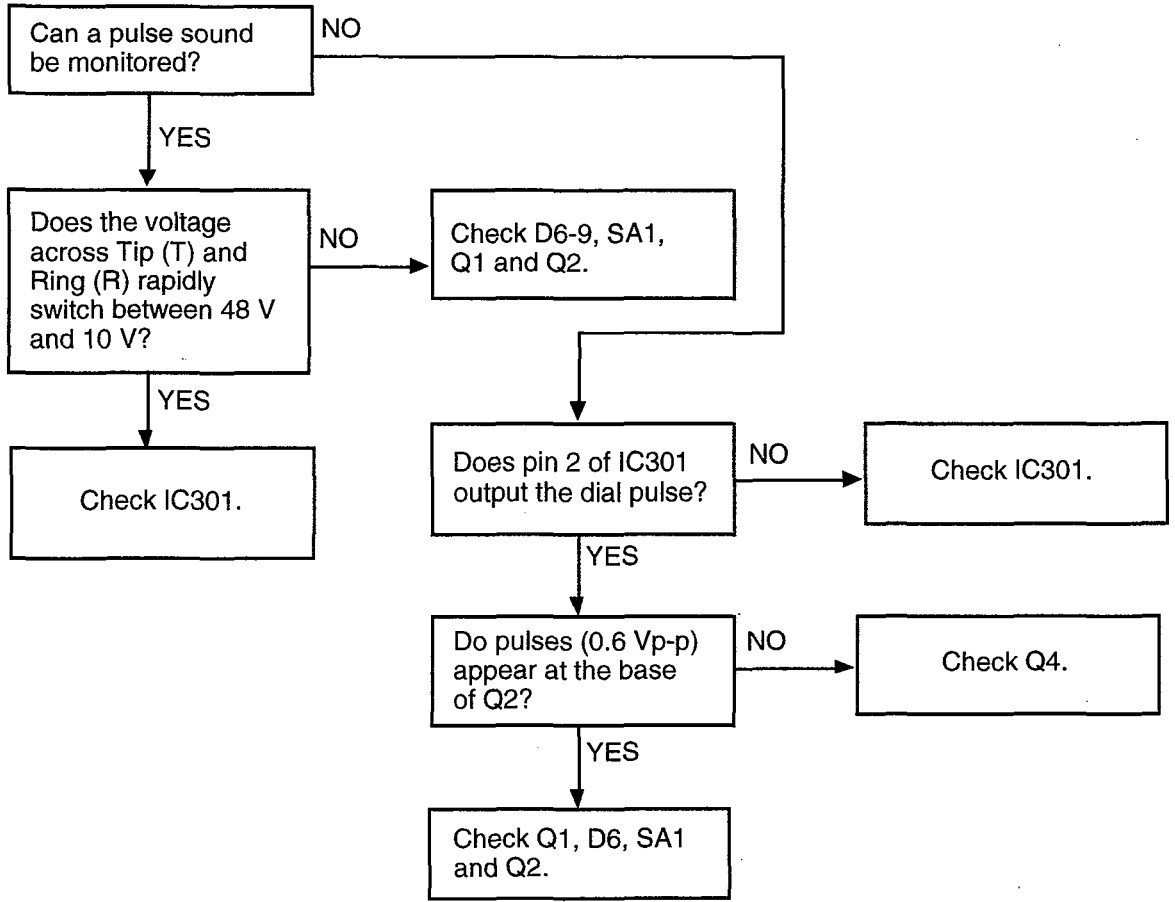
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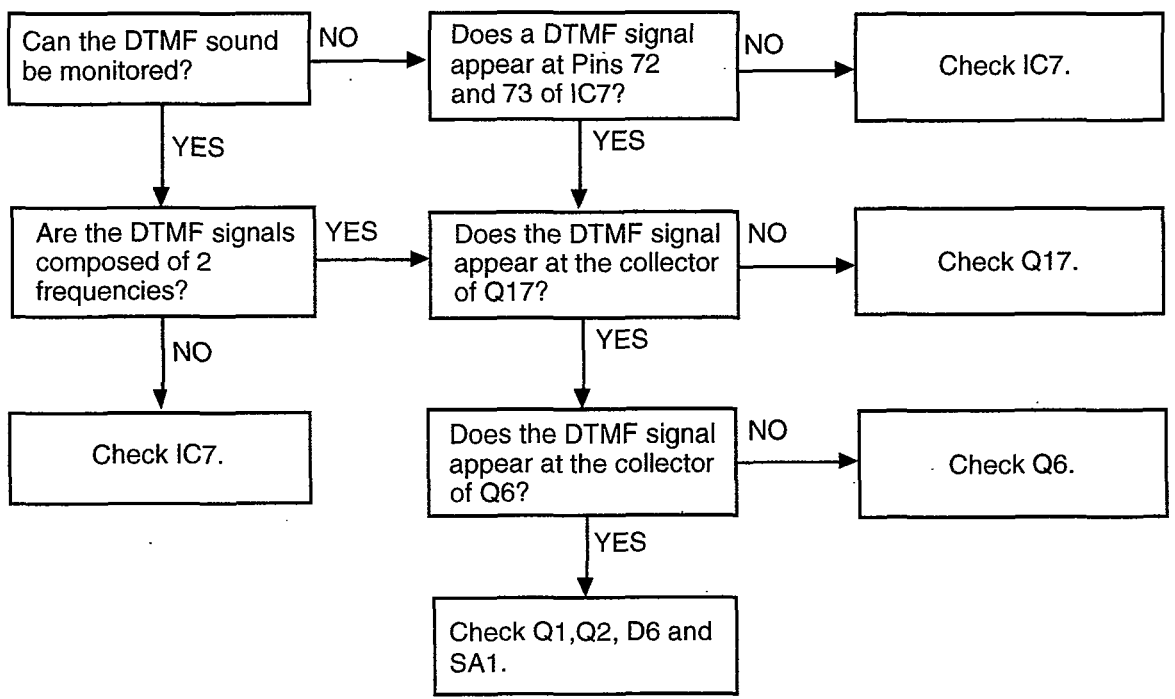
2. PROBLEMS WITH THE HANDSET



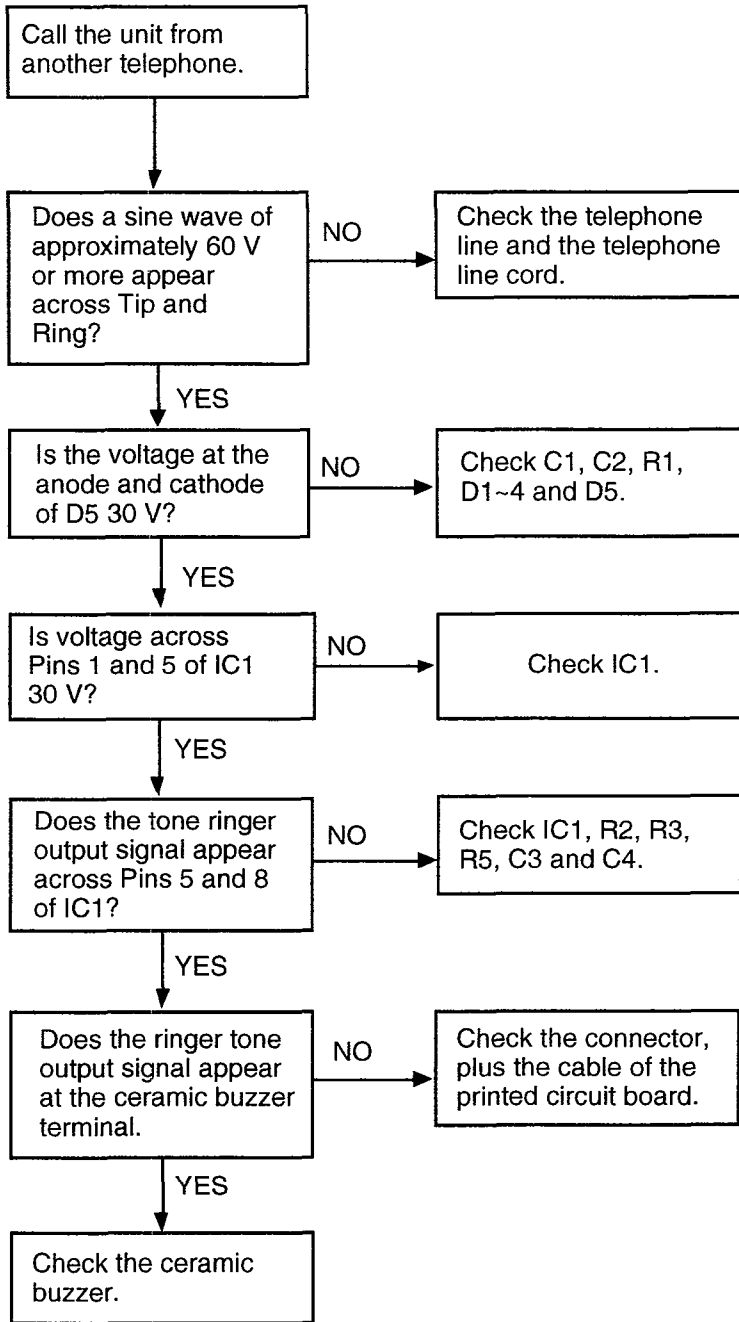
### 3. PULSE DIALING PROBLEMS



### 4. TONE DIALING PROBLEMS

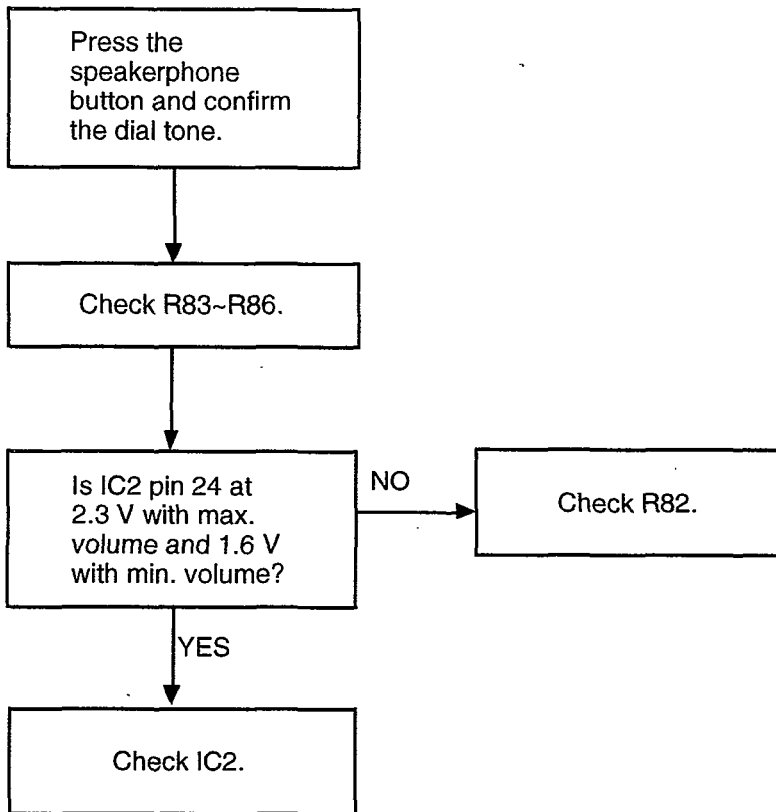


5. NO "RINGING" SOUND WHEN A RING SIGNAL IS INPUT

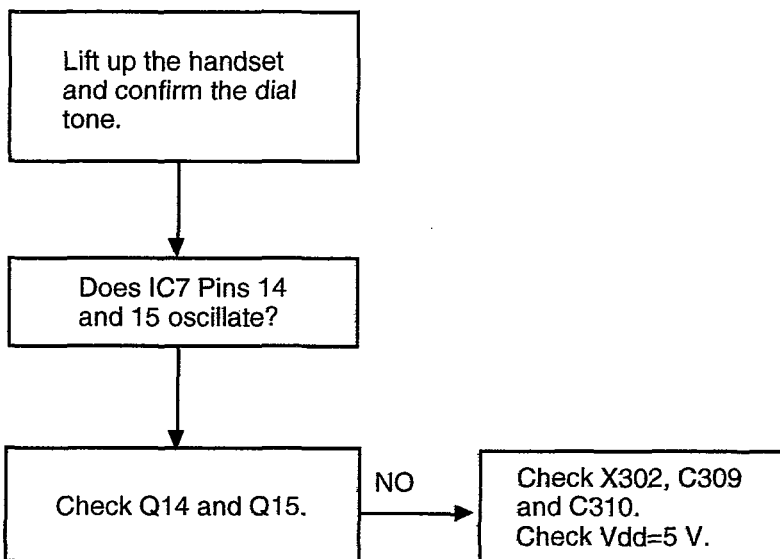




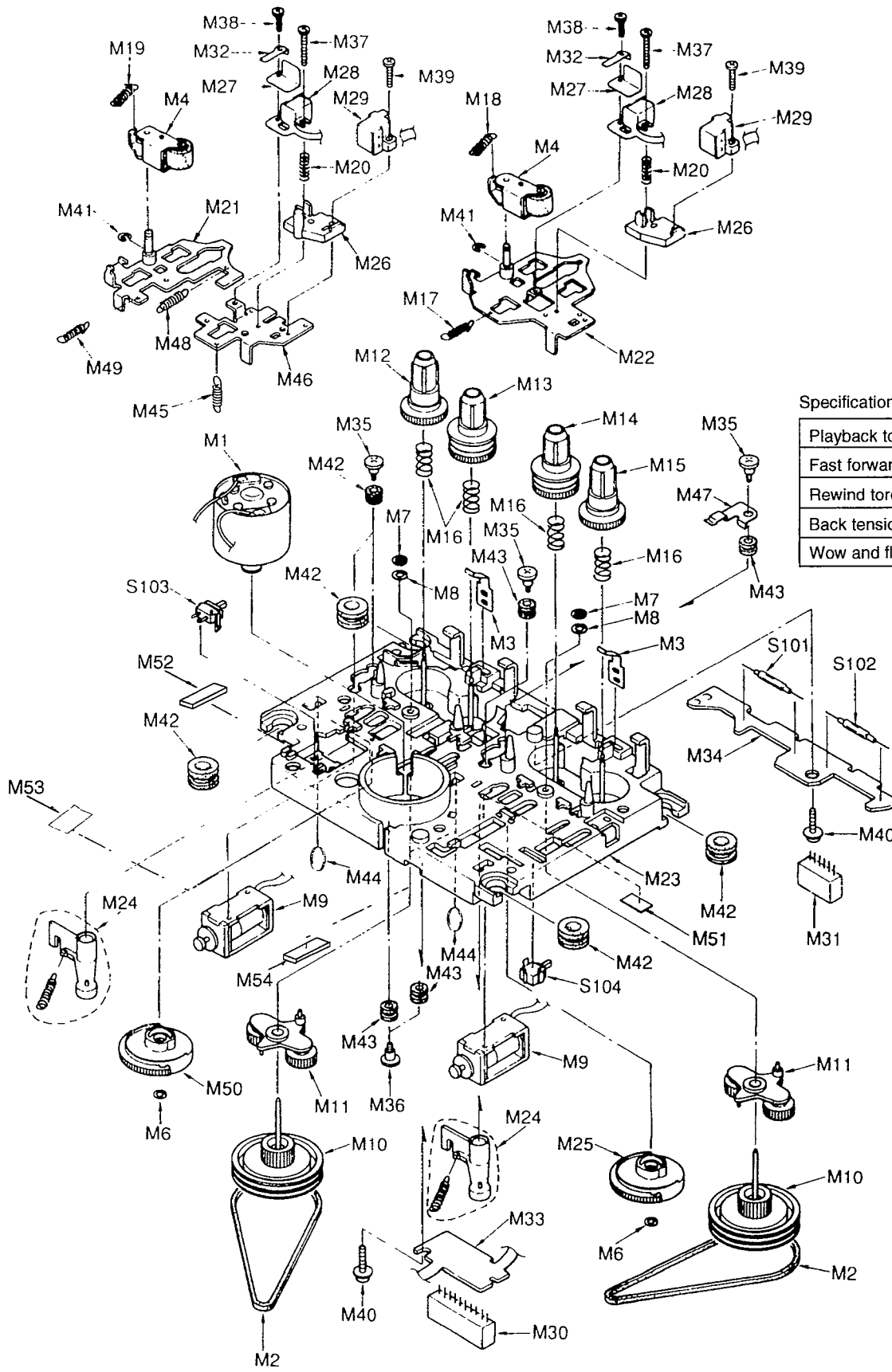
## 6. IF THE ELECTRONIC VOLUME OF THE SPEAKERPHONE DOES NOT WORK



## 7. IF THE ELECTRONIC VOLUME OF THE HANDSET DOES NOT WORK



# CASSETTE DECK PARTS LOCATION



Actual Size of Screws

Ret No.	Figure
M35	
M36	
M37	
M38	
M39	
M40	

Specifications

Playback torque	10~20 g · cm
Fast forward torque	10~20 g · cm
Rewind torque	25 g · cm
Back tension	0.5~3.5 g · cm
Wow and flutter	0.65%

Fig. 15

# CABINET AND ELECTRICAL PARTS LOCATION

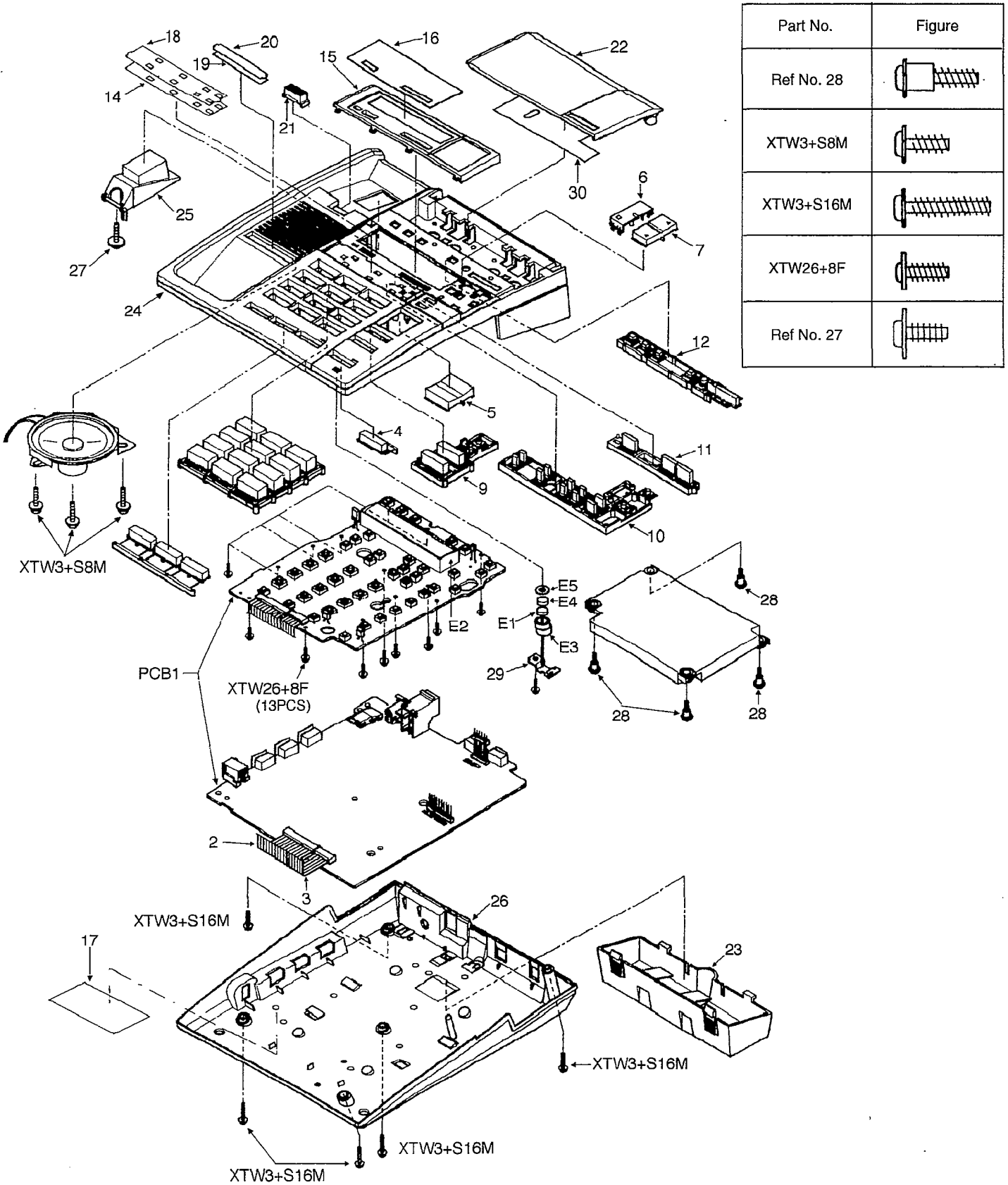
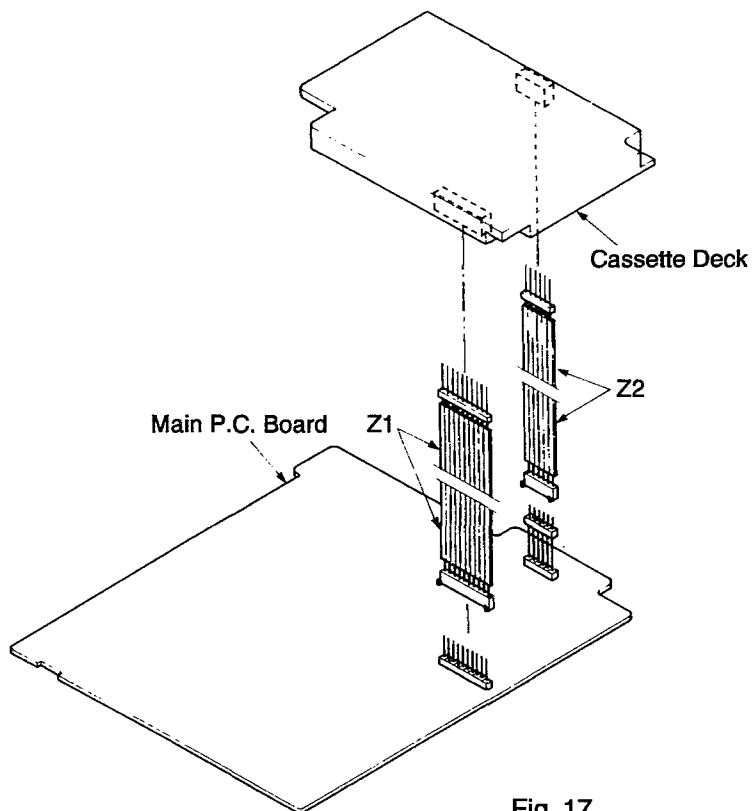
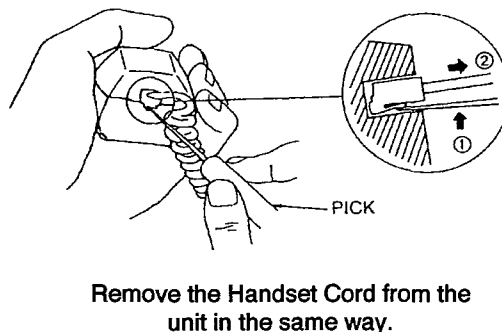


Fig. 16

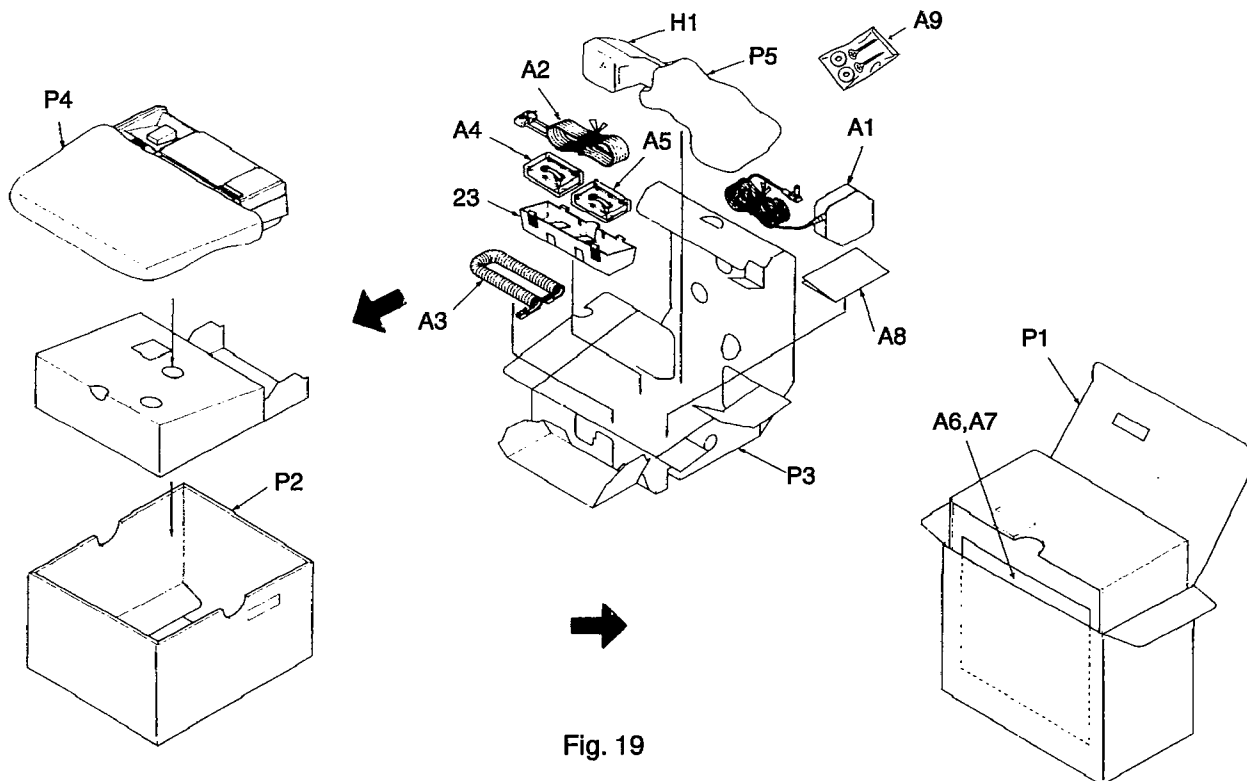
### EXTENSION CABLE CONNECTING METHOD



### REMOVAL OF THE HANDSET AND TELEPHONE CORDS



### ACCESSORIES AND PACKING MATERIALS



# REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

## Model KX-T2726E

### 1. RTL (Retention Time Limited)

Note: The marking (RTL) indicates that the Retention Time is limited for this item.

After the discontinuation of this assembly in production, the item will continue to be available for a specific period of time. The retention period of availability is dependant on the type of assembly, and in accordance with the laws governing part and product retention. After the end of this period, the assembly will no longer be available.

### 2. Important safety notice.

Components identified by the  $\Delta$  mark special characteristics important for safety, when replacing any of these components, use only manufacture's specified parts.

3. The S mark indicates service standard parts and may differ from production parts.

### 4. RESISTORS & CAPACITORS

Unless otherwise specified.

All resistors are in ohms ( $\Omega$ ) k=1000 $\Omega$ , M=1000k $\Omega$

All capacitors are in MICRO FARADS ( $\mu$ F) P= $\mu$ F

\*Type & Wattage of Resistor

Type

ERC:Solid	ERX:Metal Film	PQ4R:Carbon
ERD:Carbon	ERG:Metal Oxide	ERS:Fusible Resistor
PQRD:Carbon	ER0:Metal Film	ERF:Cement Resistor

#### Wattage

10,16:1/8W	14,25:1/4W	12:1/2W	1:1W	2:2W	3:3W
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\*Type & Voltage of Capacitor

Type

ECFD:Semi-Conductor	ECCD,ECKD,ECBT,PQCBC : Ceramic
ECQS:Styrol	ECQE,ECQV,ECQG : Polyester
PQCUV:Chip	ECEA,ECSZ : Electrolytic
ECQMS:Mica	ECQP : Polypropylene

#### Voltage

ECQ Type	ECQG ECQV Type	ECSZ Type	Others	
1H: 50V	05: 50V	0F:3.15V	0J :6.3V	1V :35V
2A:100V	1:100V	1A:10V	1A :10V	50,1H:50V
2E:250V	2:200V	1V:35V	1C :16V	1J :63V
2H:500V		0J:6.3V	1E,25:25V	2A :100V

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set
M26	PQFW10010Y	ERASE HEAD BASE	2
M27	PQHR321Y	INSULATOR	2
M28	PQJH1M2X	P/R HEAD	2
M29	PQJH6M2Y	ERASE HEAD	2
M30	PQJS10B32Z	CONNECTOR, 10 PIN	1
M31	PQJS6B30Z	CONNECTOR, 6 PIN	1
M32	PQJT10029Y	TERMINAL	2
M33	PQUP10064Z	P. C. BOARD, FLEXIBLE	1
M34	PQUP10065Y	P. C. BOARD, REED SWITCH	1
M35	PQHD10013Z	SCREW, PLUNGER	4
M36	PQHD15Z	SCREW, MOTOR	2
M37	XSN17+10FN-3	SCREW, AZIMUTH	2
M38	XSN17+4FN-3	SCREW, R/P HEAD	2
M39	XSN17+7FN-A	SCREW, ERASE HEAD	2
M40	XTW26+6F	SCREW, P. C. BOARD	2
M41	XUC15FY	RETAINING RING	2
M42	PQFI10001Z	CUSHION, CHASSIS	4
M43	PQFI14Z	CUSHION, PLUNGER and MOTOR	6
M44	PQFE10004Z	RUBBER, RING	2
M45	PQFS10020Z	SPRING	1
M46	PQFD10004Z	ICM HEAD BASE-B	1
M47	PQHX10014Y	SPRING	1
M48	PQFS10002Y	SPRING	1
M49	PQFS10013Y	SPRING	1
M50	PQFG3D2201Z	ICM CAM GRAR ASSEMBLY	1
M51	PQHX10222Z	INSULATOR	2
M52	PQHX10231Z	INSULATOR	1
M53	PQHX10232Z	INSULATOR	1
M54	PQHX10233Z	INSULATOR	1
S101	PQSE17Y	REED SWITCH (ICM)	1
S102	PQSE17Y	REED SWITCH (OGM)	1
S103	PQSH1A52X	SWITCH, POSITION (ICM)	1
S104	PQSH1A52X	SWITCH, POSITION (OGM)	1

### CABINET PARTS

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set
CASSETTE DECK PARTS			
M1	PQFMJD2200Z	MOTOR ASSEMBLY	1
M2	PQFB10002Z	ANGULAR BELT	2
M3	PQFD10009Z	LEAF SPRING	2
M4	PQFIJD2200X	PINCH LEVER ASSEMBLY	2
M5		Not Used	
M6	PQFN16Z	WASHER	2
M7	PQFN33Z	WASHER	2
M8	PQFN49Z	WASHER	2
M9	PQFP10001Z	PLUNGER	2
M10	PQFFJD2200X	FLYWHEEL ASSEMBLY	2
M11	PQFG1D2200Z	GEAR ARM ASSEMBLY	2
M12	PQFR1D2200Z	ICM TAKEUP REEL TABLE ASSEMBLY	1
M13	PQFR2D2200Z	ICM SUPPLY REEL TABLE ASSEMBLY	1
M14	PQFR3D2200Z	OGM TAKEUP REEL TABLE ASSEMBLY	1
M15	PQFR4D2200Z	OGM SUPPLY REEL TABLE ASSEMBLY	1
M16	PQFS10005Z	SPRING, BACK TENSION	4
M17	PQFS10007Z	SPRING, HEAD BASE	1
M18	PQFS10015Z	SPRING, OGM PINCH LEVER	1
M19	PQFS10019Z	SPRING, ICM PINCH LEVER	1
M20	PQFS73Z	SPRING, AZIMUTH	2
M21	PQFD1D2201Z	ICM HEAD BASE-A ASSEMBLY	1
M22	PQFD2D2200X	OGM HEAD BASE ASSEMBLY	1
M23	PQFCJD2200Z	MECHANISM CHASSIS ASSEMBLY	1
M24	PQFYJD2200Z	TRIGGER LEVER ASSEMBLY	2
M25	PQFG2D2200Y	OGM CAM GEAR ASSEMBLY	1

1	PQAS65P19Z	SPEAKER	1
2	PQJE10041Z	LEAD WIRE, 23 PIN	1
3	PQJE10056Z	LEAD WIRE, 10 PIN	1
4	PQBC10061Z1	BUTTON, SP-PHONE	1
5	PQBC10062Z1	BUTTON, VOLUME	1
6	PQBC10063Z1	BUTTON, STOP	1
7	PQBC10072Z1	BUTTON, ALL/NEW MESSAGE	1
8	PQBX10099Z1	BUTTON, RECALL, MUTE, HOLD	1
9	PQBX10100Z1	BUTTON, REDIAL, PAUSE	1
10	PQBX10101Z1	BUTTON, MEMORY STATION	1
11	PQBX10102Z1	BUTTON, FF, REW, MEMO/2WAY	1
12	PQBX10104Y1	BUTTON, ANSWER ON etc.	1
13	PQBX10212Z1	BUTTON, 12 KEY DIALING	1
14	PQGD10059Z	MEMORY CARD $\Delta$	1
15	PQGG10022Z1	GRILLE	1
16	PQGP10037Z1	PANEL	1
17	PQGT11129Z	NAME PLATE	1
18	PQGV10011Z	TRANSPARENT PLATE	1
19	PQHP532U	TELEPHONE NO. CARD	1
20	PQHR576Z	TRANSPARENT PLATE	1
21	PQKE46X7	HANDSET HANGER	1
22	PQKK10019X1	CASSETTE LID	1
23	PQKL13Y0	STAND	1
24	PQKM10060T1	UPPER CABINET	1
25	PQBH10010Y1	BUTTON, HOOK	1
26	PQYF10025S1	LOWER CABINET	1
27	PJHE5065Z	SCREW, HOOK SWITCH	1
28	PQHD10009Z	SCREW for DECK	4
29	PQMH10185Z	COVER	1
30	PQQT10814Z	INSTRUCTION LABEL	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set
<b>ACCESSORIES</b>			
A1	KX-A11BEXE	AC ADAPTOR	△ 1
A2	PQJA87T	TELEPHONE CORD	△ 1
A3	PQJA212N	HANDSET CORD	1
A4	PQJN1M10AY	CASSETTE TAPE (10 minute)	1
A5	PQJN1M30AY	CASSETTE TAPE (30 minute)	1
A6	PQQW10752Z	QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE	1
A7	PQQX10807Z	INSTRUCTION BOOK	△ 1
A8	PQQW10753Z	DIAL CARD	1
A9	PQZXT2330M	WALL MOUNT KITS	1
H1	PQJX2PFAL15Z	HANDSET ASSEMBLY	△ 1
<b>PACKING MATERIALS</b>			
P1	PQPK10915Z	GIFT BOX	1
P2	PQPN10342Z	CUSHION	1
P3	PQPN10343Z	ACCESSORY BOX	1
P4	PQPH106Z	PROTECTION COVER (for Unit)	1
P5	PQPH75Z	PROTECTION COVER (for Handset)	1
<b>FIXTURES AND TOOLS</b>			
Z1	PQJS11K3Z	EXTENSION CORD, 11 PIN	1
Z2	PQJS6K2Z	EXTENSION CORD, 6 PIN	1
Z3	PQZZLCT2401A	TEST TAPE	1
<b>Note:</b> 1. PQJS11K3Z and PQJS6K2Z are useful for servicing. (They make servicing easy.) 2. PQZZLCT2401A (or QZZMWA) are necessities for servicing.			
<b>PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD PARTS</b>			
PCB1	PQWPT2726E	MAIN P.C.BOARD ASSEMBLY(RTL)	△ 1
		(ICS)	
IC1	PQVJBA8206	IC	1
IC2	PQVISC77655S	IC	1
IC3	PQVIUPC358C	IC	S 1
IC4	AN6658K	IC	1
IC5	PQVISC111812	IC	1
IC6	PQVICS11160N	IC	1
IC7	PQVI4678A32H	IC	1
IC301	PQVI4618B02F	IC	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set
<b>(TRANSISTORS)</b>			
Q 1	2SA1625	TRANSISTOR(SI) [or 2SA1776Q or 2SA1776P or 2SB1488P or 2SB1488Q]	1
Q 2	PQVT2N6517CA	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
Q 3	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q 4	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q 5	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q 6	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q 7	2SB1218A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SA1603S or 2SA1576S]	
Q 8	PQVTKSD261CY	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
Q 9	PQVTFB1J3P	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
Q10	UN5213	TRANSISTOR(SI)	S 1
Q11	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q14	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q15	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q16	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
Q17	PQVTFB1J3P	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
Q18	UN5213	TRANSISTOR(SI)	S 1
Q19	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q20	2SC1740S	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC3311A or 2SC3330]	
Q21	2SD2136	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
Q22	PQVTKSD261CY	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
Q23	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q24	2SB1218A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SA1603S or 2SA1576S]	
Q33	2SC1740S	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC3311A or 2SC3330]	
Q34	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q35	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q36	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q37	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q38	PQVTDTD123K	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
Q39	PQVTFB1J3P	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
Q40	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q41	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q42	UN5213	TRANSISTOR(SI)	S 1
Q43	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q44	PQVTFB1J3P	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
Q45	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q301	2SB1218A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SA1603S or 2SA1576S]	
Q302	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4081S or 2SC4155S]	
Q303	2SB1218A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SA1603S or 2SA1576S]	
Q304	2SB1218A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1
		[or 2SA1603S or 2SA1576S]	

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set
(DIODES)				(CONNECTORS)			
D 1	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	CN1	PQJP10A39Z	CONNECTOR, 10 PIN	1
D 2	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	CN2	PQJP06A38Z	CONNECTOR, 6 PN	1
D 3	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	CN3	PQJS23A19Z	CONNECTOR SOCKET, 23 PN	1
D 4	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	CN4	PQJS10A19Z	CONNECTOR SOCKET, 10 PN	1
D 5	MA4360	DIODE(SI)	1	CN5	PQJS23A19Z	CONNECTOR SOCKET, 23 PN	1
D 6	PQVDS1YB40F1	DIODE(SI)	1	CN6	PQJS10A19Z	CONNECTOR SOCKET, 10 PN	1
D 7	PQVDS1ZB40F1	DIODE(SI)	1				
D 8	MA4033	DIODE(SI)	1				
D 9	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1				
D11	MA4047	DIODE(SI)	1				
D12	PQVDMTZ6R8	DIODE(SI)	1				
D13	MA4180	DIODE(SI)	S 1				
D14	MA4039	DIODE(SI)	1				
D15	MA700A	DIODE(SI)	1				
D16	MA700A	DIODE(SI)	1				
D17	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	SW1	ESE14A211	(SWITCHES) SWITCH, HOOK	1
D18	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	SW2	PQSS2B18Z	SWITCH, RECALL	1
D19	1S2076	DIODE(SI)	1	SW3	PQSS3A17Z	SWITCH, RINGER	1
D20	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	SW4	PQSS2A27Z	SWITCH, DIALING MODE	1
D23	PQVDS5688G	DIODE(SI)	S 1	SW6	PQSS2A27Z	SWITCH, MESSAGE ALERT	1
D24	PQVDMTZ6R8	DIODE(SI)	1	SW7	PQSS3A17Z	SWITCH, REC TIME	1
D25	1S2076	DIODE(SI)	1	S 1	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, REMOTE CODE	1
D27	MA4051	DIODE(SI)	1	S 2	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, MERCURY	1
D32	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	S 3	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, RECALL	1
D33	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	S 4	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, REDIAL	1
D34	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	S 5	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, PAUSE	1
D35	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	S 6	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, MUTE	1
D37	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	S 7	EVQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING *3"	1
D38	MA700A	DIODE(SI)	1	S 8	EVQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING *6"	1
D41	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	S 9	EVQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING *9"	1
D42	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	S10	EVQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING *#"	1
D43	PQVDMTZ5R1	DIODE(SI)	1	S11	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, VOLUME DOWN	1
D44	1S2076	DIODE(SI)	1	S12	EVQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING *2"	1
D45	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	S13	EVQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING *5"	1
D46	PQVDMTZ5R1	DIODE(SI)	1	S14	EVQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING *8"	1
D47	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	S15	EVQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING *0"	1
D48	RLS71	DIODE(SI)	1	S16	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, VOLUME UP	1
D49	MA4110	DIODE(SI)	1	S17	EVQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING *1"	1
D50	1S2076	DIODE(SI)	1	S18	EVQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING *4"	1
D51	PQVDRB751H4	DIODE(SI)	1	S19	EVQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING *7"	1
				S20	EVQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING ***	1
D301	MA4047	DIODE(SI)	1	S21	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, SP-PHONE	1
D302	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	S22	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, MEMORY STATION	1
D303	RLS71	DIODE(SI)	1	S23	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, MEMORY STATION	1
D304	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	S 1	S24	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, MEMORY STATION	1
D310	MA8030M	DIODE(SI)	1	S25	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, CLOCK	1
				S26	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, HOLD	1
LED1	LN268RPXTAB	LED	1	S27	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, MEMORY STATION	1
LED2	LN268RPXTAB	LED	1	S28	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, MEMORY STATION	1
LED3	LN260RPX	LED	1	S29	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, MEMORY STATION	1
LED4	PQVDSLZ255B1	LED	1	S31	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, GREETING PLAY	1
				S32	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, GREETING RECORD	1
				S33	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, GREETING SELECT	1
				S34	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, ICM ERASE	1
				S35	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, ALL MESSAGE	1
				S36	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, NEW MESSAGE	1
				S37	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, ANSWER ON	1
				S38	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, STOP	1
				S39	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, MEMO/2WAY	1
				S40	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, FF	1
JJ1	PQJJ2HB2Z	(JACKS) JACK, DC IN, TELEPHONE LINE	1	S41	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, REW	1
JJ2	PQJJ1TB18Z	JACK, HANDSET	1	S43	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, LOWER	1
				S44	EVQ21005G	SWITCH, PROGRAM	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set	Ref. No.	Part No.	Value	Pcs/Set
(PHOTO COUPLERS)				R18	PQ4R10XJ822	8.2K	1
PC1	PQVIPC817K	PHOTO ELECTRIC TRANSDUCER	S <sup>△</sup> 1	R19	PQ4R10XJ682	6.8K	1
PC2	PQVIPC817K	PHOTO ELECTRIC TRANSDUCER	S <sup>△</sup> 1	R20	ERDS2TJ104	100K	1
PC3	PQVIPC817K	PHOTO ELECTRIC TRANSDUCER	S <sup>△</sup> 1	R21	PQ4R10XJ222	2.2K	1
PC4	PQVIPC817K	PHOTO ELECTRIC TRANSDUCER	S <sup>△</sup> 1	R22	PQ4R10XJ153	15K	1
PC5	PQVIPC400	PHOTO ELECTRIC TRANSDUCER	△ 1	R23	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
PC6	PQVIPC400	PHOTO ELECTRIC TRANSDUCER	△ 1	R24	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
PC7	PQVIPC400	PHOTO ELECTRIC TRANSDUCER	△ 1	R25	PQ4R10XJ222	2.2K	1
(VARIABLE RESISTORS)				R26	PQ4R10XJ123	12K	1
VR1	EVNDXAA03B23	VARIABLE RESISTOR, 2kΩ	1	R27	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1
VR2	EVNDXAA03B24	VARIABLE RESISTOR, 20kΩ	1	R28	PQ4R10XJ332	3.3K	1
VR3	EVNDXAA03B54	VARIABLE RESISTOR, 50kΩ	1	R29	ERDS1TJ220	22	1
VR4	EVNDXAA03B52	VARIABLE RESISTOR, 500Ω	1	R30	PQ4R10XJ332	3.3K	1
(OTHERS)				R31	PQ4R10XJ331	330	1
SA1	PQVDRA311PT2	VARISTOR	1	R32	PQ4R10XJ392	3.9K	1
T1	PQLT8F8A	TRANSFORMER	△ 1	R33	PQ4R10XJ222	2.2K	1
T2	PQLT9Z8A	TRANSFORMER	△ 1	R34	ERDS2TJ4R7	4.7	1
T3	PQLT2E2A	TRANSFORMER	△ 1	R35	ERDS2TJ182	1.8K	1
X1	PQVBT4.0G2	CERAMIC FILTER	S 1	R36	ERDS2TJ392	3.9K	1
X2	PQVBT7.68T1	CERAMIC FILTER	S 1	R37	PQ4R10XJ121	120	1
X301	PQVBB800J1	CERAMIC FILTER	1	R38	ERDS2TJ6R8	6.8	1
X302	PQVCL3276N6Z	CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR	1	R39	PQ4R10XJ822	8.2K	1
LCD1	PQADLC2967P	LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY	1	R40	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
E1	PQJM122Z	MICROPHONE	1	R41	PQ4R10XJ273	27K	1
E2	PQHR10132Z	LCD HOLDER	1	R42	PQ4R10XJ225	2.2M	1
E3	PQMG10011Z	RUBBER, MICROPHONE COVER	1	R43	PQ4R10XJ220	22	1
E4	PQHR10319Z	SPACER, MICROPHONE	1	R44	PQ4R10XJ272	2.7K	1
E5	PQHG10077Z	RUBBER, SHEET	1	R45	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1
(RESISTORS)				R46	Not Used		
R 1	ERDS1TJ102	1K	1	R47	Not Used		
R 2	PQ4R10XJ123	12K	1	R48	PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1
R 3	PQ4R10XJ334	330K	1	R51	PQ4R10XJ125	1.2M	1
R 4	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1	R52	PQ4R10XJ274	270K	1
R 5	PQ4R10XJ392	3.9K	1	R53	PQ4R10XJ561	560	1
R 6	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1	R54	Not Used		
R 7	PQ4R10XJ331	330	1	R55	PQ4R10XJ222	2.2K	1
R 8	PQ4R10XJ154	150K	1	R56	PQ4R18XJ472	4.7K	1
R 9	PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1	R57	PQ4R10XJ560	56	1
R10	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1	R58	PQ4R10XJ335	3.3M	1
R11	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1	R59	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1
R12	PQ4R10XJ124	120K	1	R62	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1
R13	ERDS1TJ101	100	1	R63	PQ4R10XJ273	27K	1
R14	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1	R64	Not Used		
R15	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1	R65	PQ4R18XJ562	5.6K	1
R16	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1	R66	PQ4R10XJ222	2.2K	1
R17	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1	R67	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1
				R68	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
				R69	PQ4R10XJ220	22	1
				R70	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
				R71	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1
				R72	PQ4R10XJ225	2.2M	1
				R73	PQ4R10XJ303	30K	1
				R74	PQ4R10XJ683	68K	1
				R75	PQ4R10XJ182	1.8K	1
				R76	PQ4R10XJ562	5.6K	1
				R77	PQ4R10XJ275	2.7M	1
				R78	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1
				R79	PQ4R10XJ183	18K	1
				R80	PQ4R10XJ222	2.2K	1
				R81	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
				R82	PQ4R18XJ472	4.7K	1
				R83	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1
				R84	PQ4R10XJ683	68K	1
				R85	PQ4R10XJ183	18K	1



Ref. No.	Part No.	Value	Pcs/Set	Ref. No.	Part No.	Value	Pcs/Set
R86	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1	R159	PQ4R10XJ105	1M	1
R87	Not Used			R160	PQ4R10XJ471	470	1
R88	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1	R161	PQ4R18XJ563	56K	1
R89	PQ4R10XJ564	560K	1	R162	PQ4R10XJ133	13K	1
R90	PQ4R10XJ680	68	1	R163	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1
R91	PQ4R18XJ822	8.2K	1	R164	PQ4R10XJ752	7.5K	1
R92	Not Used			R165	PQ4R10XJ332	3.3K	1
R93	Not Used			R166	PQ4R10XJ682	6.8K	1
R94	PQ4R10XJ332	3.3K	1	R167	Not Used		
R95	PQ4R10XJ125	1.2M	1	R168	PQ4R10XJ121	120	1
R96	PQ4R10XJ101	100	1	R169	PQ4R10XJ394	390K	1
R97	PQ4R10XJ681	680	1	R170	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1
R98	PQ4R18XJ102	1K	1	R171	Not Used		
R99	PQ4R10XJ124	120K	1	R172	Not Used		
R100	PQ4R10XJ680	68	1	R173	PQ4R10XJ220	22	1
R101	PQRQ1VJ4R7	4.7	1	R174	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
R102	Not Used			R175	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
R103	Not Used			R176	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
R104	Not Used			R177	PQ4R10XJ105	1M	1
R105	PQ4R10XJ474	470K	1	R178	Not Used		
R106	PQ4R10XJ105	1M	1	R179	PQ4R10XJ105	1M	1
R107	PQ4R10XJ474	470K	1	R180	PQ4R10XJ683	68K	1
R108	PQ4R10XJ474	470K	1	R181	PQ4R10XJ334	330K	1
R109	PQ4R10XJ474	470K	1	R182	PQ4R10XJ562	5.6K	1
R110	ERDS1TJ100	10	1	R183	PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1
R111	PQ4R10XJ681	680	1	R184	Not Used		
R112	PQ4R10XJ822	8.2K	1	R185	PQ4R10XJ331	330	1
R113	PQ4R10XJ562	5.6K	1	R186	PQ4R10XJ681	680	1
R114	PQ4R10XJ2R4	2.4	1	R187	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1
R115	Not Used			R188	PQ4R10XJ393	39K	1
R116	Not Used			R190	PQ4R10XJ334	330K	1
R117	PQ4R10XJ563	56K	1	R191	PQ4R10XJ153	15K	1
R118	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1	R192	PQ4R10XJ102	1K	1
R120	ERDS1TJ391	390	1	R193	PQ4R10XJ102	1K	1
R121	PQ4R18XJ221	220	1	R194	PQ4R10XJ102	1K	1
R122	PQ4R10XJ393	39K	1	R195	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
R131	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1	R196	PQ4R10XJ100	10	1
R132	ERD25TJ223	22K	1	R197	PQ4R10XJ335	3.3M	1
R133	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1	R198	PQ4R10XJ102	1K	1
R134	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1	R199	PQ4R10XJ102	1K	1
R135	PQ4R18XJ683	68K	1	R200	PQ4R10XJ102	1K	1
R136	PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1	R201	PQ4R10XJ102	1K	1
R137	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1	R202	PQ4R18XJ563	56K	1
R138	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1	R203	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1
R139	PQ4R10XJ333	33K	1	R204	Not Used		
R140	PQ4R18XJ393	39K	1	R205	PQ4R10XJ825	8.2M	1
R141	PQ4R18XJ393	39K	1	R206	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
R142	Not Used			R207	PQ4R10XJ393	39K	1
R143	Not Used			R208	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1
R144	PQ4R10XJ334	330K	1	R209	PQ4R10XJ334	330K	1
R145	Not Used			R210	PQ4R10XJ684	680K	1
R146	PQ4R10XJ393	39K	1	R211	Not Used		
R147	PQ4R10XJ333	33K	1	R212	ERDS2TJ101	100	1
R148	PQ4R10XJ822	8.2K	1	R213	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1
R149	PQ4R18XJ333	33K	1	R214	PQ4R10XJ183	18K	1
R150	PQ4R18XJ333	33K	1	R215	PQ4R10XJ562	5.6K	1
R151	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1	R216	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1
R152	PQ4R10XJ392	3.9K	1	R217	PQ4R10XJ392	3.9K	1
R153	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1	R218	PQ4R10XJ394	390K	1
R154	PQ4R10XJ334	330K	1	R219	PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1
R155	PQ4R10XJ221	220	1	R220	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1
R156	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1	R221	PQ4R10XJ563	56K	1
R157	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1	R222	PQ4R10XJ393	39K	1
R158	PQ4R10XJ562	5.6K	1	R223	Not Used		

Ref. No.	Part No.	Value	Pcs/Set	Ref. No.	Part No.	Value	Pcs/Set
R224	PQ4R10XJ562	5.6K	1			(CAPACITORS)	
R225	PQ4R10XJ102	1K	1	C 2	ECEA1HKS100	10	1
R226	PQ4R18XJ332	3.3K	1	C 3	ECEA1HKSR22	0.22	1
R227	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1	C 4	PQCUV1H822KB	0.0082	1
R228	PQ4R18XJ303	30K	1	C 5	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
R229	ERC14GM226	22M	1	C 6	ECKD2H681KB	680P	1
				C 7	ECKD2H681KB	680P	1
R230	PQ4R10XJ273	27K	1	C 8	ECEA1CU221	220	1
R231	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1	C 9	ECEA1HKS010	1	1
R232	PQ4R10XJ562	5.6K	1				
R233	PQ4R18XJ271	270	1	C10	ECEA1CKS100	10	1
R234	PQ4R18XJ104	100K	1	C11	ECEA1CKS100	10	1
R235	PQ4R18XJ203	20K	1	C12	ECQM1H154JV	0.15	1
R236	PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1	C13	ECEA1EU470	47	1
R237	PQ4R10XJ275	2.7M	1	C14	ECQM1H683JV	0.068	1
R238	PQ4R10XJ681	680	1	C15	ECEA1HKS4R7	4.7	1
R239	PQ4R18XJ120	12	1	C16	ECEA1AU221	220	1
				C17	PQCUV1C683MD	0.068	1
R240	PQ4R10XJ183	18K	1	C18	PQCUV1C683MD	0.068	1
R241	PQ4R10XJ823	82K	1	C19	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	1
R242	PQ4R10XJ474	470K	1				
R243	PQ4R10XJ101	100	1	C20	ECUV1H103KB	0.01	1
R244	PQ4R10XJ222	2.2K	1	C21	PQCUV1E153MD	0.015	1
R245	PQ4R10XJ183	18K	1	C22	ECEA1CKS100	10	1
R246	PQ4R10XJ822	8.2K	1	C23	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
R247	PQ4R10XJ822	8.2K	1	C24	PQCUV1E333MD	0.033	1
				C25	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
R301	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1	C26	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	1
R302	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1	C27	Not Used		
R303	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1	C28	PQCUV1H222KB	0.0022	1
R304	PQ4R10XJ102	1K	1	C29	ECEA1HKS010	1	1
R306	PQ4R10XJ105	1M	1				
R307	PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1	C30	PQCUV1C683MD	0.068	1
R308	PQ4R10XJ335	3.3M	1	C31	PQCUV1E333MD	0.033	1
R309	PQ4R10XJ334	330K	1	C32	EECS5R5T224	0.22	1
				C33	PQCUV1H151JC	150P	1
R310	PQ4R10XJ105	1M	1	C34	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	1
R311	PQ4R10XJ474	470K	1	C35	Not Used		
R312	PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1	C36	Not Used		
R313	PQ4R10XJ474	470K	1	C37	PQCUV1H101JC	100P	1
R314	PQ4R10XJ101	100	1	C38	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	1
R315	PQ4R18XJ104	100K	1	C39	ECEA1CKS470	47	1
R316	PQ4R10XJ105	1M	1				
R317	PQ4R10XJ105	1M	1	C40	PQCUV1E153MD	0.015	1
R318	PQ4R18XJ394	390K	1	C41	PQCUV1H392KB	0.0039	1
R319	PQ4R10XJ102	1K	1	C42	PQCUV1C683MD	0.068	1
				C43	ECEA1HKS010	1	1
R320	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1	C44	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
R321	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1	C45	PQCUV1C683MD	0.068	1
R322	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1	C46	ECEA1HKS010	1	1
				C47	ECEA1HKS4R7	4.7	1
				C48	PQCUV1C683MD	0.068	1
				C49	ECEA0JKS220	22	1
J1-5, 7, 8, 10	PQ4R10XJ000	0Ω	8	C50	ECEA1HKS4R7	4.7	1
J50, 51, J53-55, J133, J148, J653, J665	PQ4R18XJ000	0Ω	9	C51	PQCUV1H562KB	0.0056	1
				C52	ECEA1AU101	100	1
				C53	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	1
				C54	PQCUV1H223KB	0.022	1
				C55	ECEA1AU101	100	1
				C56	ECEA0JU331	330	1
				C57	ECEA1HKS0R1	0.1	1
				C58	ECEA1CKS100	10	1
				C59	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	1
				C60	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	1
				C61	ECEA1CKS470	47	1
				C62	Not Used		
				C63	Not Used		
				C64	Not Used		
				C65	ECEA1AU331	330	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Value	Pcs/Set	Ref. No.	Part No.	Value	Pcs/Set
C66	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1	C133	ECEA1CK100	10	1
C67	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1	C134	ECEA1HKS0R1	0.1	1
C68	ECEA1AU101	100	1	C135	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	1
C70	ECEA1CK100	22	1	C136	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	1
C71	ECEA0JU332	3300	1	C137	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	1
C72	Not Used			C138	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	1
C73	Not Used			C139	ECEA1HKS010	1	1
C74	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1	C140	ECEA1CK100	22	1
C75	ECEA1CK100	10	1	C141	ECEA1CK100	10	1
C76	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	1	C142	PQCUV1C334ZF	0.33	1
C77	ECEA1CK100	10	1	C143	Not Used		
C78	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	1	C144	PQCUV1C683MD	0.068	1
C79	ECEA1CK100	47	1	C145	PQCUV1C683MD	0.068	1
C80	PQCUV1H681JC	680P	1	C146	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
C81	ECEA1AK100	33	1	C147	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
C82	PQCUV1H561JC	560P	1	C148	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	1
C83	ECEA1CK101	100	1	C150	PQCUV1E473MD	0.047	1
C84	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1	C151	PQCUV1E153MD	0.015	1
C85	ECEA1CK101	100	1	C152	PQCUV1H222KB	0.0022	1
C86	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1	C153	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
C87	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	1	C154	PQCUV1E153MD	0.015	1
C88	ECEA1CK100	10	1	C155	PQCUV1E153MD	0.015	1
C89	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1	C301	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
C90	ECEA1HKS0R1	0.1	1	C302	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
C91	PQCUV1E153MD	0.015	1	C303	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
C92	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1	C304	PQCUV1H223KB	0.022	1
C93	ECEA1HKS0R1	0.47	1	C305	PQCUV1E473MD	0.047	1
C94	ECEA1HKS0R1	4.7	1	C306	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	1
C95	PQCUV1H222KB	0.0022	1	C307	PQCUV1H221JC	220P	1
C96	PQCUV1E153MD	0.015	1	C308	PQCUV1H221JC	220P	1
C97	PQCUV1H472KB	0.0047	1	C309	PQCUV1H180JC	18P	1
C98	ECEA1CK100	47	1	C310	PQCUV1H150JC	15P	1
C99	PQCUV1H152KB	0.0015	1	C311	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
C100	PQCUV1E333MD	0.033	1				
C101	ECEA1CK100	22	1				
C102	Not Used						
C103	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1				
C104	ECEA1HKS0R1	0.1	1				
C105	ECEA1CK100	47	1				
C107	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1				
C108	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1				
C109	PQCUV1E473MD	0.047	1				
C106	Not Used						
C110	ECEA1HU220	22	1				
C111	ECUV1H223MD	0.022	1				
C112	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	1				
C113	ECEA1CK100	47	1				
C114	Not Used						
C115	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	1				
C116	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	1				
C117	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1				
C118	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1				
C121	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	1				
C122	PQCUV1H151JC	150P	1				
C123	ECEA1CK100	47	1				
C124	PQCUV1H472KB	0.0047	1				
C125	PQCUV1H222KB	0.0022	1				
C126	PQCUV1E473MD	0.047	1				
C127	ECEA1HKS0R1	0.22	1				
C128	ECEA1CK100	10	1				
C129	ECEA0JU102	1000	1				
C130	PQCUV1E473MD	0.047	1				
C131	ECEA1CK101	100	1				
C132	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1				

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